

प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित

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इस भाग में भिग्न पृष्ठ संख्या दी जाती है जिससे कि यह ध्रलग संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सकें। Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

माग II--खण्ड 3--उप-खण्ड (ii)

PART II-Section 3-Sub-section (ii)

(रक्षा मंत्रालय को छोड़कर) भारत सरकार के मंत्रालयों और (संब राज्य क्षेत्र प्रशासनों को छोड़कर) कंशीय प्राधिकारियों द्वारा जारी किए गए साधारण द्यादेश ग्रीर ग्रधिसूचनाएं

Statutory orders and notifications issued by the Ministries of the Government of India (other than the Ministry of Defence) by Central Authorities (other than the Administrations of Union Territories)

मस्रिमण्डल सचिवालय

कामिक और प्रशासनिक सुधार विभाग

नई दिल्ली, 19 श्रगस्त, 1975

कार कार 2864 — दिल्ली विशेष पुलिस स्थापन ग्रिधिनियम, 1946 (1946 का 25) की धारा 3 द्वारा प्रवत्त गक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्द्वारा निम्निलिखित भ्रपराधों का उन ग्रपराधों के रूप में विनिविश्ट करती है जिनका ग्रन्तेषण दिल्ली विशेष पुलिस स्थापन द्वारा किया जाना है, ग्रार्थास् —

- (क) श्रतिरिक्त परिलब्धिया (श्रनिवार्थ जमा) श्रक्षिनियम, 1974 (1974 का 37) के श्रधीन वण्डनीय श्रपराध, श्रौर
- (ख) खण्ड (क) मे वर्णिन किसी प्रपराध तथा उन्ही तथ्यो में उद्भृत संख्यवहार के धनुकम के किये गये किसी श्रन्य प्रपराध के बारे में या उसके सबध में प्रयत्न, दुष्प्रेरण श्रीर पड्या ।

[संख्या 228/13/74-एबीकी-2] बी०सी० बन्जानी, श्रवर सचिव

# CABINET SECRETARIAT

(Department of Personnel & Administrative Reforms) New Delhi, the 19th August, 1975

8.0. 2864.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Delhi Special Police Establishment Act, 1946 (25 of

1946) the Central Government hereby specifies the following offences as the offences which are to be investigated by the Delhi Special Police Establishment, namely:—

- (a) offences punishable under the Additional Emoluments (Compulsory Deposit) Act, 1974 (37 of 1974); and
- (b) attempts, abetments and conspiracies in relation to or in connection with any offence mentioned in clause (a) and any other offence committed in the course of the same transaction arising out of the same facts.

[No. 228/13/74-AVD. II] B. C. VANJANI, Under Secy.

भारत निर्वाचन प्रायोग

म्रादेश

नई दिल्ली, 4 श्रगस्त, 1975

का॰ प्रा॰ 2865 — यत. निर्वाचन श्रायोग का समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उत्तर प्रवेण विधान सभा के लिये साधारण निर्वाचन के लिये 34-मुरावाबाद देहात निर्वाचन-केत से चुनाव लड़ने वाले उम्मीदवार श्री मुहम्मद यामीन, ग्राम व बाककाना पीपलसाना, जिला मुरावाबाद उत्तर प्रवेश, लोक प्रतिनिधित्व ग्रिधिनियम, 1951 तथा तव्धीन बनाये गये नियमो द्वारा भ्रेपेक्षित ग्रामे निर्वाचन व्ययों का कोई भी लेखा वाचिस करने में ग्रासफल रहे हैं;

भौर, यतः उक्त उम्मीववार ने, उसे सम्यक सूधना विये जाने पर भी, भपनी इस भसफलता के लिये कोई कारण भथवा स्पष्टीकरण नहीं विया है, भौर-, निर्वाचन भायोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस भसफलता के लिये कोई पर्याप्त कारण या न्यायोजित्य नहीं है;

भतः श्रव, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 10क के अनुसरण में निर्वाचन आयोग एतव्यापा उक्त श्री मुहम्मद वामीन को संसद के किसी भी सदन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सभा अथवा विधान परिवद् के सदस्य जुने जाने और होने के लिये इस आदेश की तारीख से तीन वर्ष की कालाविध के लिये निर्देश्त भोषित करता है।

[सं०उ०प्र०-वि०स० 34/74(33)]

# ELECTION COMMISSION OF INDIA

#### ORDER

New Delhi, the 4th August, 1975

S.O. 2865.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri Mohammad Yamin, Village and P.O. Pipalsana, District Moradabad, Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U.P. Legislative Assembly from 34. Moradabad Rural assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder:

And, whereas, the said candidate even after due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri Mohammad Yamin to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. UP-LA/34/74(33)]

#### धावेश

जां का 2866. — यतः, निर्माणन प्रायोग का समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उत्तर प्रदेश विधान सभा के लिखे साधारण निर्माणन के लिये 41-गुन्नौर निर्माणन-क्षेत्र से चुनाव लड़ने वाले उम्मीदवार श्री र्षम चहमव, मुहल्ला मुंडा वार्ड नं० 1, डाकखाना गुन्नौर जिला सवायूं जस्तर प्रदेश जोक प्रतिविधित्व प्रधिनियम, 1951 तथा तब्धीन बनाये गर्मे नियमों द्वारा ध्वेशित भ्रमने निर्माणन व्ययों का लेखा रीति से वाखिल करने में मसम्बस रहे हैं:

भीर, यतः उक्त उम्मीदवार के मध्यावेदन पर विचार करने के बाद निर्वाचन भाषोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस भसफलता के लिये पर्याप्त कारण या न्यायोचित्य नहीं है;

श्रतः ग्रवः, उक्त श्रधिनियमं की धारा 10क के श्रनुसरण में निर्वाचन श्रायोग एतद्क्षारा उक्त श्री रईस श्रहमंद को संसद के किसी भी सदन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सभा श्रथवा विधान परिषद् के सदस्य चुने जाने और होने के लिये इस ग्रादेश की तारीख से तीन वर्ष की कालावधि के लिये निर्देहत शोषित करता है।

[संख्या उ०प्र०-वि०स • /41/74(36)]

### **ORDER**

S.Q. 2866.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri Rais Ahmad, Mohalla Munda, Ward No. 1, P.O. Gunnaur, District Budaun, Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U.P. Legislative Assembly from 41.

Gunnaur assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses in the manner as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder;

And, whereas, after considering the representation of the said candidate the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri Rais Ahmad to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. UP-LA/41/74(36)]

# प्रादेश

कारुझार 2867.—यतः, निर्वाचन प्रायोग का समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उत्तर प्रदेश विधान सभा के लिये साधारण निर्वाचन के लिये उ2-मुरादाबाद पश्चिम निर्वाचन-श्रेत्र से चुनाव लड़ने वाले उम्मीदवार श्री नत्थू सिंह, ग्राम समाथल, पोस्ट पाकबड़ा, जिला मुरादाबाद, उ० प्र० लोक प्रतिनिधित्व भिधिनियम, 1951 तथा तद्धीन बनाये गये नियमों द्वारा ध्रपेक्षित अपने निर्वाचन व्ययों का कोई भी लेखा रीति से दाखिल करने में ग्रसफल रहे हैं;

भौर, यतः उक्त उम्मीदवार के भ्रभ्यावेदन पर विचार करने के बाद निर्वाचन ध्रायोग का यह भी समान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस ग्रसकलता के लिये कोई पर्याप्त कारण या न्यायोचित्य नहीं है;

भतः श्रम, उस्त श्रधिनियम की धारा 10क के प्रनुसरण में निर्वाचन श्रायोग एतद्द्वारा उक्त श्री नत्यू सिंह को संसद के किसी भी सबन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सभा श्रथवा विधान परिषद् के सदस्य चुने जाने श्रीर होने के लिये इस बादेश की तारीख से तीन वर्ष की कालावधि के लिये निर्राहत बोषित करता है।

[संख्या उ०प्र-वि०स०/ 32/74(37)]

# ORDER

S.O. 2867.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri Natthu Singh, Village Samathal, P. O. Pakwara, District Moradabad, Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U.P. Legislative Assembly from 32. Moradabad West assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses in the manner as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder;

And, whereas, after considering the representation of the said candidate, the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure:

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri Natthu Singh to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. UP-LA/32/74(37)]

# मावेश

का० ग्रा० 2868. यतः, निर्वाचन प्रायोग का समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उत्तर प्रवेश विधान सभा के लिये साधारण निर्वाचन के लिये 32-मुरावाबाव पश्चिम निर्वाचन-केल से चुनाव लड़ने बाले उम्मीववार श्री खड़क सिंह, प्राम बहादुरपुर, राजपूत, डाकखाना रतनपुर कलां, जिला मुरावाबाव, उत्तर प्रवेश, लोक प्रतिनिधित्व ग्रिधिमियम, 1951 तथा तद्ग्रीम बनाये गये नियमों द्वारा प्रपेक्षित अपने निर्वाचन व्ययों का कोई भी लेखा वाखिल करने में असफल रहे हैं;

भीर, यतः उक्त उम्मीदवार ने, उसे सम्यक सूचना विये जाने पर भी, भपनी इस भसफलता के लिसे कोई कारण अथवा स्पष्टीकरण नहीं दिया है, और निक्षाचन आयोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस सम्प्रलता के लिये कोई वर्षाप्त कारण या त्यामोजित्य नहीं है;

श्रतः श्रत्र, उक्त श्रधिनियम की धारा 10क के श्रनुसरण में निर्वाचन श्रायोग एतद्श्वारा उक्त श्री खड़क सिंह को संसद के किसी भी सदन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सभा श्रथवा विधान परिषद् के मदस्य चुने आने पर श्रीर होने के लिये इस श्रादेश की तारीख से तीन वर्ष शी कानावधि के लिये निर्माहन घोषित करता है।

[सं०उ०प्र०-वि०म० 32/74(38)]

# ORDER

S.O. 2868.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri Kharak Singh, Village Bahadurpur Rajput, P.O. Ratanpur Kalan, District Moradabad, Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U.P. Legislative Assembly from 32-Moradabad West assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder;

And, whereas, the said candidate even after due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri Kharak Singh to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. UP-LA/32/74(38)]

# त्रावेश

का० ग्रा० 2869.— यतः, निर्वाचन आयोग का समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उत्तर प्रदेश विधान सभा के लिये साधारण निर्वाचन के लिये 32-मुराबाबाद पश्चिम निर्वाचन-केन्न से चुनाव लड़ने वाले उम्मीदवार श्री सुमेरा, ग्राम ईसापुर फर्नैदा, डाकखाना फतेहपूर विश्तोई, जिला मुराबाबाद, उत्तर प्रदेश, लोक प्रतिनिधित्व प्रधिनियम, 1951 तथा तद्धीन बनाये गये नियमों द्वारा श्रपेक्षित ग्रपने निर्वाचन अपयों का लोई भी लेखा वाखिल करने में ग्रमफल रहे हैं;

ग्रीर, यतः उक्त उम्मीवनार ने, उसे सम्यक सूचना विये जाने पर भी, प्रपनी इस ग्रसफलना के लिये कोई कारण ग्रथना स्पष्टीकरण नहीं दिया है, भीर, निर्वाचन ग्रायोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस अक्षफलता के लिये कोई पर्याप्त कारण या न्यायोखिस्य नहीं है;

जतः, अब, उनत प्रधिनियम की धारा 10क के प्रनुसरण में निर्वाचन आयोग एतद्वारा उक्त श्री सुमेरा को संसद के किसी भी सदन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सभा प्रथमा विधान परिषद् के सदस्य चुने जाने श्रीर होने के लिये इस आदेश की तारीख से तीन वर्ष की कालावधि के लिये निर्दाह्न घाषित करता है।

[सं०जंबप्र०-वि०स०/32/74(39)]

#### ORDER

S.O. 2869.—Whereas the Election Commission satisfied that Shri Sumera, Village Isapur Faleda, P.O. Fatehpur Vishnoi, District Moradabad Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U.P. Legislative Assembly from

32-Moradabad West assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder:

And, whereas, the said candidate even after due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri Sumera to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. UP-LA/32/74(39)]

#### मादेश

## नई दिल्ली, 5 घगस्त, 1975

कां और 2870.—यतः, निर्वाचन स्रायोग का समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उरसर प्रदेश विधान सभा के लिये साधारण निर्वाचन के लिये 43-बिल्सी (भ०जा०) निर्वाचन-केल से विधान सभा के लिये धुनाव लड़ने वाले उम्मीदवार श्री गंगा राम, मुहल्ला बहादुर गंज, उझानी, जिला बदार्यू, उरसर प्रवेश, लोक प्रतिनिधिरंक श्रीधिनियमं, 1951 सभा तद्धीन बनाये गये नियमों द्वारा प्रयोक्षित धपने निर्वाचन स्थायों का कोई भी लेखा दाखिल करने में असंपर्त रहे हैं;

श्रीर, यतः उक्त उम्मीदवार में, उसे सम्यक सूचना दियें जाने पर भी, प्रपनी इस श्रसफलता के लिये कोई कारण प्रथवा स्पष्टीकरण नहीं दिया है, निर्वाचन श्रायोग का यहं भी संमाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस प्रसक्तलता के लिये कोई पंयप्ति कारण या न्यांशी श्रीर्य महीं हैं;

श्रतः भ्रवं, उक्त मधिनियम की धारा 10क के मनुसरण में निर्वाचन भ्रायोग एतद्दारा उक्त श्री गंगा राम को संसर्थ के किसी भी सदन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सभा भ्रयधा विधान परिषद् के सदस्य चुने जाने भौर होने के लिये इस भादेश की तारीख से तीन वर्ष की कालाविध के लिये निर्राहत भीषित करता हैं।

[सं०७०प्र०-वि०स०/43/74(45)]

# ORDER

# New Delhi, the 5th August, 1975

S.O. 2870.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri Ganga Ram, Mohalla Bahadurganj, Ujhani, District Budaun Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U.P. Legislative Assembly from 43-Bilsi (SC) assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder;

And, whereas, the said candidate even after due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now therefore, in pursuance of section 10A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri Ganga Ram to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. UP-LA/43/74(45)]

# मावेश

का॰ भा॰ 2871.—यतः, निर्वाचन आयोग का समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उत्तर प्रदेश विधान सभा के लिये साधारण निर्वाचन के लिये 25-अमरोहा निर्वाचन-क्षेत्र से चुनाव लड़ने वाले उम्मीदवार

श्री विनेश कुमार, मोहल्ला बेगम सराय कला, भ्रमरोहा, जिला मुरावाबाद, जुल्तर प्रवेश, लोक प्रतिनिधित्व धिधिनयम, 1951 तथा तब्धीन बनाये गये नियमों द्वारा श्रपेक्षित भ्रपने निर्वाधन व्ययों का कोई भी लेखा धाखिल करने में भ्रसफल रहे हैं;

भौर, यसः उक्त उम्मीवनार ने, उसे सम्यक सूत्रता दिसे जाने पर भी, अपनी इस असफलता के लिये कोई कारण अथवा स्पष्टीकरण नहीं दिया है, भौर निर्वाचन आयोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस असफलता के लिये कोई पर्याप्त कारण या न्यायौचित नहीं है;

भतः, भन्न, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 10क के अनुसरण में निर्वाचन भायोग एतद्वारा उक्त श्री दिनेश कुमार को संसद् के किसी भी सदन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सभा अथवा विधान परिषद् के सदस्य चुने जाने पर और होने के लिये इस भादेश की तारीख से तीन वर्ष की कालाविध के लिये निर्राहत घोषित करता है।

[सं०उ०प्र०-वि०स०/25/74(46)]

#### ORDER

S.O. 2871.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri Dinesh Kumar, Mohalla Begum Sarai Kalan, Amroha, District Moradabad, Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U.P. Legislative Assembly from 25-Amroha assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder:

And, whereas, the said candidate even after due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri Dinesh Kumar to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. UP-LA/25/74(46)]

# भादेश

का० गा० 2872.—यतः, निर्वाचन भायोग का समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उत्तर प्रदेश विधान सभा के लिये साधारण निर्वाचन के लिये 25-प्रमरोहा निर्वाचन-केल से जुनाव लड़ने वाले उम्मीदवार श्री रूप सिंह, मृहस्ला पचदेवलां, भ्रमरोहा, जिला मुरादाबाद, उत्तर प्रदेश, लोक प्रतिनिधित्व प्रधिनियम, 1951 तथा तद्धीन बनाये गये नियमों द्वारा प्रपेक्तित ग्रपने निर्वाचन व्ययों का कोई भी लेखा दाखिल करने में प्रसक्त रहे हैं;

श्रीर, यतः उक्त उम्मीवनार ने, उसे सम्यक सूचना दिय जाने पर भी, अपनी इस असफलता के लिये कोई कारण अथवा स्पष्टीकरण नहीं विया है, श्रीर, निर्वाचन श्रायोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस असफलता के लिये कोई पर्याप्त कारण या न्यायौचित नहीं है;

भत:, मब, उनत मधिनियम की धारा 10क के भ्रनुसरण में निर्वाचन भ्रांथोग एतद्द्रारा उक्त श्री रूप सिंह को संसद के किसी भी सदन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सभा प्रथवा विधान परिषद् के सबस्य चुने जाने भौर होने के लिये इस भादेश की तारीख से तीन वर्ष की कालावधि के लिये निर्राहत योषित करता है।

[सं०उ०प्र०-वि०स०/25/74(47)]

#### ORDER

S.O. 2872.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri Roop Singh, Mohalla Pachdevla, Amroha, District Moradabad, Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U.P. Legislative Assembly from 25-Amroha assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder;

And, whereas, the said candidate even after due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri Roop Singh to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. UP-LA/25/74(47)]

#### प्रावेश

# नई दिल्ली, 6 ग्रगस्त, 1975

चा० ग्रा॰ 2873:— यतः, निर्वाचन ग्रायोग का समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उत्तर प्रदेश विधान सभा के लिये साधारण निर्वाचन के लिये 51-यरेली कैंट्रमेंट निर्वाचन-क्षेत्र से चुनाव लड़ने याले उम्मीववार श्री एन०एन० गुक्ला, 25-मढ़ी नाथ रोड, यरेली उत्तर प्रदेश, लोक प्रतिनिधित्व ग्रिधिनियम, 1951 तथा तव्धीन बनाये गये नियमों द्वारा अपेक्षित ग्रपने निर्वाचन व्ययों का कोई भी लेखा वाखिल करने में ग्रसफल रहे हैं:

श्रीर, यतः उक्त उम्मीववार ने, उसे सम्यक सूचना दिये जाने पर भी, श्रपनी इस श्रसफलता के लिये कोई कारण श्रथवा स्पष्टीकरण नहीं दिया है, श्रीर, निर्याचन श्रायोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पान इस श्रसफलता के लिये कोई पर्याप्त कारण या न्यायौचित नहीं है;

श्रतः भ्रब, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 10क के भ्रनुसरण में निर्वाचन भ्रायोग एतद्वारा उक्त श्री एन० एन० णुक्ला को संसद् के किसी भी सदन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सभा भ्रथवा विधान परिषद् के सदस्य चुने जाने भौर होने के लिये इस श्रादेश की तारीख से तीन वर्ष की कालावधि के लिये निर्राहत घोषित करता है।

[सं०उ०प्र०-वि०स०/51/74(48)]

# ORDER

# New Delhi, the 6th August, 1975

S.O. 2873.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri N. S. Shukla, 25-Madhi Nath Road, Bareilly, Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U.P. Legislative Assembly from 51-Bareilly Cantonment assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder;

And, whereas, the said candidate even after due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri N. S. Shukla to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. UP-LA/51/74(48)]

# म्रादेश

कां आ 2874. — यतः, निर्वाचन आयोग का समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उत्तर प्रवेण विधान सभा के लिए साधारण निर्वाचन के लिए 44-बवायूं निर्वाचन-क्षेत्र से चुनाव लड़ने वाले उम्मीदवार श्री शंकर लाल, ग्राम हरगनपुर, तहसील सहसवान, जिला बदायूं, उत्तर प्रदेण, लोक प्रतिनिधित्व अधिनियम, 1951 तथा तद्धीन बनाए गए नियमों द्वारा अपेक्षित अपने निर्वाचन व्ययों का कोई भी लेखा दाखिल करने में श्रसफल रहे हैं ;

श्रीर, यत: उक्त उम्मीदवार ने, उसे सम्यकं सूचना दिये जाने पर भी, श्रपनी इस ग्रसफलता के लिए कोई कारण श्रथवा स्पष्टीकरण नहीं दिया है, ग्रीर, निर्वाचन श्रायोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस ग्रसफलता के लिए कोई पर्याप्त कारण या न्ययौचित्य नहीं है ;

श्रतः, ध्रब, उक्त प्रधिनियम की धारा 10क के श्रनुसरण में निर्वाचन श्रायोग एतद्वारा उक्त श्री यंकर लाल को संसद् के किसी भी सदन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सभा श्रथवा विधान परिषद् के सदस्य चुने जाने श्रीर होने के लिए इस भावेश की तारीख से तीन वर्ष की कालाविध के लिए निर्सित घोषित करता है।

[संउच ० प्र०-वि ० स ० / 44 / 74 (49)]

#### ORDER

S.O. 2874.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri Shanker Lal, Village Harganpur, Tahsil Sahaswan, District Budaun, Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U.P. Legislative Assembly from 44-Budaun assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder;

And whereas, the said candidate even after due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri Shanker Lal to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. UP-LA/44/74(49)]

# ध।देश

का० ग्रा० 2875.—यत:, निर्वाचन श्रायोग का समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उत्तर प्रवेश विधान सभा के लिए साधारण निर्वाचन के लिए 53-नवाबगंज निर्वाचन-क्षेत्र से चुनाव लड़ने वाले उम्मीदवार श्री नेम चन्त्र, ग्राम कचनेरा, तहसील नवाबगंज, जिला बरेक्षी, उत्तर प्रदेश, लोक प्रतिनिधित्य प्रधिनियम, 1951 तथा तक्षीन बनाए गए नियमों द्वारा प्रपेक्षित अपने निर्वाचन व्ययों का कोई भी लेखा दाखिल करने में ग्रसफल रहे हैं;

भौर, यत: जनत उम्मीदवार ने, उसे सम्यक सूचना विश्वे जाने पर भी, श्रपनी इस प्रसफलता के लिए कोई कारण प्रथवा स्पष्टीकरण नहीं विधा है, भौर, निर्वाचन भाषोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस श्रसफलता के लिए कोई पर्याप्त कारण या न्ययौचित्य नहीं है;

श्रत: ब्रब, उक्त श्रिधिनियम की धारा 10क के ध्रनुसरण में निर्वाचन श्राप्तोग एसद्द्वारा उक्त थी नेम चन्द को संसद् के किसी भी सदन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सभा अथवा विधान परिषद् के सदस्य चुने जाने ग्रीर होने के लिए इस ग्रादेश की तारीख से तीन वर्ष की कालावधि के लिए निर्स्टित घोषित करता है।

[मं०उ०प्र०-वि०स०/33/74(54)]

#### ORDER

S.O. 2875.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri Nem Chand, Village Kachnera, Tahsil Nawabganj, District Bareilly, Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U.P. Legislative Assembly from 53-Nawabganj assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder;

And whereas, the said candidate even after due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri Nem Chand to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. UP-LA/53/74(54)]

#### श्रादेश

नई बिल्ली, 13 श्रगस्त, 1975

का० ग्रा० 2876.—यतः, निर्वाचन ग्रायोग का समाधान हो गया है कि फरवरी, 1974 में हुए उड़ीसा विधान सभा के निर्वाचन के लिए वालीपटना (भ्रजा) निर्वाचन क्षेत्र से चुनाव लड़ने वाले उच्मीदवार श्री सुवाजा मिलक, बाबागाडा, पत्नालय सुरीनतीरा, जिला पुरी (उड़ीसा) लोक प्रतिनिधित्व ग्राधिनियम, 1951 तथा त्रव्धीन बनाए गए नियमों द्वारा अपेक्षित श्रपने निर्वाचन व्ययों का कोई भी लेखा वाखिल करने में अनकत रहे हैं ;

श्रीर, यप्तः, उन्त उम्मीदवार ने, उसे सम्यक सूचना दिए जाने पर भी, अपनी इस श्रसफलता के लिए कोई कारण श्रथवा स्पन्टीकरण नहीं दिया है, श्रीर, निर्वाचन श्रायोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस श्रसफलता के लिए कोई पर्याप्त कारण या न्यायौचित्य नहीं है ;

भतः, भव, उक्त प्रधिनियम की धारा 10क के अनुसरण में निर्वाचन भायोग एतव्हारा उक्त श्री सुवाल। मिलक को संसद् के किसी भी सदन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सभा अथवा विधान परिषद् के सदस्य चुने जाने और होने के लिए इस आदेश की तारीख से तीन वर्ष की कालाविध के लिए निर्राहत घोषित करता है।

[सं० उडीसा-वि० स०/49/74(1)]

# ORDER

New Delhi, the 14th August, 1975

S.O. 2876.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri Subala Malik, At-Pubagada, P.O. Turintira, District Puri (Orissa), a contesting candidate for election to the Orissa Legislative Assembly from Balipatna (SC) constituency, held in February 1974 has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951 and the Rules made thereunder;

And whereas, the said candidate even after the due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is further satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10A of the said Act the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri

Subala Malik to be disqualified for being chosen as, and for being, a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. OR-LA/49/74(1)]

#### घादेश

करु आ 2877. जिंदा निर्वाचन प्रायोग का समाधान हो गया है कि फरवरी, 1974 में हुए उड़ीसा विधान सभा के निर्वाचन के लिए बालीपटना (ग्रजा) निर्वाचन क्षेत्र से चुनाव लड़ने वाले उम्मीदवार श्री सर्वेग्वर भोई, गोटालाग्राम, पो० सप्यमामानुर, जिला पुरी (उड़ीसा) लोक प्रतिनिधित्व श्रीधिनियम, 1951 तथा तद्धीन बनाए गए नियमों द्वारा प्रपेक्षित समय के अन्वर तथा रीति से श्रपने निर्वाचन व्ययों का लेखा दाखिल करने में श्रसफल रहे हैं ;

ग्रीर, यकः, उक्क उम्मीदवार, ने उसे सम्यक्त सूचना विए जाने पर भीन ग्रापनी इस श्रास्फलका के लिए मोई कारण ग्रायवा स्पष्टीकरण नहीं दिया है, भीर, निर्वाचन ग्रायोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस ग्रासम्बद्धता के लिए कोई पर्याप्त कारण या न्यायौभित्य नहीं है;

भ्रतः, अत्र, उक्त भ्रधिनियम की धारा 10क के भ्रनुसरण में निर्वाचन भ्रायोग एतव्हारा उक्त श्री सर्वेश्वर भोई को संसद् के किसी भी सदन के या किसी राज्य की विधास सभा के भ्रथवा विधान परिषद् के सवस्य चुने जाने और होने के लिए इस भ्रावेश की तारीख़ से तीन वर्ष की कालाविध के लिए निर्राहत घोषित करता है।

[सं० उज़ीसा-वि०स०/49/74(2)]

## ORDER

S.O. 2877.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri Sarbeswar Bhoi, At—Gotalagram, P.O. Satyabhamapur, District Puri (Orissa), a contesting candidate for election to the Orissa Legislative Assembly from Balpatna (SC) constituency held in February, 1974 has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses within the time and in the manner as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder;

And whereas, the said candidate even after the due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is further satisfied that he has no good reason or jurisdiction for such failure,

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri Sarbeswar Bhoi to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being, a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. OR-LA/49/74(2)]

#### मादेश

का॰ गा॰ 2878.---यतः, निर्वाचन श्रायोग का समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उत्तर प्रदेश विधान सभा के लिए साधारण निर्वाचन के लिए 106 मोहल लाल गंज (भ्र०जा०) निर्वाचन क्षेत्र से चुनाव लड़ने वाले उम्मीद-कार श्री प्रभू दयाल, कस्त्रा व डाकखाना अमेठी, जिला लखकऊ, उत्तर प्रदेश, लोक प्रतिनिधित्व अधिनियम, 1951 तथा तद्धीन बनाए गए नियमों द्वारा अपेक्षिस अपने निर्वाचन व्ययों का लेखा रीति से याखिल करने में असफल रहे हैं;

ग्रीर, यतः, उक्त उम्मीदवार ने, उसे सम्यक सूचना दिए जाने पर भी, ग्रपनी इस ग्रसफलता के लिए कोई कारण ग्रथवा स्पष्टीकरण नहीं दिया है, ग्रीर, निर्वाचन ग्रायोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस ग्रसफलता के लिए कोई पर्याप्त कारण या न्ययौचित्य नहीं है ; श्रतः, श्रम, उक्त श्राधिनियम की धारा 10क के श्रनुसरण में निविश्लेषण भायोग एतव्दारा उक्त श्री प्रभू दयाल को संसद् के किसी भी सदन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सभा श्रथमा विधान परिषद् के सदस्य चुने जाने और होने के लिए इस श्रावेश की तारीखा से तीन वर्ष की कालावधि के लिए निर्साहत श्रोषित करता है।

[सं०उ•प्र०-िष•स०/106/74(61)]

# ORDER

S.O. 2878.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri Prabhu Dayal, Qasba and P.O. Amethi, District Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U.P. Legislative Assembly from 106-Mohanlalgani (SC) assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses in the manner as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder:

And whereas, the said candidate even after due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10 A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri Prabhu Dayal to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. UP-LA/106/74(61)]

#### मादेश

का॰ बा॰ 2879.—यतः, निर्वाचन प्रायोग का समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उत्तर प्रदेश विधान सभा के लिए साधरण निर्वाचन के लिए 102-लखनऊ पश्चिम निर्वाचन क्षेत्र से चुनाव लड़ने वाले उम्मीद-कार श्री सुदामा प्रसाद निषाद, 510/151, न्यू हैकराबाद, लखनऊ, उत्तर प्रदेश लोक प्रतिनिधित्व प्रश्निनिधम, 1951 तथा तर्धीन बनाए गए नियमों द्वारा प्रयेक्षित प्रायने निर्वाचन अवयों का कोई भी लेखा वाखिल करने में ग्रस्तक रहे हैं ;

श्रौर, यतः, उन्त उम्मीववार ने, उसे सम्यक सूचना विए जाने पर भी, श्रपनी इस श्रसफलता के लिए कोई कारण श्रयवा स्पष्टीकरण नहीं दिया है, श्रौर, निविचन श्रायोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस श्रसफलता के लिए कोई पर्याप्त कारण या न्ययौजित्य नहीं है;

ग्रतः, ग्रव, उक्त श्रिधिनियम की धारा 10क के ग्रनुसरण में निर्वाचन ग्रायोग एतव्दारा उक्त श्री सुवामा प्रसाद निषाद को संसद् के किसी भी सदन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सभा ग्रथमा विधान परिषद् के सदस्य चुने जाने ग्रीर होने के लिए इस ग्रादेश की तारीक से तीन वर्ष की कालावधि के लिए निर्राहत बोषित करता है।

[सं০ ত ০ ম০ वि ০ स ০ / 102 / 74 (66)]

#### ORDER

S.O. 2879.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri Sudama Prasad Nishad, 510/151, New Haidrabad, Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U.P. Legislative Assembly from 102. Lucknow West assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder;

And whereas, the said candidate even after due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section  $10\,\mathrm{A}$  of the said  $\Lambda ct$ , the Election Commission hereby declares the said

Shad Sudama Prasad Nishad to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. UP-LA/102/74(66)]

#### मादेश

का॰ आ॰ 2880.—यतः, निर्वाचन प्रायोग का समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उत्तर प्रदेश विधान सभा के लिए साधारण निर्वाचन के लिए 60-पूरन पुर निर्वाचन केस्न से चुनाव लड़ने वाले उम्मीदवार श्री सीता राम, प्राम बबूरा, तहसील बीसलपुर, जिला पीलीभीत, उत्तर प्रदेश, लोक प्रतिनिधित्व श्रधिनियम, 1951 तथा तद्धीन बनाए गए नियमों द्वारा श्रपेकिन श्रपने निर्वाचन व्ययों को कोई भी लेखा दाखिल करने में श्रमफल रहे हैं ;

श्रीर, यतः उक्त उम्मीदवार ने, उसे सम्यक सूचना दिए जाने पर भी, भपनी इस भसफलता के लिए कोई कारण अथवा स्पष्टीकरण नहीं विया है, भीर, निविचन भायोग का यह समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस ग्रसफलता के लिए कोई पर्याप्त कारण था न्ययौक्तिस्य नहीं है;

श्रतः श्रवः, उक्त प्रधितियम की धारा 10क के प्रनुसरण में नियाचित्र भायोग एतद्द्वारा उक्त श्री सीता राम को संसद के किसी भी सदन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सभा प्रथवा विश्वान परिषद् के सदस्य चुने जाने भीर होने के लिए इस भावेश की तारीख से तीन वर्ष की कालावधि के लिए निरहित घोषिन करता है।

[सं०उ०प्र०-वि०स०/60/74(67)]

# ORDER

S.O. 2880.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri Sita Ram, Village Baboora, Tahsil Bisalpur, District, Pilibhit, Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U.P., Legislative Assembly from 60-Puranpur assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder;

And whereas, the said candidate even after due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10 A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri Sita Ram to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. UP-LA/60/74(67)]

#### धावेश

कार आर 2881.—यतः, निर्वाचन प्रायोग का समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उत्तर प्रदेश विधान सक्षा के लिए साधारण निर्वाचन के लिए 60-पूरमपुर निर्वाचन क्षेत्र से चुनाव सड़ने वाले उम्मीदवार श्री हरबन्स सिंह, ग्राम बेगपुर, कुन्डा, तहसील पूरनपुर, जिला पीलीभीत, उत्तर प्रदेश, लोक श्रितिधित्व प्रधिनियम, 1951 तथा तद्धीम बनाए गए नियमों द्वारा प्रपेक्षित अपने निर्वाचन क्यायों को कोई भी लेखा वाखिल करने में असफल रहे हैं;

भीर, यतः उक्त उम्मीदवार ने, उसे सम्यक सूचना विए जाने पर भी, भागनी इस भसफलता के लिए कोई कारण प्रथवा स्पब्टीकरण नहीं विया है, भीर निर्वाचन भायोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस असफलता के लिए कोई पर्याप्त कारण या न्ययोजित्य नहीं है ;

घतः स्रव, उपत धिधिनियम की धारा 10क के ध्रनुसरण में निर्वाचन आयोग एतद्वाः। उक्त श्री हरवन्स सिंह को संसद के किसी भी सदन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सभा प्रथवा विधान परिषद् के सदस्य चुने जाने भीर होने के लिए इस घादेश की तारीख से तीन वर्ष की काला-विधा के लिए निर्राहत घोषित करता है।

[सं० उ० प्र०-वि० स० / 60 / 74 ( 68')]

#### ORDER

S.O. 2881.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri Harbans Singh, Village Begpur Kunda, Tahsil Puranpur, District Pilibhit, Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U.P. Legislative Assembly from 60. Puranpur assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder;

And whereas, the said candidate even after due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri Harbans Singh to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a priod of three years from the date of this order.

[No. UP-LA/60/74(68)]

#### आवेश

कः ग्रां० 2882.—धतः, निर्वाचन भायोग का समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उत्तर प्रदेश विधान सभा के लिए साधारण निर्वाचन के लिए 48-भावलां निर्वाचन केल से चुनाव लड़ने वाले उम्मीववार श्री मोहन लाल वर्मा, गांव डुमेरा डाकखाना व जिला बदायूं उत्तर प्रदेश लोक प्रतिनिधित्व प्रधिनियम, 1951 तथा तद्धीन बनाए गए नियमों द्वारा अपेक्षित भपने निर्वाचन व्ययों को कोई भी लेखा वाखिल करने में ग्रसफल रहे हैं;

भीर, यत: उकत उम्मीवबार में, उसे सम्यक सूचना दिये जाने पर भी, भपनी इस असफलता के लिए कोई कारण ग्रथवा स्पष्टीकरण नहीं दिया है, और, निर्वाचन भायोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस भसफलता के लिए कोई पर्याप्त कारण या न्ययौचित्य नहीं है;

श्रतः भव, उक्त श्रिधिनियमं की धारां 10क के स्रनुसरण में निर्वाचन श्रायोग एतद्धारा उक्त श्री मोहन लाल वर्मा को संसद के किसी भी सदन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सन्ना भयवा विधान परिषद् के सदस्य चुने जाने और होने के लिए इस भादेण की तारीख से तीन वर्ष की कालाविध के लिए निर्राहत घोषित करता है।

[सं० उ० प्र०-वि० स० / 48/74 (69)]

# ORDER

S.O. 2882.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri Mohan Lal Verma, Village Dumera, P.O. & District Budaun, Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U.P. Legislative Assembly from 48-Aonla assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of

his election expenses as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder;

And whereas, the said candidate even after due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the tailure and the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri Mohan Lal Verma to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. UP-LA/48/74(69)]

#### श्रादेश

का० ग्रा० 2883.—यतः, निर्वाचन ग्रायोग का समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उत्तर प्रदेश विधान सभा के लिए साधारण निर्वाचन के लिए 58-बरखेडा (ग्र०जा०) निर्वाचन-केंच्र से चुनाव लड़ने वाले उम्मीदवार श्री कोमिल प्रसाद, ग्राम मोहलिया, डालखाना ईट गांव, जिला पीलीभींत, उत्तर प्रदेश, लोक प्रतिनिधित्व ग्रधिनियम, 1951 तथा तढ़ीन बनाए गए नियमों द्वारा ग्रपेक्षित घपने निर्वाचन व्ययों को कोई भी लेखा दाखिल करने में श्रसफल रहे हैं;

श्रौर, यत: उकत उम्मीदवार ने, उसे सम्यक सूचना विये जाने पर भी, भ्रापनी इस भ्रसफलता के लिए कोई कारण श्रथना स्पष्टीकरण नहीं दिया है, भौर, निर्वाचन श्रायोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस श्रसफलता के लिए कोई पर्याप्त कारण या न्ययौचित्य नहीं हैं;

अतः, ग्रव, उक्त अधिनियम की धारा 10क के भ्रानुसरण में निर्वाचन भ्रायोग एतव्द्वारा उक्त श्री कोमिल प्रसाद को संसद के किसी भी सदन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सभा भ्रथवा परिषद् के सदस्य चुने जाने श्रीर होने के लिए इस भावेण की तारीख मे तीन वर्ष की कालाविध के लिए निर्राहित घोषित करता है।

[सं० उ० प्र०-बि० स० / 58 / 74 (72)]

# ORDER

- S.O. 2883.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri Komil Prasad, Village Mahulia, P.O. Intgaon, District Pilibhit, Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U.P. Legislative Assembly from 58-Barkhera (SC) assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder;
- 2. And whereas, the said candidate even after due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;
- 3. Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri Komil Prasad to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. UP-LA/58/74(72)]

#### स्रादेश

का॰ ग्रा॰ 2884.---यतः, निर्वाचन श्रायोग का समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उत्तर प्रदेश विधान सभा के लिए साधारण निर्वाचन के लिए हैं 114-कुण्डा निर्वाचन-क्षेत्र से चुनाव लड़ने वाले उम्मीदवार-क्ष्मी रामेण्यर प्रसाद ग्राम भवि, पोस्ट कुसुबापुर, जिला प्रतापगढ़ उत्तर प्रदेश, लोक प्रतिनिधित्व प्रधिनियम, 1951 तथा तद्वीन बनाए गए नियमों द्वारा प्रपेक्षित ग्रपने नियाचन व्ययों को कोई भी लेखा दाखिल करने में ग्रमकल रहे हैं;

श्रीर यत: उक्त उम्मीदवार ने उसे सम्यक सूचना दिए जाने पर भी, अपनी इस श्रमफलता के लिए कोई कारण ग्रथना स्वष्टीकरण नही दिया है, श्रीर, निर्वाचन श्रायोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस श्रमफलता के लिए कोई पर्याप्त कारण या न्ययौचित्य नहीं है;

श्रतः श्रव, उक्त श्रिधितियम की धारा 10क के श्रतुसरण में निर्वचिन श्रायोग एतद्द्वारा उक्त श्री रामेश्वर प्रसाद को संसद के किसी भी सदन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सभा श्रथवा विधान परिषद् के सदस्य चुने जाने और होने के लिए इस श्रादेश की तारीख से तीन वर्ष की काला-विध के लिए निरहित घोषित करता है।

[सं० उ० प्र०-वि० स० / 114 / 74 (73)]

#### ORDER

S.O. 2884.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri Rameshwar Prasad, Village Bhaddiv, P.O. Kuswapur, District Pratapgarh, Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U.P. Legislative Assembly from 114-Kunda assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder;

And whereas, the said candidate even after due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10A of the said Act, the Flection Commission hereby declares the said Shri Rameshwar Prasad to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a roember of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. UP-LA/114/74(73)]

# ग्रावेश

का० आ० 2885.—यतः, निर्वाचन आयोग क। समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उत्तर प्रदेश विधान सभा के लिए साधारण निर्वाचन के लिए 66 शाहजहांपुर निर्वाचन केल से चुनाव लड़ने वाले उम्मीदवार श्री काशी नाथ, हाजी विलडिंग, सदर बाजार, शाहजहांपुर उत्तर प्रदेश लोक प्रतिनिधित्व श्रिधिनियम, 1951 सथा तद्धीन बनाए गए निययों द्वारा श्रिथेलत अपने निर्वाचन व्ययों को कोई भी लेखा दाखिल करने में असफल रहें हैं;

क्रोर, यतः उक्त उम्मीदवार ने, उसे सम्यक सूचना दिए जाने पर भी, अपनी इस असफलता के लिए कोई कारण अथवा स्पष्टीकरण नहीं दिया है, और, निर्वाचन आयोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस असफलता के लिए कोई पर्याप्त कारण या न्ययोजित्य नहीं है;

श्रतः ग्रवः, उक्त श्रीधिनयम की धारा 10क के श्रनुसरण में निर्वाचन श्रायोग एतद्द्वारा उक्त श्री काशीमाथ को संसव के किसी भी सबन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सभा श्रथवा विधान परिधव् के सदस्य चुने जाने श्रीर होने के लिए इस श्रादेण की तारीख से तीन वर्ष की कालाविध के लिए निर्राहत घोषित करता है।

[सं० उ० प्र०-वि० स० / 66 / 74 ( 74 ) ]

### ORDER

S.O. 2885.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri Kashi Nath, Haji Building, Sadar Bazar, Shahjahenpur, Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U.P. Legislative Assembly from 66-Shahjahanpur assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made hereunder;

And whereas, the said candidate, even after due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri Kashinath to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. UP-LA/66/74(74)]

# भादेश

कां ग्रां 2886.—यतः, निर्वाचन श्रायोग का समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उत्तर प्रवेश विधान सभा के लिए साधारण निर्वाचन के लिए 66-शाहजहाँपुर निर्वाचन क्षेत्र से चुनाय लड़ने वाले उम्मीदवार श्री रमांकर, मस्जिप गंज, शाहजहांपुर, उत्तर प्रदेश, लोक प्रतिनिधित्व प्रधिनियम, 1951 तथा तद्धीन बनाए गए नियमों द्वारा श्रपेक्षित प्रपत्ने निर्वाचन क्ययों का कोई भी लेखा वाखिल करने में श्रसफल रहे हैं; श्रीर, यतः उक्त उम्मीदवार ने, उसे सम्यक सूचना दिए जाने पर भी, अपनी इस श्रसफलता के लिए कोई कारण श्रथवा स्पष्टीकरण नहीं दिया है, ग्रीर, निर्वाचन श्रायोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस श्रसफलता के लिए कोई पर्याप्त कारण या न्ययोखित्य नहीं है;

श्रतः भव, उक्त भिधिनियम की धारा 10क के श्रनुसरण में निर्वाचन श्रायोग एतव्दारा उक्त श्री रमाशंकर को संसद के किसी भी सदन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सभा ग्रयवा विधान परिषद् के सदस्य चुने जाने श्रीर होने के लिए इस श्रादेश की तारीख से तीन वर्ष की कालाविध के लिए निर्राहत धोषित करता है।

[#০ ব০ ম০-বি০ स০ / ৪৪/ ७४( ७५)]

# ORDER

S.O. 2886.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri Rama Shankar, Masjidganj, Shahjahanpur, Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U.P. Legislative Assembly from 66-Shahjahanpur assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder;

And whereas, the said candidate even after due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10 A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri Rama Shankar to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. UP-LA/66/74(75)]

#### भादेश

का० आ० 2887.— यतः, निर्वाचन आयोग का समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उत्तर प्रदेश विधान सभा के लिए साधारण निर्वाचन के लिए 101-लखनऊ पूर्व निर्वाचन क्षेत्र से चुनाव लड़ने वाले उम्मीदवार श्री सतीश चन्द्र अभिनहोत्री, अूरियन टोला, 10 मकबूल गंज,, सखनऊ उत्तर प्रदेश, लोक प्रतिनिधित्व अधिनियम, 1951 तथा तद्धीन बनाए गए नियमों द्वारा अपेक्षित अपने निर्वाचन अपयों को कोई भी लेखा वाखिल करने में असफल रहे हैं;

भीर, यतः उक्त उम्मीदवार ने, उसे सम्यक सूचना दिए जाने पर भी, ग्रपनी इस असफलता के लिए कोई कारण अथवा स्पष्टीकरण नहीं दिया है, और, आयोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस असफलता के लिए कोई पर्याप्त कारण या न्ययौचित्य नहीं है;

मतः भव, उक्त भिष्टिनियम की धारा 10 क के भ्रनुसरण में निर्वाधन भायोग एतव्वारा उक्त श्री सतीम चन्द्र भ्रानिहोत्री की संसद के किसी भी सदन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सभा भ्रथमा विधान परिषष् के सदस्य चुने जाने भीर होने के लिए इस भादेश की तारीख से तीन वर्ष की कालावधि के लिए निरहित भोषित करता है।

[सं० उ० प्र० वि० स० / 101/74(76)]

#### ORDER

S.O. 2887.—Whereas the Election commission is satisfied that Shri Satish Chandra Agnihotri, Jurilan Tola, 10. Maqboolganj, Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U.P. Legislative Assembly from 101-Lucknow East assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder;

And whereas, the said candidate even after due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri Satish Chandra Agnihotri to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. UP-LA/101/74(76)]

# भादेश

का० ग्रा० 2888.—-यतः, निर्वाचन भ्रायोग का समाधान हो गया है कि मार्च, 1972 में हुए बिहार विधान सभा के लिए साधारण निर्वाचन के लिए 226 काराकट निर्वाचन-अंत्र से चुनाव लड़ने वाले उम्मीदवार श्री शिवनन्दन राम, ग्राम घनाव, नासरीगंज, माहाबाद बिहार लोक प्रतिनिधित्व ग्रिधिनियम, 1951 तथा तद्धीन बनाए गए नियमों द्वारा ग्रेपिन प्रपने निर्वाचन ज्ययों का कोई भी लेखा दाखिल करने में ग्रसफल रहे हैं ;

भौर, यतः, उक्त उम्मीवयार ने, उसे सम्यक सूचना दिये जाने पर भी, प्रपनी इस प्रसफलता के लिए कोई कारण अथवा स्पष्टीकरण महीं दिया है, प्रौर, निर्वाचन भायोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस असफलता के लिए कोई पर्याप्त कारण या न्यायौदित्य नहीं है;

धतः ग्राव, उक्त प्रधिनियम की धारा 10-क के अनुसरण में निर्धाचन धायोग एतद्द्वारा उक्त श्री शिवनन्दन राम को संसद के किसी भी सदन के या किसी राज्य की विधान-सभा अथवा विधान परिषद् के सदस्य चुने जाने और होने के लिये इस भावेश की तारीख से सीत वर्ष की कालाविध के लिये निर्हित बोषित करता है।

[सं० बिहार--वि०स०/226/72 (214)]

#### ORDER

S.O. 2888.—Whereas the election Commission is satisfied that Shri Sheo Nandan Ram, Village Dhanaw Nasariganj Shahabad, Bihar who was a contesting candidate for election to the Bihar Legislative Assembly from 226-Karakat constituency held in March, 1972 has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder;

And whereas, the said candidate even after the due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri Sheo Nandan Ram to be disqualified for being chosen as, and for being, a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No.BR-LA/226/72(214)]

#### भावेश

# नई दिल्ली, 16 धगस्त, 1975

का० धा० 2889.—यतः, निर्वाचन धायोग का समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उत्तर प्रदेश विधान सभा के लिए साधारण निर्वाचन के लिए 103-सखनऊ मध्य निर्वाचन क्षेत्र से चुनाव लड़ने वाले उम्मीव-घार श्री उमेश कुमार श्रीवास्तव, 83 गुईंन रोड, लखनऊ उत्तर प्रदेश, लोक प्रतिनिधित्व धिक्षिनियम, 1951 तथा तद्धीन बनाए गए नियमों द्वारा अपेक्षित धपने निर्वाचन व्ययों को कोई भी लेखा दाखिल करने में असफल रहे हैं:

ग्रीर, यतः उक्त उम्मीदवार ने, उसे सम्यक सूचना दिये जाने पर भी, भपनी इस भ्रसफलता के लिए कोई कारण प्रथवा स्पष्टीकरण नहीं विया है, ग्रीर, निर्वाचन ग्रायोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस श्रसफलता के लिए कोई पर्यान्त कारण या न्यायौचित्य महीं है ;

मतः, भव, उक्त प्रधिनियम की धारा 10 क के भनुसरण में निर्वाचन भायोग एतद्द्वारा उक्त श्री उमेग कुमार श्रीवास्तव को संसद् के किसी भी सदन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सभा भथवा विधान परिषद् के सदस्य चुने जाने श्रीर होने के लिए इस श्रावेग की तारीख से तीन वर्ष की कालावधि के लिए निर्हित घोषित करता है।

[দ০ ত০ স০--বি০ম০/103/74(81)]

#### ORDER

New Delhi, the 16th August, 1975

S.O. 2889.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri Umesh Kumar Srivastava, 83, Guine Road, Lucknow. Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U. P. Legislative Assembly from 103. Lucknow Central assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of his

election expenses as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder;

And whereas, the said candidate even after due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is satisfied that he had no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri Umesh Kumar Srivastava to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. UP-LA/103/74(81)]

#### भादेस

का॰ मा॰ 2890.—यतः, निर्वाचन प्रायोग का समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उत्तर प्रदेश विधान सभा के लिए साधारण निर्वाचन के लिए 103—लखनऊ मध्य निर्वाचन-क्षेत्र से चुनाव लड़ने वाले उम्मीद-वार श्री बहा दत्त वाजपेयी, 346/30 मेहन्दी गंज, जिला लगनऊ, उत्तर प्रदेश, लोक प्रतिनिधित्व प्रधिनियम, 1951 तथा तद्धीन बनाए गए नियमों द्वारा प्रपेक्षित धपने निर्वाचन व्ययों को कोई भी लेखा दाखिल करने में धसफल रहे हैं ;

भीर, यतः उक्त उम्मीवनार ने, उसे सम्यक सूचना विये जाने पर भी, अपनी इस असफलता के लिए कोई कारण अथवा स्पष्टीकरण नहीं विया है, और, निर्वाचन आयोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस असफलता के लिए कोई पर्याप्त कारण या न्यायौजित्य नहीं है;

भ्रतः ग्रब, उक्त भ्रिधिनियम की घारा 10क के भ्रमुसरण में निर्वा-चन भ्रायोग एतद्द्वारा उक्त श्री कहा पत्त वाजपेयी को संसद् के किसी भी सबन के या किसी राज्य की विभ्रान सभा भ्रयवा विधान परिषद् के सदस्य चुने जाने भीर होने के लिए इस भ्रादेश की तारीख से तीन वर्ष की कालाविध के लिए निर्राहत घोषित करता है।

[सं० उ०प्र०-वि०**स०/103/74(82**]

# ORDER

S.O. 2890.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri Brahm Dutt Vajpai, 346/30, Mahandiganj, Lucknow. Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U. P. Legislative Assembly from 103. Lucknow Central assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder;

And whereas, the said candidate even after due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shri Brahm Dutt Vajpai to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No.UP-LA/103/74(82)]

# मादेश

का॰ धा॰ 2891.---यतः, निर्वाचन मायोग का समाधान हो गया है कि 1974 में हुए उत्तर प्रदेश विधान सभा के लिए साधारण निर्वाचन ने कि लिए 103 लखनऊ मध्य निर्वाचन क्षेत्र से चुनाव लड़ने वाले उम्मीव-वर्षि श्री लड्डन, 26-रस्सी बटान, जिला लखनऊ उत्तर प्रदेश, लोक प्रतिनिधित्व प्रधिनियम, 1951 तथा तव्धीन बनाए गए नियमों द्वारा अपेक्षित अपने निर्वाचन थ्ययों को कोई भी लेखा वाखिल करने में असफल रहे हैं ;

श्रीर, यतः उक्त उम्मीदवार ने, उसे सम्यक सूचना विये जाने पर भी, श्रपनी इस श्रमफलता के लिए कोई कारण श्रथवा स्पष्टीकरण नहीं विया है, श्रीर, निर्वाचन श्रायोग का यह भी समाधान हो गया है कि उसके पास इस श्रमफलता के लिए कोई पर्याप्त कारण या न्यायौचित्य शहीं है;

भतः भवं, उकत भिधिनियम की धारा 10क के अनुसरण में निर्वा-का भागोग एतवृक्षारा उकत श्री लड्डन को संसद् के किसी भी सवन के या किसी राज्य की विधान सभा श्रयवा विधान परिषद् के सदस्य कुने जाने भीर होने के लिए इस भादेश की तारीख से सीन वर्ष की कालाविध के लिए निरिद्धित घोषित करता है।

[सं० उ०प्र०-वि०स०/103/74(83)]

ए० एन० सैंग, सचिव

#### ORDER

S.O. 2891.—Whereas the Election Commission is satisfied that Shri Laddan, 26-Rassi Batan, Lucknow Uttar Pradesh, a contesting candidate for election to the U.P. Legislative Assembly from 103, Lucknow Central assembly constituency, has failed to lodge an account of his election expenses as required by the Representation of the People Act, 1951, and the Rules made thereunder;

And whereas, the said candidate even after due notice has not given any reason or explanation for the failure and the Election Commission is satisfied that he has no good reason or justification for such failure;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of section 10 A of the said Act, the Election Commission hereby declares the said Shrl Laddan to be disqualified for being chosen as and for being a member of either House of Parliament or of the Legislative Assembly or Legislative Council of a State for a period of three years from the date of this order.

[No. UP-LA/103/74(83)]

A. N. SEN, Secy.

# पृष्ट मञ्जालय

नई दिल्ली, 18 भगस्त, 1975

कार धार 2892. — इंडियन इंग्ज एण्ड फार्मस्यूटिकस्स लिमिटेड, हैवराबाद के मुख्य सुरक्षा अधिकारी श्री मोहस्मद अली, धाई० पी० एस० 31 जनवरी, 1975 के अपराह्न से केन्द्रीय भौधोगिक सुरक्षा दल, इंडियन इंग्ज एण्ड फार्मस्यूटिकस्स लिमिटेड, हैदराबाद में पदेन उप-महानिरीक्षक नहीं रहे ।

[संख्या ६०-17017/1/75-प्रशासन-1 (पसं-1)]

पी० के० जी० काइमल, धवर सचिव

# MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

New Delhi, the 18th August, 1975

S.O. 2892.—Shri Mohammed Ali, IPS' Chief Security Officer, Indian Drugs and Pharmaceuticals Limited, Hyderand, ceased to hold ex-officio appointment of Deputy Inspector General, Central Industrial Security Force, Indian Drugs

and Pharmaceuticals Limited, Hyderabad with effect from the afternoon of 31st January, 1975.

[No. E-17017/1/75-Ad. I(Per. I)] P. K. G. KAIMAL, Under Secy.

#### विस मंजालय

(रागस्व और बीमा विभाग)

नई दिल्ली, 11 जुलाई, 1975

#### धाय-कर

का॰ आ॰ 2893.— सर्वसाधारण की जानकारी के लिए यह श्रीध-सूचित किया जाता है कि निम्नलिखित संस्था की भारतीय समाज विज्ञान श्रनुसंधान परिषद् विद्वित प्राधिकारी द्वारा, भाय कर श्रिधिनयम, 1961 की धारा 35 की उपधारा (1) के खण्ड (iii) के प्रयोज-नाथं, श्रनुभोवित किया गया है। संस्था भपने द्वारा एकवित निधियों और उनके उपयोग की रीति के बारे में एक वार्षिक रिपोर्ट भारतीय समाज विज्ञान श्रनुसंधान परिषद् को वेगी।

#### संस्था

श्री गिरिवनवासी प्रगति मंडल, सुम्बई प्रशिस्चना 1-4-75 से 31-3-78 तक प्रभावी होगी।

सिं॰ 961/फा॰ सं॰ 203/79/75 आई०टी॰ए० 2]

# MINISTRY OF FINANCE

(Department of Revenue & Insurance)

New Delhi, the 11th July, 1975

# INCOME TAX

S.O. 2893.—It is hereby notified for general information that the institution mentioned below has been approved by Indian Council of Social Science Research, the prescribed authority for the purposes of clause (iii) of sub-section (1) of Section 35 of the Income-tax Act, 1961. The institution shall send to the Indian Council of Social Science Research an annual report regarding the funds collected by them and the manner in which they were utilized.

# INSTITUTION

Shri Girivanavasi Pragati Mandal, Bombay
The notification will be effective from 1-4-75 to 31-3-78.

(No. 961/F. No. 203/79/75-ITA. III

नई दिल्ली, 26 जुलाई, 1975

का० का० 2894.—-सर्वे सधारण की जानकारी के लिए यह मधि-सूचित किया जाता है कि निम्न वर्णित संस्था को भारतीय विकित्सा धनुसंधान परिषद, विहित प्राधिकारी, द्वारा भायकर मधिनियम, 1961 की धारा 35 की उपधारा (1) के खंड (ii) के प्रयोजनों के लिए अनुमोदित किया गया है।

### संस्था

गांधी संस्मारक कृष्ठ प्रतिष्ठान, वर्धा यह ग्रीधसूचना 1 भप्रील, 1975 से प्रभावी होगी ।

> सिं० फा० संख्या 203/97;75-मार्धःटी.ए.**II]** टी० पी० मृतकनवाला, स**स्थित**।

# New Delhi, the 26th July, 1975

S.O. 2894—It is hereby notified for general information that the institution mentioned below has been approved by Indian Council of Medical Research, the prescribed authority for the purposes of clause (ii) of sub-section (1) of Section 35 of the Income-tax Act, 1961, for research purposes only.

# INSTITUTION

Gandhi Memorial Leprosy Foundation, Wardha. The notification takes effect from 1st April, 1975.

[F. No. 203/97/75-ITA. II]
T. P. JHUNJHUNWALA, Dy. Secy.

# नई दिल्ली, 17 जुलाई, 1975

कार आरं 2895. — आय-कर संधित्तियम, 1961 (1961 का 43) की धारा 2 के खण्क (44) के उपखण्ड (iii) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार, सर्वेश्री एम॰दयाल और डी॰ कुजूर को, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार के राजपन्नित अधिकारी हैं, उक्त अधिनियम के अधीन कर वसूनी अधिकारियों की शक्तियों का प्रयोग करने के लिए प्राधिकृत करती हैं।

2. नीचे वर्णित प्रिधिसूचनाएं, जिनके घ्राधार पर प्रत्येक प्रिधिसूचना के सामने वर्णित राजपित घ्रिधकारियों ने कर वसूली ध्रिधिकारियों के कृत्य किए हैं, जैसे ही घीर जब पैरा 1 में वर्णित राजपित्रत ध्रिधकारी कर वसूली घ्रिधकारियों के रूप में कार्य-भार ग्रहण करते हैं, प्रवृत्त नहीं रह जाएंगी ।

मधिमूचना संख्या भीर तारीख भिधकारी (अधिकारियों) का नाम (क)

545 (फा०सं० 40 4/16/74-आई० श्री पी० बी० प्रयुध्या

टी० सी० सी०) तारीख 23 जनवरी

1974

672 (फा॰ सं॰ 404/16/74-प्राई॰ एच लाल टी॰ सी॰ सी॰) तारीख 10 जुलाई,

1975

3. यह प्रधिसूचना उस तारीख को प्रवृत्त होगी जिस तारीख को पैरा 1 में के प्रधिकारी कर वसूली प्रधिकारियों के रूप में कार्य-भार ग्रहण करते हैं।

[सं० 965(फा॰सं० 404/95/75-प्राई.टी.सी.सी०)]

# New Delhi, 17th July, 1975

- S.O. 2895.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subclause (iii) of clause (44) of Section 2 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961), the Central Government hereby authorises S/Shri M. Dayal and D. Kujur who are Gazetted Officers of the Central Government to exercise the powers of the Tax Recovery Officers under the said Act.
- 2. The undermentioned Notifications by virtue of which the Gazetted Officers mentioned against each Notification, performed the functions of Tax Recovery Officers, shall cease to be operative as and when the Gazetted Officers mentioned in paragraph 1 take over charge as Tax Recovery Officers:

Notification No. and Date

Name (s) of Officer(s)

545 (F.No.404/16/74—ITCC) dated Shri P. B. Audhya. the 23rd January, 1974.

672 (F.No. 404/16/74—ITCC) dated H. Lal the 10th July, 1975.

3. This Notification shall come into force with effect from the date the officers in paragraph 1 take over as Tax Recovery Officers.

[No. 965 (F. No. 404/95/75-ITCC)]

कां आं 2896.—ग्रायकर प्रिधिनियम, 1961 (1961 का 43) की धारा 2 के खण्ट (44) के उपखंड (iii) द्वारा प्रदक्त गिल्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार, श्री एनं पी वरधीस को, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार के राजपित्रत प्रधिकारी हैं, उक्त प्रधिनियम के प्रधीन कर बसूली श्रधिकारी की गिक्तियों का प्रयोग करने के लिए प्राधिकृत करती है।

2. निम्त वर्णित प्रधिसूचना का प्रवर्तन जिसके प्राधार पर प्रधि-सूचना के सामने वर्णित राजपितत अधिकारी ने कर वसूली अधिकारी के कृत्यों का पालन किया है, जैसे ही और जब पैरा 1 में वर्णित राजपितत अधिकारी कर वसूली अधिकारी के रूप में कार्यभार संभाल लेता है, समाप्त हो जाएगा । अधिसूचना सं० और तारीख प्रधिकारी का नाम 381 (फा० सं० 404/176/73— श्री टी० जोसेफ मैथ्यू पाई. टी. सी. सी) तारीख 15 जून,

3. यह पश्चिम् जना उस तारीख को प्रवृत्त होगी जिस तारीख को श्री एन० पी० बरधीस, कर बसूली ग्रधिकारी के रूप में कार्यभार संभाल केते हैं।

[सं॰ 967 (फा॰ सं॰ 404/85/75-माई.टी.सी.सी)]

- S.O. 2896.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subclause (iii) of clause (44) of Section 2 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961), the Central Government hereby authorises Shri N. P. Varghese who is a Gazette Office of the Central Government to exercise the powers of a Tax Recovery Officer under the said Act.
- 2. The undermentioned Notification by virtue of which the Gazetted Officer mentioned against the Notification, performed the functions of a Tax Recovery Officer, shall cease to be operative as and when the Gazette Officer mentioned in paragraph 1 take over charge as Tax Recovery Officer.

Notification No. and date.

Name of the Officer

381 (F. No. 404/176/73—ITCC) dated the 15th June, 1973.

Shri T. Joseph Mathew

3. This Notification shall come into force with effect from the date Shri N. P. Varghese takes over as a Tax Recovery Officer.

[No. 967 (F. No. 404/85/75-ITCC)]

का० भ्रा० 2897.— ग्रायकर प्रधिनियम, 1961 (1961 का 43) की धारा 2 के खण्ड (44) के उपखण्ड (iii) द्वारा प्रदक्त पश्चितयों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार, श्री पी० ए० जार्ज को, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार का राजपन्नित प्रधिकारी है, उक्त श्रिधिनियम के प्रधीन कर वसूली प्रधिकारी की शक्तियों का प्रयोग करने के लिए प्राधिकृत करती है।

2. निम्नवर्णित प्रधिसूचना, जिसके प्राधार पर उस प्रधिसूचना के सामने वर्णित राजपित प्रधिकारी ने कर बसूली प्रधिकारी के कृत्यों का पालन किया था, 1 श्रगस्त, 1975 से प्रवृत्त नहीं रहेगी। क्रिक्षिसूचना सं० और तारीख सँ० 37 (फा० सं० 404/32/71⊶ भाई. टी. सो.सी) तारीख 11 म्रिकारी का नाम श्रीपी०पी०विजयरायवन

फरवरी, 1971।

यह म्रधिसूचना 1 मगस्त, 1975 को प्रवृत्त होगी ।
 [सं॰ 969 (फा॰ सं॰ 404/85/75-म्प्राईटी:सी:सी)]

- S.O. 2897.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subclause (iii) of clause (44) of Section 2 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961), the Central Government hereby authorises Shri P. A. George who is a Gazette Officer of the Central Government to exercise the powers of a Tax Recovery Officer under the said Act.
- 2. The undermentioned Notification by virtue of which the Gazetted Officer mentioned against the Notification, performed the functions of a Tax Recovery Officer, shall cease to be operative with effect from the 1st August, 1975.

Notification No. and date Name of the Officer No. 37 (F.No.404/32/71—ITCC) Shri P. P. Vijayaraghavan dated the 11th February, 1971

3. This Notification shall come into force with effect from the 1st August, 1975.

[No. 969 (F. No. 404/85/75-ITCC)]

# नई दिल्ली, 23 जुलाई, 1975

का० मा० 2898.—माय-कर मधिनियम, 1961 (1961 का 43) की धारा 2 के खण्ड (44) के उप-खण्ड (iii) द्वारा प्रदत्त मिन्तयों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार सर्वश्री माई० एल० गोबा, करतार सिंह, भार० एल० बजाज भौर जे० एस० गर्मा को, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार के राजपितत मधिकारी हैं, उक्त मधिनियम के मधीन कर बसूली भिधि-कारियों की शक्तियों का प्रयोग करने के लिए प्राधिकृत करती हैं।

- 2. प्रधिसूचना सं० 138 (फा॰ सं॰ 404/255/72-प्राई॰टी॰ सी॰ सी॰) तारीख 14 जुलाई, 1972 के प्रधीन की गई श्री एस॰ के॰ साभरवाल की नियुक्ति, प्रधिसूचना सं॰ 810 (फा॰ सं॰ 404/221/74- धाई॰ टी॰ सी॰ सी॰) तारीख 1 जनवरी, 1975 के प्रधीन की गई श्री एच॰ प्रार॰ छावड़ा की नियुक्ति, पीर प्रधिसूचना सं॰ 448/फा॰ सं॰ 404/177/73-धाई॰टी॰ सी॰ सी॰) तारीख 27 प्रगस्त, 1973 के प्रधीन की गई सर्वश्री एन॰ बी॰ वास प्रीर प्रार॰ एल॰ बाली की नियुक्ति जस तारीख से रह की जाती है, जिस तारीख को पैरा 1 में विणत प्रधिकारी कर बसूली प्रधिकारियों के रूप में कार्य-भार संभालते हैं।
- 3. यह अधिसूचना उस तारी क्र से प्रवृत्त होगी, जिसको पैरा 1 में वर्णित अधिकारी कर बसूली अधिकारियों के रूप में कार्य-भार सम्भालते हैं।

[सं० 983 (फा॰ सं० 404/35/75-- माई०टी०सी०सी०)]

# New Delhi, the 23rd July, 1975

S.O. 2898.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Subclause (iii) of clause (44) of Section 2 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961), the Central Government hereby authorises S/Shri I. L. Gauba, Kartar Singh, R. L. Bajaj and J. S. Sharma who are Gazetted Officers of the Central Government to exercise the powers of Tax Recovery Officers under the said Act.

- 2. The appointments of Shri S. K. Sabharwal made under Notification No. 138 (F. No. 404/255/72-ITCC) dated the 14th July, 1972, Shri H. R. Chhabra under Notification No. 810 (F. No. 404/221/74-ITCC) dated the 1st January, 1975 and S/Shri N. B. Dass and R. L. Bali under Notification No. 448 (F. No. 404/177/73-ITCC) dated the 27th August, 1973 are hereby cancelled with effect from the date the officers in paragraph 1 take charge as Taz Recovery Officer.
- 3. This Notification shall come into force with effect from the date the officers in paragraph 1 take over as Tax Recovery officers.

[No. 983 (F. No. 404/35/75-ITCC)]

भा० भा० 2899.— माय-कर मिसित्यम, 1961 (1961 का 43) की धारा 2 के खण्ड (44) के उप-खण्ड (iii) द्वारा प्रवत्त मिक्तयों का प्रयोग करते हुए केन्द्रीय सरकार श्री एन० सौरीराजन को, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार के राजपितत मिधिकारी हैं, उक्त मिधिनियम के मिधीन कर बसूली मिधिकारी की शक्तियों का प्रयोग करने के लिए प्राधिकृत करती है।

- 2. प्रधिसूचना संख्या 49(फा॰सं॰ 404/55/70-प्राई॰टी॰सी॰सी॰) तारीख 23 प्रप्रैल, 1970 के प्रधीन की गई श्री ए॰ वी॰ कुष्णराज की नियुक्ति उस तारीख से रइद की जाती है जिस तारीख से श्री एन॰ सौरीराजन कर बसूली श्रीक्षकारी के रूप में कार्य-भार ग्रहण करते हैं।
- 3. यह प्रधिसूचना उस तारीख से प्रवृत्त होगी जिस ताराख से भी एम० सौरीराजन कर वसूली प्रधिकारी के रूप में कार्य-भार यहण करते हैं।

[सं० 985 (फा०सं० 404/131/75-माई०टी०सी०सी०)] टी० मार० मप्रवाल-उप समित्र

- S.O. 2899.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subclause (iii) of clause (44) of Section 2 of the Income-tax Act. 1961 (43 of 1961), the Central Government hereby authorises Shri N. Sourirajan, who is a Gazetted Officer of the Central Government, to exercise the powers of a Tax Recovery Officer under the said Act.
- 2. The appointment of Shri A. V. Krishna Rao, made under Notification No. 49 (F. No. 404/55/70-ITCC) dated the 23rd April, 1970 is hereby cancelled with effect from the date Shri N. Sourirajan takes over charge as Tax Recovery Officer.
- 3. This Notification shall come into force with effect from the date Shri N. Sourirajan takes over charge as Tax Recovery Officer.

[No. 985 (F. No. 404/131/75-ITCC)]

T. R. AGGARWAL, Dy. Secy.

# मई दिल्ली, 29 जुलाई, 1975

का० भा० 2900. — केन्द्रीय सरकार, भाय-कर प्रधिनियम की धारा 2 के खण्ड (44) के उपखंड (iii) द्वारा प्रवत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए सर्वश्री शंकर कुमार है, नृपेन्द्र एम साहा, सुबोध कुमार गुप्त, पिवल्ल कुमार बनर्जी, चार शेखर मंडल, इन्दु भूषण वास, ध्रशोक कुमार राय, भूपति प्रो० मुखर्जी, प्रमोद रंजन बोस, भ्रमल कुमार सरकार, मिहिर लाल गैन, विनय कृष्ण राय, खगेन्द्र एम हल्दर, रमेण चन्द्र साहा, सुख्रमय हल्दर, सुधीर कुमार वास, भ्रवनि रंजन सरकार श्रीर विश्वनाय मुरारी को, जो केन्द्रीय सरकार के राजपत्नित ध्रिधकारी हैं

उक्त अधिनियम के अधीन कर बसूली अधिकारी की शक्तियों का प्रयोग करने के लिए प्राधिकृत करती है।

मह प्रधिसूचना 1 प्रगस्त, 1975 से प्रभृत होगी ।
 [सं० 991(फा० सं० 404/77/75 प्राई०टी०सी०सी०]
 बी०पी० मित्तल, उप समिव।

# New Delhi, the 29th July, 1975

- S.O. 2900.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subclause (iii) of clause (44) of Section 2 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961), the Central Government hereby authorises S/Shri Sankar Kumar De, Nripendra N. Saha, Subodh Kumar Gupta, Pabitra Kumar Banerjee, Charu Sekhar Mandal, Indu Bh. Das, Asoke Kumar Roy, Bhupati P. Mukherjee, Promotha Ranjan Bose, Amal Kumar Sarkar, Mihirlal Gain, Benoy Krishna Roy, Khagendra N. Haldar, Ramesh Ch. Saha, Sukhamoy Haldar, Sudhir Kumar Das, Abani Ranjan Sarkar and Biswanath Murari, who are Gazetted Officers of the Central Government, to exercise the powers of Tax Recovery Officers under the said Act.
- 2. This Notification shall come into force with effect from the 1st August, 1975.

[No. 991 (F. No. 404/77/75-ITCC)] V. P. MITTAL, Dy. Secy.

#### भावेश

न**ई** दिस्ली, 21 श्रगस्त, 1975 । स्टाम्प

का॰ आ॰ 2901—मारतीय स्टाम्प अधिनयम, 1899 (1899 का 2) की धारा 9 की उपधारा (1) के अएड (क) द्वारा प्रवत्त मिन्तयों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार उस भूल्क से, जो इण्डस्ट्रियल रिकास्ट्रक्शन कारपोरेशन आफ इण्डिया लिमिटेड, कलकत्ता द्वारा बचन-प्रतों के रूप में जारी किए जाने वाले वो करोड़ पचहत्तर लाख रूपये मूल्य के 6 प्रतिमत-10 वर्षीय अन्ध्रपत्न, 1985 (द्वितीय प्राविल) पर उक्त अधिनियम के अधीन प्रभाये हैं, छूट वेती हैं।

[सं० 35/75-स्टाम्प-फा० सं० 471/66/75-सीमा गुल्क-7] भ्रो० पी० मेहरा, उप-सनिय।

# STAMPS

# ORDER

## New Delhi, the 21st August, 1975

S.O. 2901.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 9 of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (2 of 1899), the Central Government hereby remits the duty with which the 6 per cent —10 year Bonds, 1985 (Second Series) of the value of two crores and seventy flakhs of rupees, to be issued by the Industrial Reconstruction Corporation of India Ltd., Calcutta, in the form of promissory notes are chargeable under the said Act.

[No. 35/75-Stamps-F. No. 471/66/75-Cus-VII]
O. P. MEHRA, Dy. Secv.

#### वैकिय विभाग

नई दिस्सी, 18 ग्रगस्त, 1975

का० था० 2902—भारतीय रिजर्व बैंक प्रधिनियम, 1934 (1934 का 2) की धारा 8 की उपधारा (1) के खण्ड (क) प्रीर उप-धारा (4) के प्रनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय सरकार, श्री के० प्रार० पुरी को 19 प्रगस्त, 1975 को कार्य समाप्ति के बाद से एक वर्ष की ध्रवधि के लिए, एतद्द्रारा, भारतीय रिजर्व बैंक के गवर्नर के पद पर नियुक्त करती है।

[सं० एफ० 7/11/75∼की० घो०] एम० जी० बालसृत्रह्माध्यम, प्रपर सम्बन्ध

# (Department of Banking)

#### New Delhi, the 18th August, 1975

S.O. 2902.—In pursuance of clause (a) of sub-section (1) and sub-section (4) of section 8 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934), the Central Government hereby appoints Shri K. R. Puri as the Governor of the Reserve Bank of India for a term of one year with effect from the close of business on 19th August, 1975.

[No. F. 7/11/75-BO. I] M. G. BALASUBRAMANIAN, Additional Secy.

# भारतीय रिजवं बैंक

का०न्ना॰ 2903 ---भारतीय रिजर्व बेंक अधिनियम, 1934 के श्रमुसरण में अगस्त 1975 के विनोक 8 को समाप्त हुए सप्ताह के लिए लेखा

# ष्टम् विभाग

वेयताएं	रुपये	रूपये	श्रास्तियां	रुपये	रुपये
—————————————————————————————————————	<del></del>		सोने का सिक्का भीर बुलियन :		
रखे हुए नोट	18,58,37,000		(क) भारत में रखा हुमा	182,52,58,000	
संचलन में नोट	6380,93,85,000		<ul><li>(ऋ) भारत के बाहर रखा हुआ</li></ul>		
जारी किये गये नोट			विदेशी प्रतिभूतियां	121,73,97,000	
कुल नोट		6399,52,22,000	-	<del></del>	
•				जोड़	304,26,55,000
			रुपये का सि <del>षका</del>		9,87,32,000
			भारत सरकार की रुपया प्रतिन		
			भूतियां		6085,38,35,000
			वेशी विनिमय बिल झीर वृसरे		
			वाणिज्य पत्र		- •
कुम वैयताएं	. سامانات بر ومرسوس سند ب	6399,52,22,000	- कुस मास्तियां	<del></del>	6399,52,22,000

# 8 ग्रगस्त 1975 को भारतीय रिजर्थ वैंक के बैंकिंग विभाग के कार्यकलाप का विधरण

वेयताएं	रुपये	भास्तियां	रुपये
भुकता पूंजी	5,00,00,000	मोट	18,58,37,000
भारकित निधि	150,00,00,000	रंपये का सिक्का	4,08,000
राष्ट्रीय कृषि ऋण		छोटा सिक्का	4,55,000
(दीर्षकालीन प्रवर्तन) निधि	334,00,00,000	खरीदे भौर भुनाये गये जिल	
राष्ट्रीय कृषि ऋण		(क) देशी	38, 39, 65, 000
(स्थिरीकरण) निधि	140,00,00,000	(वा) विवेशी	
राष्ट्रीय भौद्योगिक ऋण		(ग) सरकारी खजाना जिल	765,63,44,00
(दीर्घेकालीन प्रवर्गन) निधि	390,00,00,000	विदेशों में रखा हुमा बकाया*	428,18,40,000
जमा राषिया :		निवेश **	882,94,10,000
(क) सरकारो		ऋण ग्रीर प्रग्रिम :	
(i) केन्द्रीय सरकार	52,50,70,000	(i) केन्द्रीय सरकार को	• •
(ii) राज्य सरकारें	8,34,17,000	(ii) राज्य सरकारों को @	80,17,00,0000
(祖) 着布		ऋण मधीर भूमिम :	
(i) भनुसूचित वाणिज्य वैक	552,10,96,000	(i) भ्रनुसूचित वाणिज्य बैंकों को†	83,99,50,000
(ii) भनुसूचित राज्य		(ii) राज्य सहकारी बैंकों को‡	281,95,80,000
सहकारी वैंक	16,66,31,000	(iii) दुसरों को	9,65,61,000
(iii) गैर भनुसूचित राज्य		राष्ट्रीय कृषि ऋण (दीर्घंकालीन प्रवर्तन) निधि से	
सहकारी बैंक	- 1,58,15,000	ऋण, भग्निम भौर निवेश	
(iv) अन्य वैंक	84,83,000	(फ) ऋण और ब्रग्निः	
		(i) राज्य सरकारों को	69,64,00,000
		(ii) राज्य सहकारी वैंकों को	12,87,74,000
		(iji) केन्द्रीय भूमियन्त्रक वैंकों को	
		(iv) इति पुनर्वित्त निगम को	87,20,00,000
(ग) भन्म	1049,04,51,000	(ख) केन्द्रीय भूमिबन्धक बैंकों के तिबेंचरों में निवेश	10,60,13,000
		राष्ट्रीय कृषि ऋण (स्थिरीकरण) निधि से ऋण ध्रौर ग्रक्षिम	
देय बिल	135,65,91,000	राज्य सहकारी बैंकों को ऋण ग्रौर ग्रग्निम	92,62,12,000
		राष्ट्रीय मौद्योगिक ऋण (दीर्घकालीन प्रवर्तन) निधि से	
मन्य देयताएं	667,84,33,000	ऋण, भग्रिम भौर निवेश	
		(क) विकास बैंक को ऋण ग्रीर भग्निम	315,09,96,000
		(ख) विकास मैंक द्वारा जारी किये गये बांडों/डिबेंचरों	
		में निवेश	
		मन्य मास्तियां	345,95,02,000
रूपये	3503,59,47,000	- रुपये	3503,59,47,000

<sup>\*</sup> नकदी, प्रावधिक जमा ग्रीर कस्पकालीन प्रतिभूतियां शामिल हैं।

[10(1)/75—allo silo-1]

<sup>\*\*</sup> राष्ट्रीय कृषि ऋण (दीर्घकासीन प्रवर्तेन) निधि धौर राष्ट्रीय श्रौद्योगिक ऋण (दीर्घकासीन प्रवर्तेन) निधि में से किये गये निवेल शामिल नहीं हैं।

एक्ट्रीय कृषि ऋण (दीर्घकालीन प्रवर्तन) निधि से प्रवत्त ऋण भीर भग्निम णामिल नहीं है, परन्तु राज्य सरकारों को दिये गये अस्थायी ग्रोकर-ग्रापट गामिल हैं।

<sup>†</sup> भारतीय रिजर्व बैंक भिधिनियम की धारा 17(4) (ग) के प्रधीन धनुसूचित वाणिष्य बैंकों को भीयादी बिलों पर श्रग्निम दिये गये 39,42,00,000/- रुपये ग्रामिल हैं।

<sup>‡</sup> राष्ट्रीय कृषि ऋण (दीर्घकालीन प्रवर्तन) निधि भीर राष्ट्रीय कृषि ऋण (स्थिरीकरण) निधि से प्रवत्त ऋण श्रीर ग्रविम ज्ञामिल नहीं है । एन० सी० सैन गुप्ता, गर्वर्गर

च० व० मीरचन्वामी, ग्रयर समित्र

# RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

S.O. 2903—An Account pursuant to the RESERVE BANK OF INDIA ACT, 1934, for the week ended the 8th day of August 1975

# ISSUE DEPARTMENT

Liabilities	Rs.	Rs.	Assets	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking	<del></del>	<del></del>	Gold Coin and Bullion:—	<del></del>	<del></del>
Department	. 18,58,37,000		(a) Held in India	182,52,58,000	
Notes in circulation .	. 6380,93,85,000		(b) Held outside India		
	<del></del>		(c) Foreign Securities	121,73,97,000	
Total notes issued		6399,52,22,000		<del></del>	
			Total		304,26,55,000
			Rupee Coin Government of India		9,87,32,000
			Rupee Securities		6085,38,35,000
			Internal Bills of exchange and other commercial paper		
Total Liabilities	,	6399,52,22,000	Total Assets		6399,52,22,000

Dated the 13th day of August 1975.

# Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 8th August 1975

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Capital Paid Up	5,00,00,000	Notes	18,58,37,000
Reserve Fund	150,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	4,08,000
National Agricultural Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund	334,00,00,000	Small Coin Bills Purchased and Discounted:	4,55,000
National Agricultural Credit		(a) Internal	38,39,65,000
(Stabilisation) Fund National Industrial Credit (Long	140,00,00,000	(b) External (c) Government Treasury	i
Term Operations) Fund	390,00,00,000	Bills	765,63,44,000
Deposits:—		Balances Held Abroad*	428,18,40,000
(a) Government		Investments**	882,94,10,000
(i) Central Government	52,50,70,000	Loans and Advances to:-	
(ii) State Governments	8,34,17,000	(i) Central Government	
(b) Banks		(ii) State Governments@	80,17,00,000
(i) Scheduled Commercial		Loans and Advances to:-	
Banks (ii) Scheduled State Co-	552,10,96,000	(i) Scheduled Commercial Bankst	63,99,50,00
operative Banks	16,66,31,000	(ii) State Co-operative	
(iii) Non-Scheduled State		Banks‡	281,95,80,000
C2-operative Banks	1,58,15,000		
(iv) Other Banks	84,43,000	(iii) Others	9,65,61,000
(c) Others	1049,04,51,000	Loans, Advances and Invest-	
Bills Payable	135,65,91,000	ments from National Agri-	
Other Liabilities	667,84,33,000	cultural Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund	
		(a) Loans and Advances to:	
		(i) State Governments	69,64,00,000
		(ii) State Co-operative Banks	12,87,74,000
		(iii) Central Land Mort- gage Banks	••
		(iv) Agricultural Re- finance Corporation	87,20,00,000

<b>Liabilities</b>	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
- ب <u>- سند</u> ، ده ما ماه		(b) Investment in Central Land Mortgage Banks Debentures	10,60,13,000
		Loans and Advances from National Agricultural Credit (Stabilisation) Fund	••
		Loans and Advances to State Co-operative Banks	92,62,12,000
		Loans, Advances and Invest- ments from National Indus- trial Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund	
		(a) Loans and Advances to the Development Bank	315,09,96,000
		(b) Investment in bonds/de- bentures issued by the Development Bank	•
		Other Assets	345,95,02,000
Rupees	3503	3,59,47,000 Rupees	3503,59,47,000

- \*Includes Cash, Fixed Deposits and Short-term Securities.
- \*\*Excluding Investments from the National Agricultural Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund and the National Industrial Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund.
- @Excluding Loans and Advances from the National Agricultural Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund, but including temporary overdrafts to State Governments.
- † Includes Rs. 39,42,00,000/- advanced to scheduled commercial banks against usuance bills under Section 17(4)(c) of the Reserve Bank of India Act.
- ††Excluding Loans and Advances from the National Agricultural Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund and the National Agricultural Credit (Stabilisation) Fund.

N. C. SEN GUPTA Governor.

Dated the 13th day of August, 1975.

[No. 10(1)/75-BO-I]

C. W. MIRCHANDANI, Under Secy.

(केन्द्रीय प्रत्यक्ष कर बोर्ड)

नई दिल्ली, 9 जुलाई, 1975

(भाय-कर)

का॰ ग्रा॰ 2904.— ग्रायकर श्रिधिनियम, 1961 (1961 का 43) भी धारा 126 के श्रिधीन जारी की गई बोर्ड की ग्रिधिसुचना सं० 6 (फा॰ सं॰ 187/18/72-II (ए॰ श्राई॰) सारीख 16 सितम्बर, 1972 में, निम्नलिखित संशोधन किए जाएंगे।

न्नाय-कर म्नायुक्त दिल्ली-I, II, III मौर IV, नई विल्ली की भिध-कारिता में माने वाले मामले के स्थान पर,

दिल्ली में सभी श्राय-कर भायुक्तों की श्रधिकारिता में श्राने थाले मामले, पढें।

[सं० 959 (फा॰सं॰ 187/10/75-II (ए॰ब्राई॰)]

(Central Board of Direct Taxes) New Delhi, the 9th July, 1975

(Income-tax)

S.O. 2904.—In the Board's Notification No. 6(F. No. 187/18/72-IT(AI) dated 16th September, 1972 issued u/s. 126 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) the following amendment shall be made.

69 GI/75-3

For Cases falling in the jurisdiction of Commission of Income-tax, Delhi-I, II, III & IV, New Delhi.

Read Cases falling in the jurisdiction of all the Commissioners of Income-tax in Delhi.

[No. 959 (F. No. 187/10/75-II(AI).]

नई दिल्ली, 2 जुलाई, 1975 (भाय कर)

का० मा० 2905.—श्रायकर श्रिधितियम, 1961 (1961 का 43) की धारा 121 की उपधारा (1) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय प्रस्यक्ष कर बोर्ड, समय-समय पर यथासंशोधित श्रपनी श्रिध-सूचना संख्या 679 (फा० संख्या 187/2/74-शाई०टी० (ए०-1) तारीख 20 जून, 1974 से उपायद श्रनुसूची में निम्नलिखित संशोधन करता है:—

1. ऋम संख्या 20 के सामने स्तम्भ (1), (2) भौर (3) के भ्रधीन विद्यमान प्रविष्टियों के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित प्रविष्टियां रखी जाएंगी:---

म्रायकर <del>मायुक्त</del>	मुख्यालय	श्रधिकारिता
1	2	3
20. राजस्थान- <b>I</b>	जयपुर	<ol> <li>वेतन सर्किल, जयपुर।</li> <li>केन्द्रीय सर्किल, जयपुर।</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>कम्पनी सकिल, अयपुर।</li> </ol>

	2	3	1		3
<del></del> ,		- —	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		4. Special Survey Circle I and II, Jaipur.
		II, जयपुर ।			5. Asstt. Controller of Estate Duty.
		<ol> <li>सहायक नियंत्रक, सम्पदा-</li> </ol>			6. Kota (including Jhak
		भु <del>ल्का</del> ।			war and Bundi Distric
		<ol> <li>कोटा (झालावाड़ छीर बुंदी</li> </ol>			7. Sawai Madhopur.
		जिले सम्मिलित हैं)।			8. Alwar.
		7. म <b>वाई</b> माधोपूर । 🛴			9. Bikaner.
		8. मलवर।			10. Hanumangarh.
		9. वीकानेर ।			11. Sriganganagar.
		10. हन्मानगढ़।			12. Churu. 13. Jhunjhunu.
		14. श्रीगंगानगर ।			14. Nagaur.
		12. भूर।			15. Sikar.
		•	Rajasthan-II	Jaipur.	1. A, B, C, D, E, F, G
		13. झ्नझुन्।	Najastian-11	загра.	H and J Wards, Jaipur
		1.4. नागौर। 			2. Special Ward, Jodhpur
		15. सिकार।			3. Special Ward, Ajmer
राजस्थान-II	जयपुर	1. क, खा, ग, घ, इट, च, छ, छ,			4. Ajmer.
	•	भौर का नार्ड, जयपुर ।			<ol> <li>Udaipur.</li> <li>Chittorgarh.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>विशेष वार्ड, जोधपुर ।</li> </ol>			7. Bhilwara.
		<ol> <li>विशेष वार्ड, भ्रजमेर ।</li> </ol>			8. Beawar.
		4. प्रजमेर।			9. Jodhpur.
		5. उदयपुर ।			10. Pali.
		6. मिसीड़गढ़।			11. Barmer.
		<sub>७</sub> . भील <b>ाडा</b> ।			12. Jalore.
		८. ध्याधरः।			13. Sirohi.
					14. Bharatpur.
		<ol> <li>जोधपुर।</li> </ol>		•	<ul><li>15. Chief Auditor, Jaipur.</li><li>16. I.T.O. (Internal Audit)</li></ul>
		10. पाली			Jaipur.
		11. <b>बाड़मेर।</b>		4 13 4 ~	
		12. आलोर।	This Notification		Tect from 7-7-1975.
		13ः सिरोही ।			049 (F.No. 187/2/74-IT (AI).]
		14. भरतपुर।		Т. Р. ЈН	UNJHUNWALA, Secy.
		1.5. <b>मुक्य</b> संपरी <b>क्षक</b> ।		कारतेण	-

यह धिवित्रुचना 7-7-1975 से प्रभावी होगी।

[सं० 949 (फ॰सं॰ 187/2/74-श्राई॰टी॰(ए॰-1)]

टी० पी० सुनसुनवाला, सचिव

New Delhi, the 2nd July, 1975 (Income Tax)

S.O. 2905.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 121 of the Incme-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961), the Central Board of Direct Taxes hereby makes the follwing amendments to the Schedule appended to its notification No. 679 (F. No. 187/2/74-IT (AI) dated the 20th June, 1974, as amended from time to time:-

I. Existing entries under columns (1), (2) and (3) against S. No. 20 shall be substituted by the following entries:-

Income-tax Commissioner.	Headquarters	Jurisdict	ion
1	2	3	
20 Rajasthan-I.	Jaipur.	aipur. 1. Salary Circle: Jaip 2. Central Circle, Jai	
		3. Company Jaipur.	Circle,

# धावेश नई दिल्ली, 17 जुलाई, 1975

का० ग्रा॰ 2906.--ग्राय-कर (प्रमाण-पन्न कार्यवाहियां) 1962 के नियम 6 के अनुसरण में, फेन्द्रीय प्रत्यक्ष कर बोर्ड निवेश करता है कि सर्वश्री एम० क्याल भीर बी० कुजूर, जिन्हों केन्द्रीय सरकार ने भायकर मधिनियम, 1961 (1961 का 43) की धारा 2 के खंड (44) के उपसण्ड (iii) के अधीन कर वसूली अधिकारियों की शक्तियों का प्रयोग करने के लिए प्राधिकृत किया है, साथ-साथ बिहार राज्य में सभी राजस्व जिलों की बाबत श्रधिकारिता का प्रयोग करेंगे।

- बोर्ड के भावेग सं० 546 (फा० सं० 404/16/74-माई०टी० सी०सी०), तारीख 23 जनवरी, 1974 भीर सं० 673 (फा० सं० 404/ 16/74-प्राई०टी०सी०सी०), तारीख 10 जुलाई, 1974 के प्रधीन सर्बंधी पी० बी० प्रयुष्या श्रीर एच० लाल को प्रवत्त अधिकारिता उस तारीख से धापस ली जाती है जिस तारीख को पैरा 1 में के अधिकारी कर बसली ग्रधिकारियों के रूप में कार्य-भार ग्रष्टण करते हैं।
- 3. यह ब्रादेश उस तारीख को प्रवृत्त होगा जिस तारीख को सर्वधी एम० दयाल धीर डी० कुणुर कर वसूली प्रधिकारियों के रूप में कार्य-भार ग्रहण करते हैं ।

[सं० 966 (फा॰ सं॰ 404/95/75-शाई॰टी॰सी॰सी॰]

# ORDER

# New Delhi, the 17th July, 1975

- S.O. 2906.—In pursuance of Rule 6 of the Income-tax (Certificate Proceedings) Rules, 1962, the Central Board of Direct Taxes hereby directs that S/Shri M. Dayal and D. Kujur authorised by the Central Government to exercise the powers of Tax Recovery Officers under sub-clause (iii) of Clause (44) of Section 2 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961), shall concurrently exercise jurisdiction in respect of all the Revenue Districts in the State of Bihar.
- 2. The jurisdiction conferred upon S/Shri P. D. Audhya and H. Lal under Board's order No. 546 (F. No. 404/16/74-ITCC) dated 23rd January, 1974 and No. 673 (F. No. 404/16/74-ITCC) dated 10th July, 1974 is hereby withdrawn with effect from the date the officers in paragraph 1 take over as Tax Recovery Officers.
- 3. This Order shall come into force with effect from the date S/Shri M. Dayal and D. Kujur take over as Tax Recovery Officers.

[No. 966 (F. No. 404/95/75-ITCC)]

का० भा० 2907.—-प्रायकर (प्रमाण-पत्न कार्यवाहियां) नियम, 1962 के नियम 6 के अनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय प्रत्यक्ष कर बोर्ड निदेश देता है कि श्री एन०पी० वरवीस, जिसे केन्द्रीय सरकार ने भ्रायकर प्रधिनियम, 1961 (1961 का 43) की धारा 2 के खण्ड (44) के उपखण्ड (iii) के अधीन कर वसूली श्रीधकारी की शक्तियों का प्रयोग करने के लिए प्राधिवृत किया है, साथ साथ केरल राज्य के समस्त राजस्व जिलों और लक्षद्रीप संय राज्य केस तथा पाण्डिचेरी संघ राज्य केस में माहे की वाबन अधिकारिन का प्रयोग करेंगे।

- 2. बोर्ड के श्रादेश सं० 382 (फा० सं० 404/176/73-श्राई०टी० सी०सी०) तारीख 15 जून, 1973 के श्रधीन श्री टी० जोसेफ मैण्यू को प्रदत्त श्रधिकारिता उस तारीख से बापस ली जाती है, जिस तारीख से श्री एन०सी० वरघीस कर बसूली श्रधिकारी के रूप में कार्यभार संभालते हैं।
- यह आदेश उस तारीख से प्रवृत्त होगा जिस तारीख से श्री एन०
   वरधीस कर वसूली अधिकारी के रूप में कार्यभार संभालते हैं।

[सं० 968 (फा॰सं॰ 404/85/75-माई॰टी॰सी॰सी॰)]

# ORDER

- S.O. 2907.—In pursuance of Rule 6 of the Income-tax (Certificate Proceedings) Rules, 1962, the Central Board of Direct Taxes hereby directs that Shri N. P. Varghese authorised by the Central Government to exercise the powers of a Tax Recovery Officer under sub-clause (iii) of Clause (44) of Section 2 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961), shall concurrently exercise jurisdiction in respect of all the Revenue Districts of Kerala State and the Union Territory of Lakshadweep and Mahe in the Union Territory of Pondicherry.
- 2. The jurisdiction conferred upon Shri T. Joseph Mathew made under Board's Order No. 382 (F. No. 404/176/73-ITCC) dated the 15th June, 1973 is hereby withdrawn with effect from the date Shri N. P. Varghese takes over charge as a Tax Recovery Officer.
- 3. This Order shall come into force with effect from the date Shri N. P. Varghese takes over as a Tax Recovery Officer.

[No. 968 (F. No. 404/85/75--[TCC)]

ग्रावेश

का० धा० 2908.— प्रायकर (प्रमाण-पन्न कार्यवाहियां) नियम, 1962 के नियम 6 के श्रनुसरण में केन्द्रीय प्रस्यक्ष-कर बोर्ड निवेश वेता है कि श्री

- पी०ए० जार्ज, जिसे केन्द्रीय सरकार ने, भाय-कर श्रीधिनियम, 1961 (1961 का 43) की धारा 2 के खण्ड (44) के उप-वाण्ड (iii) के भधीन कर वसूली अधिकारी की शक्तियों का प्रयोग करने के लिए प्राधिकृत किया है, साथ-साथ केरल राज्य के समस्त राजस्व जिलों और सक्षद्वीप संघ राज्य केंन्न तथा पाण्डिचेरी संघ राज्य केंन्न में माहे की बाबत अधि-कारिता का प्रयोग करेंगे।
- 2- बोर्ड के आदेश सं० 307 (फा० सं० 404/32/71-आई०टी० सी०सी०) तारीख 3 नवम्बर, 1971 के अधीन श्री पी०पी० विजयराज्यवस को प्रदक्त अधिकारिता 1 अगस्त, 1975 से वापस ली जाती है।
  - 3. यह मादेश I मगस्त, 1975 की प्रवृक्त होगा।

[सं० 970 (फा॰सं० 404/85/75-भाई०टी०सी०सी०)]

#### ORDER

- S. O. 2908.—In pursuance of Rule 6 of the Income-tax (Certificate Proceedings) Rules, 1962, the Central Board of Direct Taxes hereby directs that Shri P. A. George authorised by the Central Government to exercise the powers of a Tax Recovery Officer under sub-clause (iii) of Clause (44) of Section 2 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 o. 1961), shall concurrently exercise jurisdiction in respect of all the Revenues Districts of Kerala State and the Union Territory of Lakshadweep and Mahe in the Union Territory of Pondicherry.
- 2. The jurisdiction conferred upon Shri P. P. Vijayaraghavan under Board's order No. 307 (F. No. 404/32/71-ITCC) dated the 3rd November, 1971 is hereby withdrawn with effect from the 1st August, 1975.
- 3. This order shall come into force with effect from the 1st August, 1975.

[No. 970 (F. No. 404/85/75-ITCC)]

#### मादेश

नई दिल्ली, 23 जुलाई, 1975

का॰ गा॰ 2909.— प्रायकर (प्रमाण-पन्न कार्यवाहियों) नियम, 1962 के नियम 6 के प्रनुसरण में केन्द्रीय प्रस्थक्ष कर बोर्ड निर्देश करता है कि सर्वक्षी प्राई०एल० गीबा, करतार सिंह, भ्रार०एल० बजाज भीर जे०एस० गर्मा, जिन्हें केन्द्रीय सरकार द्वारा भ्राय-कर प्रधिनियम, 1961 (1961 का 43) की धारा 2 के खण्ड (44) के उपखण्ड (iii) के भ्रधीन कर बसूली प्रधिकारियों की शक्तियों का प्रयोग करने के लिए, प्राधिकृत किया गया है, साथ ही साथ, विल्ली संघ राज्य क्षेत्र के भीतर समाजिब्द सभी क्षेत्रों की बांबर प्रधिकारियों का प्रयोग करेंगे।

- 2. श्रादेण सं० 139 (फा०सं० 404/255/72-श्राई०टी०सी०सी०) तारीख 14 जुलाई, 1972, श्रादेण सं० 811 (फा० सं० 404/221/74 श्राई०टी०सी०भी०) तारीख 1 जनवरी, 1975, श्रादेण सं० 449 (फा० सं० 404/177/73-श्राई०टी०सी०भी०) तारीख 27 श्रगस्त, 1973 श्रीर श्रादेण सं० 449 (फा०सं० 404/177/73-श्राई०टी०सी०ली०) तारीख 27 श्रगस्त, 1973 के श्रधीन क्रमण: सर्वश्री एस०के० साभरवाल, एच० श्रार० छाबङ्ग, एन०की० दास श्रीर श्रार०एल० बाली को कर बसूली श्रीधकारियों के रूप में प्रदत्त श्रीधकारिता उस तारीख से वापस ली जाती है, जिस तारीख को सर्वश्री श्राई०एल० गीवा, करतार सिंह, श्रार०एल० बजाज श्रीर जे०एस० शर्मा कर बसूल श्रीधकारियों के रूप में कार्यभार संभालते हैं।
- 3. यह धादेण उस तारीख से प्रवृक्त होगा, जिसको सर्वश्री धाई० एल० गौका, करनार सिंह, घार०एल० बजाज धौर जे०एस० शर्मा कार्य-भार संभालते हैं।

[सं० 984 (फा॰सं० 404/35/75-माई०टी॰सी॰सी॰)]

# **ORDER**

# New Delhi, the 23rd July, 1975

- S.O. 2909.—In pursuance of rule 6 of the Income-tax (Certificate Proceedings) Rules, 1962, the Central Board of Direct Taxes hereby directs that S/Shri I. L. Gauba, Kartar Singh, R. L. Bajaj and J. S. Sharma, authorised by the Central Government to exercise the powers of Tax Recovery Officers under sub-clause (iii) of Clause (44) of Section 2 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961), shall concurrently exercise jurisdiction in respect of all the areas comprised within the Union Territory of Delhi.
- 2. The jurisdiction conferred upon S/Shri S. K. Sabharwal, H. R. Chhabra, N. B. Dass and R. L. Bali as Tax Recovery Officers under Order No. 139 (F. No. 404/255/72-ITCC) dated the 14th July, 1972, No. 811 (F. No. 404/221/74-ITCC) dated the 1st January, 1975, No. 449 (F. No. 404/177/73-ITCC) dated the 27th August, 1973 and No. 449 (F. No. 404/177/73-ITCC) dated the 27th August, 1973, respectively is hereby withdrawn with effect from the date S/Shri I. L. Gauba, Kartar Singh, R. L. Bajaj and J. S. Sharma, take over as Tax Recovery Officers.
- 3. This order shall come into force with effect from the date S/Shri J. L. Gauba, Kartar Singh, R. L. Bajaj and J. S. Sharma take over.

[No. 984 (F. No. 404/35/75-ITCC)]

#### ग्राहेश

का॰ प्रा॰ 2910.—श्रायकर (प्रमाण-पक्ष कार्यवाहियां) नियम, 1962 के नियम 6 के प्रनुसरण में, केन्द्रीय प्रत्यक्ष कर बोर्ड निवेश देता है कि श्री एन॰ सोरीराजन, जिसे केन्द्रीय सरकार द्वारा भ्राय-कर प्रधिनियम, 1961 (1961 का 43) की धारा 2 के खण्ड (44) के उपखण्ड (iii) के श्रधीन कर वसूली भ्रधिकारी की णक्तियों का प्रयोग करने के लिए प्राधिकृत किया गया है, साथ-साथ श्रांध्र प्रवेश राज्य में भी, जिसमें येणम संघ राज्य क्षेत्र सम्मिलत हैं, ग्रधिकारिता का प्रयोग करेंगे।

- 2. प्रादेश संख्या 384 (फा॰ सं॰ 404/173/73-प्राई०टी०सी०सी०) तारीख 18 जून, 1973 के प्रधीन श्री ए०वी० क्रुष्णराव को प्रदस्त प्रधिकारिता उस तारीख से वापस भी जाती है जबसे श्री एन्० सीरीराजन कर वसूभी प्रधिकारी के रूप में कार्यभार ग्रहण करते हैं।
- 3. यह ब्रादेश उस तारीख से प्रवृत्त होगा जिस तारीख से श्री एन० सौरीराजन, कर बसूली ब्रधिकारी के रूप में कार्यभार ग्रहण करते हैं।

[सं० 986 (फा०सं० 404/131/75-माई०टी०सी०सी०)] टी० भ्रार० भ्रग्रवाल, समिव

#### ORDER

- S.O. 2910.—In pursuance of Rule 6 of the Income-tax (Certificate Proceedings) Rules, 1962 the Central Board of Direct Taxes hereby directs that Shri N. Sourirajan authorised by the Central Government to exercise the powers of a Tax Recovery Officer under sub-clause (iii) of clause (44) of Section 2 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) shall concurrently exercise jurisdiction in the State of Andhra Pradesh including the Union Territory of Yanam.
- 2. The jurisdiction conferred upon Shri A. V. Krishna Rao under order No. 384 (F. No. 404/173/73-ITCC) dated 18th June, 1973 is withdrawn with effect from the date Shri N. Sourirajan takes over as a Tax Recovery Officer.
- 3. This order shall come into force with effect from the date Shri N. Sourirajan takes over charge as Tax Recovery Officer.

[No. 986(F. No. 404/131/75-ITCC)] T. R. AGGARWAL, Secy.

#### धादेश

# नई विल्ली, 29 जुलाई, 1975

काल्झां 2911. केन्द्रीय प्रत्यक्ष कर बोर्ड, भ्राय-कर (प्रमाण-पन्न कार्यवाहियां) नियम, 1962 के नियम 6 के अनुसरण में यह निदेश करना है कि प्रायकर प्रधिनियम, 1961 (1961 का 43) की धारा 2 खण्ड (44) के उप-खण्ड (iii) के प्रधीन कर यसूली प्रधिकारियों की शक्तियों का प्रयोग करने के लिए प्राधिकृत सर्वश्री शंकर कुमार है, नृपेन्द्र एन० साहा, सुबोध कुमार गुप्त, पिकत्र कुमार बनर्जी, चार शेखर मंडल, इन्सु भूषण वास, भ्रायोक कुमार राय, भूपति पी० मुखर्जी, प्रमोद रंजन बोस, भ्रमल कुमार सरकार, मिहिर लाल गैन, बिनय कृष्ण राय, खगेन्द्र एन० हत्वर, रमेश चन्द्र साहा, सुखामय हत्वर, सुधीर कुमार वास, ध्रवानि रंजन सरकार और विश्वनाथ मुरारी साथ ही साथ पश्चिमी बंगाल राज्य में सभी क्षेत्रों की बावत श्रधिकारिता का प्रयोग करेंगे।

2. यह श्रावेश 1 श्रगस्त, 1975 से प्रवृत्त होगा।

[सं० 992 (फा॰सं॰ 404/77/75-माई॰टी॰सी॰सी॰)]

बी०पी० मित्तल, सचिव

#### ORDER

# New Delhi, the 29th July, 1975

- S.O. 2911.—In pursuance of Rule 6 of the Income-tax (Certificate Proceedings) Rules, 1962, the Central Board of Direct Taxes hereby directs that S/Shri Sankar Kumar, De, Nripendra N. Saha, Subodh Kumar Gupta, Pabitra Kumar Banerjee, Charu Sekhar Mandal, Indu Bh. Das, Ashok Kumar Roy, Bhupati P. Mukheriee, Promotha Ranjan Bose, Amar Kumar Sarkar, Mihirlal Gain, Benoy Krishna Roy, Khangandra N. Haldar, Ramesh Ch. Saha, Sukhamoy Haldar, Sudhir Kumar Das, Abani Ranjan Sarkar and Biswanath Murari authorised by the Central Government to exercise the powers of Tax Recovery Officers under sub-clause (iii) of clause (44) of Section 2 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961), shall concurrently exercise jurisdiction in respect of all the areas in the State of West Bengal.
- 2. This Order shall come into force with effect from the 1st August, 1975.

[No. 992 (F. No. 404/77/75-ITCC)] V. P. MITTAL, Secy.

केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क समाहर्तालय बम्बई, 26 जुलाई, 1975 केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क

का० आ० 2912 — केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुरुक नियमावली 1944 के नियम 5 के प्रस्तर्गत मुझे प्रवत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए मैं एतद्द्वारा बम्बई केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुरुक समाहतीलय के निम्निलिखित केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुरुक समाहतीलय के निम्निलिखित केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुरुक के प्रधिकारियों की उनके सम्बन्धित केन्द्राधिकार में कालम दो में विणित नियमों के प्रधीन "समाहतीं" की शक्तियों के प्रयोग का प्रधिकार देता हूं बशर्त कि वे पीछे जुड़ी सारणी के कालम तीन में विणित परिसीमा में हो:—

मधिकारी का नाम व श्रेणी	नियम	परिसीमाएं
1	2	3
उप समाहर्ता केम्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क	173जी (4)	उत्पादन, विनिर्माण, भाण्डा- गारण, डिलियरी श्रथवा मालों का निपटान जिसमें कि गुल्केय मालों के विनिर्माण में खपत

· - 1	2	3
		के लिए या भ्रत्य मालों के
		लिए प्राप्त क <del>च्</del> या माल है,
		उसके पास स्टाक में उपलब्ध
		माल/कच्चा माल तथा उसके
		द्वारा श्रवधारित एव प्रयत्त
		शुल्क सम्मिलित है के निजि
		लेखों को स्वीकार करना ।

[सं० सी०ई०भार०/5/173 जी० (4)/1975/सं० V (30)/94/मिले/75]

## CENTRAL EXCISE COLLECTORATE

Bombay, the 26th July, 1975.

## Central Excise

S. O. 2912.—In exercise of the powers conferred on me under Rule 5 of the Central Excise Rules 1944, I hereby empower the undermentioned officers of Central Excise of the Bombay Central Excise Collectorate to exercise within their respective jurisdictions the powers of the Collector under the rules mentioned in column No. 2 subject to the limitations set out in column No. 3 of the sub-joined table; —

Rank and name of the officer.	Rules	Limitations.
1	2	3
Deputy Collector Central Excise	173-G(4)	To accopt private accounts of production, manufacture, storage, delivery or disposal of goods, including material received for or consumed in the manufacture of excisable or other goods, the goods and material in stock with him and duty determined and paid by him.

[No. CER/5/173-G(4)/1975/F. No. V(30) 94/Misc./75]

कांश्याः 2913.—इस समाहर्तालय की विनांक 2 विसम्बर, 1971 की अधिसूचना सख्या सी०ई०ग्रार०/173-जी० (4)/71 के साथ नत्थी केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुरुक योग्य वस्तुत्रों की सूची में श्रागे निम्नलिखित संशोधन भावेशित किये जाते हैं।

कम संख्या 26 के बाद निम्नलिखित प्रविष्टि की जाय:---

कालम 1	कालम 2	कालम 3	कालम 4
(कम संख्या)	(टैरिफ मद संख्या)	(विवरण)	(महस्वपूर्णकच्छेमाल कानाम)
27	1-ई	ग्लूकोज तथा डेक्स्टरोज तथा उसकी निर्मितियां	<ul><li>(1) मक्का स्टाचं</li><li>(2) मालू स्टाचं</li><li>(3) टोपियोका स्टाचं</li></ul>

[सं० सी० एक्स० सी० ई० धार०/173 जी ( 8)/1975/ फा० सं० V ( 30) 29/मिस्ले/74] ज्योतिर्मय बत्त, समाहर्ता S.Q. 2913.—The following further amendments are ordered in the list of excisable commodities appended to this Collectorate Notification No. CER/173-G/(4)/71 dated 2nd December, 1971.

After St Col. 1	r. No. 26 inser Col. 2	t the following: — Col 3.	Col 4.
(Sr. No.)	(T.I. No.)	(Description)	(Name of the Important Raw Material).
27.	l-E	Glucose & Dex- trose & Prepa- rations-thereof	(1) Corn Starch (2) Potato Starc (3) Topioca Starch.

[No. C EX. CER/173—G(8)/1975
 F. No. V-(30)/29/Misc./74
 J. DATTA, collector

# बड़ीदा, 1 मगस्त, 1975

कार्या 2914.—केन्द्रीय उत्पाद णुरुक, नियमावली, 1944 के नियम 5 द्वारा मुझे प्रवत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, मैं एतद्द्वारा केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क, बड़ौदा समाहर्ताक्षय के उप-समाहर्ताक्षों को, केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क नियमावली, 1944 के नियम 173-जी उप-नियम (4) के प्रधीन समाहर्ता की शक्तियों प्रयोग करने के लिए प्रत्यायोजित करता हूं।

इस समाहतिलय की प्रधिसूचना संख्या 9-68 दिनांक 23-5-68 की रह किया जाता है।

[सं॰ 3-75/IV/16-36/73 वि॰उ॰] एव॰ श्रार० सिएम, समाहती

# Baroda, the 1st August, 1975

**S.O.** 2914.—In exercise of the powers conferred upon me by rule 5 of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, I hereby delegate to the Deputy Collectors of Central Excise in Baroda Collectorate to exercise the power of the Collector under subrule (4) of rule 173-G of the Central Excise Rules, 1944.

This Collectorate notification No. 9/68 dated 23-5-68 is cancelled.

[No. 3-75/IV/16-36/73/MP] H. R. SYIEM, Collector

श्राय-कर श्रायुक्त कार्यालय पटियाला ]| पटियाला, 2 जुलाई, 1975 श्राय-कर

का०ग्रा० 2915.—केन्द्रीय सरकार की राय है कि लोकहित में यह श्रावश्यक तथा समीचीन है कि ऐसे निर्धारितियों के गाम तथा उनसे सम्बन्धित श्रन्य विशिष्टियां प्रकाणित की जाएं जिन पर विसीय वर्ष 1973-74 के दौरान 5000 है अन्यून शास्ति श्रश्विरोपित की गई थी।

भीर यतः भायकर श्रधिनियम, 1961 (1961 का 43) की धारा 287 द्वारा प्रदत्त सक्तियों का तथा इस निभित्त उसे समर्थ बनाने वाली भ्रन्य सभी शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार ने ग्रपने दिनांक 25 मार्ज, 1969 के आदेश द्वारा सभी आय-कर आयुक्तों को, उनके धिवकार-क्षेत्र के भीतर ऐसे निर्धारितियों के नाम, पते, हैसियत, निर्धारण वर्ष तथा उद्गृहीत शास्तियों के ब्यौरे, जिसमें निर्धारितियों से सम्बन्धित शास्तियों की राणि तथा उनकी प्रकृति भी शामिल होगी तथा जिम पर वित्तीय वर्ष 1973-74 के दौरान 5000 रु० से अन्यून की शास्ति धिंगरोपित की गई थी, प्रकाशित करने के लिए प्राधिक्वत किया है।

श्रतः श्रव केन्द्रीय सरकार द्वारा उसके दिनांक 25 मार्च, 1969 के पूर्वोक्त आदेश द्वारा मुझे प्रदक्ष शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, मैं इससे संलग्न श्रमुसूची-1 में पूर्वोक्त निर्धारितियों के नाम तथा श्रन्थ विशिष्टियां एतबुद्वारा प्रकाशित करता हूं।

# प्रनुसूची- ।

ऐसे निर्धारिती जिन पर, वित्तीय वर्ष 1973-74 के दौरान प्राय की विवरणी फाइल न करने या लेखा बहियां प्रस्तुत न करने हेतु 5000 रू० से अन्यून शास्ति प्रधिरोपित की गई थी जहां प्रधिकरण को कोई प्रपील, उसके लिए अनुजात समय के भीतर नहीं प्रस्तुत की गई थी ध्रथवा जहां प्रस्तुत की गई प्रपील का निपटान विसीय वर्ष के दौरान कर दिया गयाथा।

क्रम सं०	निर्धारिती का नाम तथा पता	हैसियत	निर्धारण वर्ष	मास्ति की राशि
	सर्स राम रूप राधा कृष्ण, हेसार ।	फर्म •	1970-71	5072

[फ॰ सं॰ रैक/प्रकाशन] एस॰ एम॰ मापुर, भायुक्त

# Office of the Commissioner of Income-tax Patiala-II Patiala, the 2nd July, 1975

## INCOME TAX

S.O. 2915—WHEREAS the Central Government is of the opinion that it is necessary and expedient in public interest to publish the names and other particulars relating to assessees on whom penalty of not less than Rs. 5,000/- was imposed during the financial year 1973-74;

And whereas in exercise of the powers conferred by section 287 of the Income-tax Act (43 of 1961) and all other powers enabling them in this behalf the Central Government has by its order dated 25th March, 1969 authorised all Commissioners of Income-tax to publish the names addresses, status, assessment year and details of penalties levied which would include the amounts and nature of penalties relating to assessees, within their jurisdictation and on whom a penalty of not less than Rs. 5,000/was imposed during the financial year 1973-74.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers concerred on me by the Central Government by its aforesaid order dated 25th March, 1969 I hereby publish in schedule I, hereto annexed, the names and other particulars of the assesses aforesaid.

# SCHEDULE I

Assessees on whom a penalty of not less than Rs. 5 thousand was imposed for failure to file returns of income or to produce books of account during the financial year 1973-74 where no appeal was presented to the Tribunal with in the time allowed therefore or where the appeal presented has been disposed of during the financial year.

Sl. Name & No. address of the assessee.	Status.	Asstt. year	Amount of penalty
<ol> <li>M/s. Ram Rup Radha Krishan, Hissar.</li> </ol>	Firm	1970-71	5072
			·

[F. No. Rec/Publication]
S. N. MATHUR, Commissioner.

#### वाणिज्य मंत्रालय

संयुक्त मुख्य नियंत्रक, भाषात-निर्यात का कार्यालय

# भावेश

#### कलकत्ता, 17 मन्तूबर, 1974

काश्याः 2916.—सर्वश्री संजय कास्टिंग वर्क्स, 1, जयपुर रोड, कलकत्ता-30 को गन मेटल बुण और गन मेटल कास्टिंग के विनिर्माण के लिए तांबे और जस्ते के आयात के लिए 10,000 रुपये मूस्य का एक रिहाई आवेश सं० पी०/एस०/आर०/203974/सी०, विनोध 15-9-72 निम्नलिखित शर्तों के अश्रीन जारी किया गया था:---

- (क) रिहाई भादेश हस्तान्तरणीय नहीं है। इस झाबंटन की यह भी गर्त होगी कि प्राप्त किया गया आयातित माल भावंटी द्वारा उसके उसी निजी कारखाने में उपयोग किया जाएगा जिसका पता उस प्राबंदन पत्त में प्रदिश्ति किया गया है जिसके आधार पर आवंटन किया गया है और उस माल का कोई भी भाग किसी भी भन्य पक्ष को न तो भेचा जाएगा न अन्य पक्ष द्वारा उपयोग किया जाएगा, न किसी अन्य तरीके से उपयोग करने की अनुमति दी जाएगी। आवंटी आयातित माल के उपयोग और उपयोग का सही लेखा आयात अ्यापार नियंस्रण नियम तथा कियाविधि पुस्तक, 1971 के परिशिष्ट 19 में प्रदिश्तित प्रपत्न में निर्धारित तरीके से रखेगा और उस लेखे को लाइसेंस प्राधिकारी, प्रयोजक प्राधिकारी या किसी अन्य सम्बद्ध प्राधिकारी हारा निर्धारित किया जाए।
- (ख) पाल निर्यात सदन को जारी किया गया रिहाई प्रादेश इस शर्त के प्रधीन होगा कि प्राप्त किया गया माल केवल निर्यात उत्पादन में लगे हुए बास्तविक उपयोक्ताओं को बेचा जाएगा या ध्रावंटी के अपने निजी निर्यात उत्पादन के विनिर्माण के लिए घन्य पार्टियों के संस्थानों में उपयोग किया जाएगा। यह ऐसी अन्य प्रातों के अधीन होगा जो निर्धारित की जाएं। प्रावंटी भी ब्रायातित माल के निपटान और उपयोग का उचित लेखा विदेश व्यापार मंत्रालय, नई विल्ली द्वारा निर्धारित प्रपत्न में निर्धारित तरीके से रखेगा।
- 2. उसके पश्चास् एक कारण बताग्रो नोटिस सं । 197/72/ई० एण्ड एल० दिनांक 6-8-74 उन को यह पूछते हुए जारी किया गया था कि इसके जारी होने की तिथि प्रश्तंत् 20-8-74 सक कारण बताएं कि उनको जारी किया गया उक्त रिहाई भावेश यथा संशोधित आयात (नियंत्रण) धादेश, 1955 दिनांक 7-12-55 की धारा 9 उप-धारा (सी सी०) के अनुसार इस ग्राधार पर रद्द क्यों न कर देना चाहिए कि 1, जावपुर रोड, कलकत्ता-30 स्थित उनके कारखाने का तालाबन्द है ग्रीर पिछले दो महीनों ने उसमें कार्य नहीं किया जा रहा है।
- 3. सर्वेश्री संजय कास्टिंग वन्सें, 1 जावपुर रोड, कलकता-30 को भेजा गया पूर्वोक्त कारण बताको मोटिस "छोड़ दिया" अभ्युक्ति के साथ

अवितरित ही वापस म्नागया है न ही फर्म ने मधोहरताक्षरी से व्यक्तिगत भूतवाई के लिए म्रावेदन किया है।

- प्रश्लोहस्ताक्षरी ने ध्यानपूर्वक सथ्यों की जांच करली है और इस निर्णय पर पश्लेचा है कि :---
  - (क) कारखाने का प्राप्ता बन्द है प्रौर पिछले यो महीनों में उसमें कार्य नहीं किया जा रहा है।
  - (ख) उपर्युक्त रिहाई प्रादेश उस उद्देश्य की पूर्ति नहीं करेगा जिसके लिए वह प्रदान किया गया है।
- 5. पिछले पैरा में जो कुछ कहा गया है उसको ध्यान में रखते हुए अधोहस्ताक्षरी संतुष्ट है कि विषयाधीन रिहाई प्रादेश या तो रह कर दिया जाना चाहिए या प्रन्यथा प्रप्रभावी कर दिया जाना चाहिए। इसलिए, ध्रायान (नियंत्रण) आदेश, 1955 की धारा 9, उपधारा (सी०सी०) के प्रन्तर्गत प्राप्त अधिकारों का प्रयोग करते हुए अधोहस्ताक्षरी सर्वश्री संजय कास्टिंग वक्स, 1, जावपुर रोड, कलकत्ता-30 को जारी किए गए 10,000 ध्रपये मूल्य के रिहाई प्रादेश सं० पी०/एस०/आर०/203974/सी० दिनांक 15-9-72 को एतदद्वारा रह करते हैं।

[सं० 197/72/ई०एण्ड एल०] <sup>|</sup>

एस०फे० मन्डल, उप-मुख्य नियंत्रक

# MINISTRY OF COMMERCE OFFICE OF THE JOINT CHIEF CONTROLLER OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

Calcutta, the 17th October, 1974

#### **ORDER**

S.O. 2916.—A Release Order No. P/S/R/203974/C dated 15-9-1972 of the value of Rs. 10,000 for import of Copper & Zinc for the manufacture of Gun metal Bush & G. M. Casting was issued to M/s. Sanjay Casting Works, 1, Jawpore Road, Calcutta-30 subject to the conditions as under:—

- (a) The Release Order is not transferable. It shall also be condition of this allotment that the imported materials received shall be used by the allottee in his own factory, at the address shown in the application against which the allotment is made, and for purpose for which the allotment is made and no portion thereof shall be sold to any other party or utilised or permitted to be used in any other manner. The allottee shall maintain a proper account of consumption and utilisation of the imported material in the prescribed manner in the proforma appearing in Appendix 19 of the Import Tare Control Hand Book of Rules and procedure, 1971, and produce such account to the licencing authority, the sponsoring authority or any other authority concerned, within such time as may be specified by such authority.
- (b) Release Order issued to an eligible export house shall be subject to the condition that the goods received shall be disposed of only to actual users engaged in export production or utilised for export production on the allottee's own account in the manufacturing establishments owned by others. Subject to such other conditions and procedure as may be laid down. The allottee shall also maintain proper account of disposal and utilisation of imported materials in the form and manner prescribed by the Ministry of Foreign Trade, New Delhi.
- 2. Thereafter, a show cause notice No. 197/72/E&L dated 6-8-74 was issued asking the mto show cause within 15 days from the date of issue i.e. by 20-8-74 as to why the said Release Order in their favour should not be cancelled on the

ground that their factory at 1, Jawpore Road, Calcutta-30 is under lock and key and has not been working for last two months in terms of Clause 9, Sub-clause 9(cc) of the Imports (Control) Order, 1955 dated 7-12-55 as amended.

- 3. The aforesaid show cause notice sent to M/s. Sanlay Casting Works, 1, Jawpore Road, Calcutta-30 has been returned undelivered with the remark "left" nor the firm asked for personal hearing with the undersigned.
- 4. The undersigned has carefully examined the facts and has come to the conclusion that,—
  - (a) the factory is under lock and key and has not been working for the last two months.
  - (b) Release Order mentioned above will not serve the purpose for which it has been granted.
- 5. Having regard to what has been stated in the preceeding paragraph, the undersigned is satisfied that the R.O. in question should be cancelled or therwise rendered ineffective. Therefore, the undersigned, in exercise of the powers vested in him under Clause 9, sub-clause (cc) of the Imports (Control) Order, 1955 hereby cancel the Release Order No. P/S/R/203974/C dated 15-9-72 for Rs. 10,000 issued in favour of M/s. Sanjay Casting Works, 1, Jawpore Road, Calcutta-30.

[No. 197/72/E&L]

S. K. MANDAL, Dy. Chief Controller

उप मुख्य नियंत्रक, म्रायात-निर्यात का कार्यालय

# ब्रादेश

बंगलौर, 14 मई, 1975

का० आ० 2917.—सर्वंशी फादर मूलर'स वेरिटेबल इंस्टीटयूशन मंगलौर की होमियोपैथिक मौषधियों के लिए, 1,32,322 रुपए (एक लाख बत्तीस हजार तीन सौ बाईस रुपये माल) मूल्य का भायात लाइसेंस संख्या पी०६० 0219944 दिलांक 24-8-74 भौर पुस्तकों के भायात के लिए 1687 रुपये (एक हजार छः सौ सतासी रुपये माल) मूल्य का भायात लाइसेंस सं० पी०/६०/0219924 दिनांक 17-7-74 प्रदान किए गए हैं। भ्रम भावेदक फर्म ने पूर्वोक्त लाइसेंसों की अनुलिप प्रतियों के लिए इस कारण भावेदन किया है कि पूर्वोक्त लाइसेंसों की बोनों मुद्रा विनिमय नियंत्रण प्रतियों सीमाश्रुल्क कार्यालय, महास में पंजीकृत कराने के बाद भौर भाकिक उपयोग करने के बाद खो गई/ग्रस्थानस्थ हो गई हैं।

उपर्युक्त कारणों की पुष्टि में आवेदकों ने भ्रपेक्षित शपथ पद्ध दाखिल किए हैं। मैं संतुष्ट हूं कि दोनों लाइसेंसों की मूल मुद्रा विनिमय नियंत्रण प्रतियां खो गई हैं भौर निदेश देना हूं कि इनकी अनुलिपि प्रतियां भ्रावेदकों को जारी की जामी चाहिएं।

विषयाधीन लाइसेंसों की मूल मुद्रा विभिनय नियंत्रण प्रतियां एतद्द्वारा रह की जाती हैं।

[सं० ई०-1/53/ए०एम०-74]

श्रार० जायराम नायद्र, उप-मुख्य नियंत्रक

# OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY CHIEF CONTROLLER OF IMPORTS & EXPORTS

# ORDER

Bangalore, the 14th May, 1975

S.O. 2917.—M/s. Fr. Muller's Charitable Institutions, Mangalore have been granted import licence No. P. E. 0219944

dated 24-8-74 for Rs. 1,32,322 (Rs. One lakh thirty two thousand three hundred and twenty two only) for import of Homeopathic Medicines and P/E/0219924 dt. 17-7-74 for Rs. 1687 (Rs. One thousand six hundred and eighty seven only) for import of books. The applicant firm have now applied for duplicate copies of the aforesaid licences for the reason that both the exchange control purposes copies of the licences referred to above have been lost/misplaced after having been registered with the Customs House, Madras and utilised partly.

In support of the above reasons the applicants have filed the necessary affidavits. I am satisfied that the original exchange control purposes copies of both the licences have been lost and direct that duplicate copies of exchange control purposes copies of the above licences should be issued to the applicants.

The original Exchange control purposes copies of the licences in question are hereby cancelled.

[No. EI/53/A.M. 74]

R. JAYARAMNAIDU, Dy. Chief Controller

मुख्य नियंक्षक, श्रायात-निर्यात का कार्यालय

श्रावेश

नई विल्ली, 10 जुलाई, 1975

का०न्ना० 2918.--श्री डी०एस० चौहान, सर्वश्री चौहान हुतामा की (इंडिया) प्राइबेट लि॰, सोलन को फिनलैंग्ड से एरोसाल डब्बों के 1,00,000 नगों के श्रायात के लिए 1,93,000 रुपये मूल्य का एक सीमा-शल्क निकासी परिमट सं० पी०/जे०/2373689 दिनांक 5-12-70 प्रवान किया गया था जिसका मूल्य बाद में 2,43,000 रुपये किया गया था पार्टी ने उपर्युक्त सीमा-शुल्क निकासी परिमट पर 30,000 रुपये का जपयोग करना शेष छोड़ते हुए 2,13,000 रुपये की सीमा तक उपयोग कर लिया है। ग्रब पार्टी ने पूर्वोक्त सीमा-मुल्क निकासी परमिट की ग्रनु-लिपि जारी करने के लिए इस आधार पर आवेदन किया है कि मूल सीमा-शुरुक निकासी परिमट उन से अस्थानस्य हो गया/खो गया है। तर्क के समर्थन में पार्टी ने 30,000 रुपये की शेष धनराशि के लिए सीमा-शुरूक निकासी परमिट जारी करने के लिए एक शपथ पत्र पर घोषणा की है। सीमा-शल्क निकासी परिमट बम्बई पत्तन पर पंजीकृत किया गया था। मैं संतुष्ट हुं कि मूल सीमा-शुरूक निकासी परिमट सं० पी०/जे०, 2373689 विनांक 5-12-70 खो गया/प्रस्थानस्य हो गया है और निवेश देता हूं कि इसकी अनुलिपि प्रति आवेदक को जारी की जानी चाहिए। मुल सीमा-शस्क निकासी परिमट एतदबारा रह किया जाता है।

[सं० 9/43/70-71/एम०एस०/1453]

एन०सी० कांजीलाल, उप-मुख्य निर्मत्नक

# OFFICE OF THE CHIEF CONTROLLER OF IMPORTS & EXPORTS

ORDER

New Delhi, the 10th July, 1975

S.O. 2918.—Shri D. S. Chohan, M/s. Chohan Huhtamaki (India) Private Ltd., Solan was granted a Customs Clearance Permit No. P/J/2373689 dated 5-12-70 from Finland for the import of 1,00,000 pieces of Aerosol Cans for a value of Rs. 1,93,000 lakh which was subsquently enhanced to Rs. 2,43,000. The party utilised the above Customs Clearance Permit to the extent of Rs. 2,13,000 leaving a balance of Rs. 30,000. Now the party has applied for issue of a Duplicate Customs Clearance Permit for the aforesaid CCP on the ground that the original one has been misplaced/lost by them. In support of the contention, they party has furnished a declaration on an affidavit for the issuing of a Customs

Clearance Permit for the balance amount of Rs. 30,000. The Customs Clearance Permit was Registered with the Bunbay Port. I am satisfied that the original Customs Clearance Permit No. P/1/2373689 dated 5-12-70 has been lost/misplaced and direct that a duplicate Customs Clearance Permit should be issued to the applicant. The original Customs Clearance Permit is hereby cancelled.

[F. No. 9/43/70-71/ML. I/453] N. C. KANJILAL, Dy. Chief Controller

आदेश

नई विल्ली, 18 ग्रगस्त, 1975

कां बार 2919.—सर्वेशी सुप्रीम इंडस्ट्रीज, 17/18, काह इंडस्ट्रियल इस्टेट, वेरा वेसाई रोड, प्रक्षेरी (पिक्चम), बम्बई को यू०के० से पूंजीगत उपकरण के प्रायात के लिए 21, 71, 482 रुपये का एक प्रायात लाइसेंस संख्यापी०/सी०जी०/2067685/एस०/प्राई०वी०/52/एच०/31-32/सी०जी० 3, दिनोक 21-8-1974 स्वीकृत किया गया था। उन्होंने उक्त लाइसेंस की प्रनुलिपि सीमागुरूक प्रति के लिए इस प्राधार पर प्रावेदन किया है कि मूल लाइसेंस (सीमा-शुरूक प्रयोजन प्रति) किसी भी सीमा-शुरूक प्राधिकारी के पास पंजीकृत कराए बिना और उसका बिलकुल उपयोग किए बिना ही खो गया है/प्रस्थानस्थ हो गया है। इस तर्क के समर्थन में भावेदक ने एक ग्रापथ-पन्न दाखिल किया है।

2. मैं तवनुसार संतुष्ट हूं कि उक्त लाइसेंस की मूल सीमा-शुस्क प्रयोजन प्रति खो गई/प्रस्थानस्थ हो गई है। इसलिए, यथा संशोधित प्रायात (नियंत्रण) धादेश, 1955, दिनांक 7-12-1955 की उप-धारा 9 (सी०सी०) के प्रन्तर्गत प्रदत्त प्रक्षिकारों का प्रयोग कर सर्वथी दि सुप्रीम इंडस्ट्रोज लि०, बम्बई को जारी किए गए उक्त लाइसेंस संख्या पी०/सी०जी०/2067685/एस०/प्राई० बी०/52/एच०/31-32/सी०जी०-3, दिनांक 21-8-1974 (सीमा-शुस्क प्रयोजन प्रति) को इसके द्वारा रह किया जाता है।

[सं० सी०जी०-3/21(68)/73-74/1442]

नन्द कुमार, संयुक्त मुख्य नियंत्रक

# ORDER

New Delhi, the 18th August, 1975

- S.O. 2919.—M/s. Supreme Industries Ltd., 17/18, Shah Industrial Estate, Vera Desai Road, Andheri (West), Bombay were granted an import licence No. P/CG/2067685/S/IB/52/H/31-32/CG.-III dated 21-8-1974 for Rs. 21,71,482 for the import of capital equipments from U.K. They have applied for a duplicate Custom copy of the said licence on the ground that the original licence (Customs Purposes Copy) has been lost/misplaced without having been registered with any Customs authority and utilised all. In support of this Contention, the applicant has filed an affidavit.
- 2. I am accordingly satisfied that the original licence Custom purpose copy of the said licence has been lost/misplaced. Threfore, in exercise of the powers conferred under subclause 9 (cc) of the import (Control), order, 1955 dated 7-12-1955 as amended, the said licence No. P/CS/2967685/S/IB/52/H/31-32/CG. III dated 21-8-1974 (Custom purposes copy) issued to M/s. The Supreme Industries Ltd., Bombay is hereby cancelled.

[No. CG. III/21(68)/73-74/1442] NAND KUMAR, Jt. Chief Controller उप-मुख्य नियंत्रक, भायात-निर्यात का कार्यालय

#### घावेश

फरीवाबाव, 26 जून, 1975

का० आ१० 2920.—सर्वथी बर्न एण्ड कम्पनी लि०, आर० एण्ड सी० ग्रुप मारिटन बर्न हाउस, 12, मिशन रो, कलकत्ता को प्राहम प्रलाय स्टील फ्लैट्स के प्रायात के लिए निर्वाध उच्यतम सीमा के प्रधीन 2,10,000 रुपये मूल्य का एक आयात लाइसेंस संख्या पी०/डी०/8567588/सी०/एमस०एकस०/51/जे०/37-38, दिनांक 11-6-74 जारी किया गयाथा। पार्टी ने उपर्युक्त आयात लाइसेंस की मुझा विनिमय नियंत्रण प्रति की प्रनु- लिपि जारी करने के लिए इस आधार पर आवेदन किया है कि मूल मुझा विनिमय नियंत्रण प्रति किसी भी सीमा-णुक्क प्राधिकरण में पंजीकृत कराए बिना को गई है। यह बताया गया है कि लाइसेंस का उपयोग नहीं किया गयाथा।

2. इसके समर्थन में प्रावेदक ने एक णपथ-पन्न दाखिल किया है। मैं संतुष्ट हूं कि उपर्युक्त लाइसेंस की मूल मुद्रा विनिमय नियंद्रण प्रति को गई है और निदेश देता हूं कि मूल मुद्रा विनिमय नियंद्रण प्रति को रद्द करते हुए इसकी ध्रनुलिपि प्रति 2,10,000 रुपये पूर्ण लागत-बीमा-भाइन मूल्य के लिए ध्रावेदक को जारी की जानी चाहिए।

[सं० पी०/बी 3/सर/ए०एम०/74/एल० सी०1/डी०सी०सी०एफ०] के० एन० कपूर, उप-मुख्य नियंत्रक

OFFICE OF THE DY. CHIEF CONTROLLER OF IMPORTS & EXPORTS

Faridabad, the 26th June, 1975

# ORDER

- S.O. 2920.—M/s. Burn and Co. Ltd. R&C Group Martin Burn House, 12 Mission Row, Calcutta was issued an import licence bearing No. P/D/8567588/O/XX/51]J|37-38 dated 11-6-74 under free ceiling for import of Prime Alloy Steel Flats for Rs. 2,10,000. The party have applied for issue of duplicate Exchange Copy of import licence referred to above on the ground that the original Exchange Copy has been lost without having been registered with Customs Authority. It is stated that the licence was not utilised.
- 2. In support of this the applicant has filed an affidavit. I am satisfied that the original Exchange copy of the above mentioned import licence has been lost and direct that the duplicate Exchange Control Purpose Copy should be issued to the applicant in cancellation of the original Exchange copy of the said licence for the full c.i.f. value of Rs. 2,10,000.

[No. P/B. 3/Cer/AM/74/LC. I/DCCF 1182] K. N. KAPOOR, Dy. Chief Controller

उप-मुख्य नियंत्रक, स्रायात-नियति का कार्यालय

# भावेश

बंगलीर, 16 जुलाई, 1975

का बा 2921 -- सर्वश्री धास्पा प्रा० लि०, 21/2, बिट्टल नगर, बानराजपेट, बंगलौर को बल्बों घावि के भीतर उपयोग की जाने वाली 69GI/75-4

मेटेलिक शील्ड के घायात के लिए 6,000 रुपये का एक घायात लाइसेंस संख्या पी०/एस०/1411856/सी०/एक्स०एक्स०/52/एक्स०/37-38, दिमांक 7-8-74 स्वीकृत किया गया था। प्रव उन्होंने उपर्युक्त लाइसेंस की घनु-लिपि सीमा-शुल्क प्रयोजन प्रति के लिए इस भाधार पर घावेदन किया है कि लाइसेंस की उपर्युक्त सीमा-शुल्क प्रयोजन प्रति की मूल प्रति सीमा-शुल्क प्राधिकारी मद्रास के पास पंजीकृत कराने के बाव धौर उसका 6000 रुपये के लिए उपयोग करने के बाव धौ गई/म्रस्थानस्थ हो गई है भौर घव प्रनुलिपि सीमा-शुल्क प्रयोजन प्रति की घावश्यकता अप्रैल-मार्च, 75 म्रवधि के प्रथम अर्थ वर्ष के लिए 3000 रुपये के लिए स्वीकृत मावृत्ति प्रचालन का लाभ उठाने के लिए है।

उपर्युक्त तर्क के समर्थन में आवेदक ने एक अपथ-पत्न वाखिल किया है। मैं संतुष्ट हू कि उक्त लाइसेंस की मूल सीमा-शुल्क प्रयोजन प्रति खो गई है और निवेश वेता हूं कि आवेदक को उपर्युक्त लाइसेंस की अनुलिपि सीमा-गुल्क प्रयोजन प्रति जारी की जानी चाहिए। उक्त लाइसेंस की मूल सीमा-गुल्क प्रयोजन प्रति इसके द्वारा रह की जाती है।

> [सं श्माई ० टी ० सी ० / एस ० एस ० माई ० / बी ० ८ ४ ६ / ए ० एम ० एन ० पी ० ] मार ० जगराम नायकू, उप-मुक्य नियंसक

# OFFICE OF THE DY. CHIEF CONTROLLER OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

Bangalore, the 16th July, 1975

ORDER

S.O. 2921.—M/s. Aspa Private Ltd., 21/2, Vittal Nagar, Chamarajpet, Bangalore-18 were granted import licence No. P/S/1411856/C/XX/52/X/37-38 dated 7-8-74 for Rs. 6,000 for import of Metallic Shield used inside Bulbs etc. They have now applied for duplicate copy of Customs Purpose copy of the above licence on the ground that the original of the above Customs Purpose copy of the licence has been lost/misplaced having been registered with the Customs Authorities at Madras and utilised to the extent of Rs. 6,000 and that the duplicate copy of Customs Purpose copy of the above licence now required is for availing the repeat operation allowed for 1st half of April-March 75 period for Rs. 3,000.

In support of the above contention the applicant has filed an affidavit. I am satisfied that the original Customs Purpose copy of the above licence has been lost and direct that a duplicate copy of Customs Purpose copy of the above licence should be issed to the applicant. The original Customs Purpose copy of the above licence is hereby cancelled.

[No. ITC/SSI/B/846/AM/74/NP]
R. JAYARAM NAIDU, Dy. Chief Controller

मुक्क्य निर्मस्रक, द्यायात-नियति का कार्यालय द्यादेश

नई दिल्ली, 5 अगस्त, 1975

का० ग्रा० 2922. सर्वश्री इलैक्ट्रिकल कन्ट्रोल गीयर प्रा० लि०, श्रह्मवाबाव को लाइसेंस के लिए संलग्न सूची के प्रनुसार कच्चे माल/ संघटकों के प्राचात के लिए 39,300 रुपये का एक भागात लाइसेंस संख्या पी०/डी०/1400928/भार०/भाई० एन०/52/एच०/37-38, दिनोक 2-8-74 स्वीकृत किया गया था। उन्होंने उक्त लाइसेंस की भनुलिपि मुद्रा विनिमय नियंत्रण प्रयोजन प्रति के लिए इस प्राधार पर धावेवन

किया है कि मूल मुद्रा विनिमय नियंत्रण प्रयोजन प्रति अस्थानस्य हो गई है। लाइसेंसेखारी द्वारा आगे यह प्रतिवेदित किया गया है कि मुद्रा विनि-मय नियंत्रण प्रति किसी भी सीमाणुरक प्राधिकारी के पास पंजीकृत कराए विना और उसका बिह्कुल उपयोग किए विना ही अस्थानस्य हो गई है।

प्रपने तर्क के समर्थन में प्रावेदक ने एक शपथपत्र वाखिल किया है। अधोहस्ताक्षरी संतुष्ट है कि लाइसेंस संख्या पी०/बी०/1400928/ब्रार०/ आई० एन०/52/एच०/37-38, दिनांक 2-8-74 की मूल मुद्रा विनिम्य नियंत्रण प्रति प्रस्थानस्य हो गई/खो गई है और निदेश देता है कि उन्हें उक्त लाइसेंस की प्रमुलिपि मुद्रा विनिमय नियंत्रण प्रति जारी की जानी वाहिए। मूल मुद्रा विनिमय नियंत्रण प्रति रह की जाती है। प्रायान लाइसेंस की प्रमुलिपि मुद्रा विनिमय नियंत्रण प्रति प्रलग से जारी की जा रही है।

[संख्या: 31(3)/73-74/भार० एम०-6] ए० एन० भटर्जी उप-भुष्य नियंत्रक

(Office of the Chief Controller of Imports & Exports)

#### ORDER

New Delhi, the 5th August, 1975

S.O. 2922.—M/s. Electric Control Gear Pvt. Ltd., Ahmedabad, were granted licence No. P/D/1400928/R/IN/52/H/37-38 dt. 2-8-74, for Rs. 39,300 for import of Raw Materials/Components as per list attached thereto. They have requested for issue of duplicate Exchange Control Copy of the said licence on the ground that original Exchange Control Copy has been misplaced by them. It has further been reported by the licensee that the Exchange Control copy has been misplaced without having been registered with any Customs authority and without having been utilised at all.

In support of their contention, the applicant have filed an affidavit. The undersigned is satisfied that the original Exchange Control Copy of the licence No. P/D/1400928/R IN/52/H/37-38 dt. 2-8-74, has been misplaced/lost and directs that duplicate Exchange Control copy of the said licence should be issued to them. The original Exchange Control Copy is cancelled. Duplicate Exchange Control Copy of the Import Licence is being issued separately.

[No. Swg. 31(3)/73-74/RM 6] A. N. CHATTERJI, Dy. Chief Controller

पेटोलियम भौर रसायन मंत्रालय

(वेट्रोलियम विभाग)

मुद्धि-पत्न

मई दिल्ली, 18 धगस्त, 1975

का० आ० 2923.— पेट्रोलियम पाइप लाइल (भूमि के उपयोग के भिक्षकार का अर्जन) प्रधिनियम, 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 3 की उप-धारा (1) के अन्तर्गत गुजरात राज्य के जिला सुरेन्द्रनगर: तालुका मूली के लिये भारत के राजपक्ष के भाग-II, खण्ड 3(ii) के पृष्ठ संक्या 150 से 156 तक दिनांक 11-1-75 को प्रकाशित का० भा० संक्या 121 के द्वारा भारत सरकार, पेट्रोलियम और रसायम मंत्रालय की प्रशिक्षचना संक्या 12017/5/75-एल एण्ड एल दिनांक 26-12-74 के साथ संलग्न अनुसूची के स्थान पर अंब से इसके साथ संत्रान अनुसूची को पढ़ें।

	धः	नुसू 🔊 ी	
गांव : उमरवा के के लिये	तालुका : मूली	जिलाः सुरेन्द्र	नगर गुजरात राज्य : पढ़ें
कम संस्था	त <b>क</b>	क०सं∙	तक
27 गांच : गीतसगढ	9-36-14 तालुका : मूली	27 जिलाः सुरेन्द्रन	0-36-41 नगर गुजरात
के लिये			पवें
392 गांव : दिगसार के लियें गिगसर	0-0-12 तालुका : मूली	392 जिलाः सुरेन्द्रन	0-10-12 मगर गुजरात राज्य पढ़ें डिगसर
गांव : देनावदा के सियें	तालुका : मूली	जिलाः सुरेन्द्रन	
555	1-06-07	555	0-06-07
717	18	717	0-15-18
929/2	0-0-01	929/2	0-01-01

[संख्या 12017/5/74-एल० एण्ड एल**० [**]

# MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM & CHEMICALS (Deptt. of Petroleum)

# **ERRATUM**

New Delhi, the 18th August, 1975.

S.O. 2923.— In the schedule appended to the notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Petroleum & Chemicals No. 12017/5/74-L&L/1 Dt. 26-12-74 published vide S. O. No. 121 dated 11-1-75 from page No. 150 to 156 of the Gazette of India Part II, Section 3 (ii) for Taluka Muli Dist. Surendranagar Gujarat State, under sub-Section (1) of Section 3 of the Petroleum Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of user in land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962) read as per the schedule annexed hereto.

#### **SCHEDULE**

Village: Umarda Taluka: Muli Distt. Surendranagar, Gujarat state:

For			Read			
Extent	S.	No.	Extent			
9-36-14		7	0-36-41			
	aluka: Mul	i Dist	tt: Surendranagar,			
		Re	ead			
0-0-12	3	92	0-10-12			
	: Muli Di	stt.;	Surendranagar,			
		_				
	uka: Muli	Distt	.: Surendranagar,			
		Read	<u> </u>			
1-06-07	555		0-06-07			
18 0-0-01	717 929/2		0-15-18 0-01-01			
	Extent  9-36-14 autamgadh T  0-0-12 igsar Taluka : anavada Talu	Extent S.  9-36-14 2 autamgadh Taluka: Mulo:  0-0-12 3: igsar Taluka: Muli Di: : Rea Dig: anavada Taluka: Muli  1-06-07 555 18 717	Extent S.No.  9-36-14 27 autamgadh Taluka: Muli Dist  10-0-12 392 igsar Taluka: Muli Distt.:  Read Digsar anavada Taluka: Muli Dist  Reac  1-06-07 555 18 717			

[No. 12017/5/74-L&L/1

# शुद्धि-पत्र

का० श्रां० 2924. पेट्रोलियम पाइप लाइन (भूमि के उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) अधिनियम, 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 3 की उप-धारा (1) के घन्तर्गत गुजरात राज्य के जिला खोदा, तालुका नेवियाव के लिये भारत के राजपन्न के भाग-II, खण्ड 3(ii) के पृष्ठ संख्या 156 से 165 तक विनोक 11-1-75 को प्रकाशित का० आ० संख्या 122 के द्वारा भारत सरकार, पेट्रोलियम और रसायन मंत्रालय की अधिसूचना संख्या 12017/5/74 एल० एण्ड एल०-II दिनांक 26-12-74 के साथ संलग्न अनुसूची के स्थान पर श्रव से इसके साथ संलग्न अनुसूची को पढ़ें।

# भनुसूची

गांव : मेहमदपुर गुजरातः राज्य	तालुका : नेवियाद	जिलाः	 ख	वा	-
क०सं०	तक एच ए वर्गमील		 		
33/3	0-01-40		 		
33/2	0-14-24				
33/1-4-5-6	0-02-00				

[संख्या 12017/5/74 एल० एण्ड एस० II]

### CORRIGENDUM

S.O. 2924.—In the schedule appended to the notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Petroleum & Chemicals No. 12017/5/74-L&L/II Dt. 26-12-74 published vide S.O. No. 122 dated 11-1-75 from page No. 156 to 165 of the Gazette of India Part II Section 3(ii) for Taluka Nadiad Disti. Kheda Gujarat State, under sub-Section (1) of Section 3 of the Petroleum Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of user in land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962) read as per the schedule annexed hereto.

### **SCHEDULE**

Village: Mahmedpura State: Gujarat	Taluka: Nadiad Distt. Kheda
S. No.	Extent H.A.Sg.M.
33/3	0-01-40 0-14-24
33/2 33/1-4-5-6	0-02-00

[No. 12017/5/74-L&L/[I]

# शुद्धि-पत्र

का० आ० 2925:—पेट्रोलियम पाइप लाइन (भूमि के उपयोग के अधिकार का अर्जन) मधिनियम, 1962 (1962 का 5) की धारा 3 की उपधारा (1) के अन्तर्गत गुजरात राज्य के जिला खेवा सालुका नेवियाव के लिये भारत के राजपत के भाग-II, खण्ड 3(ii) के पृष्ठ संख्या 156 से 165 तक विभाक 11-1-75 को प्रकाशित का० आ० संख्या 122 के द्वारा भारत सरकार, पेट्रोलियम और रसायन मंत्रालय की अधिसूचना संख्या 12017/5/74-एल० एण्ड एल० III दिनांक 26-12-74 के साथ संलग्न अनुसूची के स्थान पर अब से इसके माथ संलग्न अनुसूची को पढ़ें।

धनुः	्चा	
		_

गांवः महमदपुर गुजरात राज्य	तालुका : मेवियाद	जिलाः	खेदा
के लिये		,	पकें
ऋ०सं०	——— : सक	कम०स०	· तक
	एच ए वर्गमील		एच ए वर्गभील
31/1	0-09-20	37/1	0-09-20
र्गाव : नरसन्दा	तालुकाः नेवियाद	जिलाः खेदा	गुजरात राज्य
0696/2	0-03-95	696/2	0-03-96
659	0-38-14	659	0-38-64
गांव : देखिया	तालुकाः नेदियाद	जिला : खेदा	गुजरात राज्य
483/1	0-00-76	483/4	0-00-76

[संख्या-12017/5/74-एल० एण्ड एल० ПП]

# ERRATUM

S.O. 2925:—In the schedule appended to the notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Petroleum & Chemicals No. 12017/5/74-L&L/II Dt. 26-12-74 published vide S.O. No. 122 dated 11-1-75 from page No. 156 to 165 of the Gazette of India Part II Section 3(ii) for Taluka Nadiad Dist. Kheda Gujarat State, under Sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Petroleum Pipeline acquisition of Right of user in land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962) read as per the schedule annexed hereto.

#### SCHEDULE

For		Read	
S. No.	Extent	S. No.	Extent
	H.A.Sq.M.		H.A.Sq.M.
31/1	0-09-20	37/1	0-09-20
Village:	Narsanda Taluka: Na	diad Distt. Khe	da, Gujarat State
696/2	0-03-95	696/2	0-03-96
659	0-38-14	659	0-38-64
Village	: Davla Ta. Nadiac	Distt. Kheda,	Gujarat State
483/1	0-00-76	483/4	0-00-76

[No. 12017/5/74-L&L/III]

# शुद्धि-पक्ष

का॰ वा॰ 2926:—पेट्रोलियम पाइप लाइन (भूमि के उपयोग के प्रधिकार का प्रजेन) प्रधिनियम, 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 6 की उपधारा (1) के प्रन्तर्गत गुजरात राज्य के जिला सुरेन्द्रनगर तालुका-लखतर के लिये भारत के राजपक्ष के भाग-II, खण्ड 3(ii) के पृष्ठ संख्या 1704 से 1710 तक दिनांक 3-5-75 को प्रकाशित का॰ आ॰ संख्या 1391 के द्वारा भारत सरकार, पेट्रोलियम घौर रसायन मंत्रालय की प्रधिसूचना संख्या 12017/5/74-एल॰ एण्ड एल॰-III दिनांक 16-4-75 के साथ संलग्न प्रनुसूची के स्थान पर प्रव से इसके साथ संलग्न प्रनुसूची को पढ़ें।

		अनुसूच			
गांवः न गुजरास	गगादकपटी र राज्य	(लाखतर)	तालुकाः स	ासतर	जिलाः सुरेन्द्रनगर
के लि	ाय				पहें
क०सं∙		तक एव ए वर्गमील	क० सं०	,	तक एच ए वर्गमील
5 5/ 1 गोबः	धानकी	0-1 <b>6-19</b> तालु <b>क</b> ः लाखतर	56/1 जिला:	सुरेन्द्रन	0-16-19 गर गुजरास राज्य
268		0-45-55	268		0-45-53

[संख्या 12017/5/74-एल०एण्डएल०-IV]

## **ERRATUM**

S.O. 2926.—In the schedule appended to the notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Petroleum & Chemicals No. 12017/5/74-L&L/III, Dt. 16th April, 75 published vide S.O. No. 1391 dated, 3-5-75 from page No. 1704 to 1710 of the Gazette of India Part II Section 3(ii) for Taluka Lakhatar, Dist. Surendranagar, Gujarat State, under sub-Section (1) of Section 6 of the Petroleum Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of user in land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962) read as per the schedule annexed hereto.

# **SCHEDULE**

Villago: Nagadkapati (Lakhtar) Ta. :	: Lakhtar Distt. Surendra
nagar, Gujarat State.	

For	For			Read		
S. No.		tent Sq.M	S	No.	Extent H.A.Sq.M	
<i>55</i> /1	0-10	6-19	56/1		0-16-19	
		Ta :	Lakhtar	Distt. :	Surendranagar,	
Gujart State 268		5-55		268	0-45-53	

[No. 12017/5/74-L&L/IV]

# श्क्षिपत

का० भा० 2927.—पेट्रोलियम पाइप लाइन (भूमि के उपयोग के भ्रिष्ठिकार का भर्जन) भ्रिष्ठितियम, 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 3 की उपथारा (i) के भ्रन्तर्गत गुजरात राज्य के जिला खोदा तालुका: नेविआद के लिये भारत के राजपल के भाग-II, खण्ड 3(ii) के पृष्ठ संख्या 165 से 171 तक विनोक 11-1-1975 की प्रकाशित का० आ० संख्या 123 के द्वारा भारत सरकार पेट्रोलियम और रसायन मंत्रालय की भ्रिष्ठिम् वता संख्या 12017/5/74-एल० एण्ड० एल०-III दिनांक 26-12-74 के साथ संलग्न भ्रनुसूची के स्थान पर भ्रव से इसके साथ संलग्न भ्रनुसूची को स्थान पर भ्रव से इसके साथ संलग्न भ्रनुसूची को पढ़ें।

## **प्रतुसू**ची

गांवः बजरगपुरा गुजरात राज्य	तालुकाः लक्षतर	जिला :	सुरेम्द्रनगर	
के लिये		पढ़ें	,	
क्त० सं०	तक	ऋ० सं०	तक	
	एच० ए० वर्ग मी	न	एच० ए० वर्ग मी	<sub>~</sub> स
1	2 .	3	4	-
61	0 34	61	0-29-34	
गांवः नागादकपटी	(लखतार) तालु	ाः ल <b>खतार</b>	जिलाः सुरेन्द्रनग	ार
गुजरास राज्य				
नागादकपटी	(लखतर)	नागा <b>दक</b> पटी	(सखतर)	
12	9-47-55	12	0-47-55	
गांव: केसरिया	ताञ्जकाः लक्षतर	जिलाः सुरेन्द्रनगर	गुजरात राज	य
गुजरात राज्य				
245	0-43-50	235	0-43-50	
गांबः लीलापुर	तालुकाः ल <b>ख</b> तर	जिलाः सुरेन्द्रनगः	र गुजरात राज	प
2:14/2/पी०/बी०	0-0-01	2 1 4/ 2/पी॰/भी	0-01-01	
203/1	0-25-18	203/1	0-15-18	
98/10	0-13-15	98/1	0-13-15	

1	2	3	4
गांव : ग्रोलक	सालुकाःलखतर	जिलाः सुरेन्द्रनगर	गुजरात व
357	9-09-11	,357	0-19-11
गांव : भास्करपारा	तालुकाः लखतर	जिलाः	सुरेन्द्रनगर
गुजरात राज्य			
36/1	9-14-16	36/1	0-14-16
गोवः बाबाजीपारा	तालुकाः लखतर	जिला:	सुरेन्द्रनगर
गुजरात राज्य			
के लिए			पदें
1 1/पी०	. 0-62-05	1 1 1/पी ०	0-62-05

[संख्या 12017/5/74-एल • एण्ड एल • V]

#### ERRATUM

S.O. 2927.—In the schedule appended to the notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Petroleum & Chemicals No. 12017/5/74-L & L/III, Dt. 26-12-74 published vide S.O. No 123, dated 11-1-75 from page No. 165 to 171 of the Gazette of India Part II Section 3(ii) for Taluka Lakhtar Dist. Surendranagar Gujarat State, under Sub-Section(1) of Section 3 of the Petroleum Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of user in land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962) read as per the schedule annexed thereto.

#### **SCHEDULE**

Gujarat State For		Read			
S. No.	Extent	S.No.	Extent		
	H.A.Sq.M.		H.A.Sq.M.		
61	0 34	61	0-29-34		
dranagar Gu	ijarat State.	itar) Ta.: Lakhti			
Wagadkapati	(Lakhtar)	Nagadkapat	i (Lakhtar)		
12	9-47-55	12	0-47-55		
Village : Kes Gujarat Stat	aria Taluka c,	-Lakhtar Dist:	Surendranagar		
245	0-43-50	235	0-43-50		
Village : Lilar Gujarat State	our Taluka :	Lakhtar Dist.	: Surendran aga		
214/2/P/B	0-0-01	214/2/P/B	0-01-01		
203/1	0-25-18	203/1	0-15-18		
98/10	0-13-15	98/1	0-13-15		
Village - Ola Gujarat Stat		khtar Dist : Sure	ndranagar		
357	9-09-11	357	0-19-11		
Village : Bha Gujarat Stat	ıskarpara Talu c.	ka: Lakhtar Dist	: : Surendranagar		
36/1	9-14-16	36/1	0-14-16		
Village: Bat Gujarat Stat	pajipara Taluka e.	: Lakhtar Dist :	Surendranagar		
11/P	0-62-05	111/P	0-162-05		

[No. 12017/5/74-L &L/V)]

# शुद्धि-पन्न

# नई विल्ली, 20 भगस्त, 1975

का॰ आ॰ 2928.—पैट्रोलियम पाइप लाइन (भूमि के उपयोग के प्रधिकार का प्रार्थन) प्रधिनियम, 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 6 की उप-धारा (i) के प्रन्तर्गत गुजरात राज्य के जिला खोवा : तालुका मोहमदाबाद के लिये भारत के राजपन्न के भाग-र्शि, खण्ड 3(ii) के पृष्ठ संख्या 2078 से 2084 तक दिलांक 7-6-75 को प्रकाशित का॰ आ॰ संख्या 1757 के द्वारा भारत सरकार, पट्टोलियम और रसायन मंत्रालय

मधिसूचना संख्या 12017/6/74 -एल० एण्ड एल०-1 विनांक 24-5-75 के साथ संलग्न मनुसूची के स्थान पर अब से इसके साथ संलग्न भनस्ची को पढ़ें।

	•
प्रन	समा

गांतः खुमारवेद केलि	u -	जिलाः खेदा पढें	गुजरात .	राज्य
ऋ० सं०	तक एच०ए०वर्गमील	ऋ०सं०	सक एच <b>∙ए०व</b> र्ग	मील
533/4 गांवः स्त्रोदा केलिये	0-04-96 तालुका:मेहमवाबाद	553/4 जिलाः खेवा पढ़ें	0-04-96 गुजरात	राज्य
6653	0-16-80 0-07-20	653 1209/2	0-16-80 0-07-20	
गौवः देदारदा के लिये	तालुका : मेहमदावाद	जिला:खेदा पढ़ें	गुजरात	राज्य
239	0-49-66	239	0-49-76	
244	0-15-52	284	0-15-52	
गांव सारसा के लिये	तालुकाः मेहमदाबाद	जिलाः खेदा पढ़ें	गुजरात	राज्य
-332	0-11-64	352	0-11-84	

[संख्या-12017/6/74-एल एण्ड एल-1]

#### ERRATUM

New Delhi, the 20th August, 1975

S.O.2928.—In the schedule appended to the notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Petroleum & Chemicals No. 12017/6/74-L & L/I, Dt. 24-5-75 published vide S.O. No. 1757, dated 7-6-75 from page No. 2078 to 2084 of the Gazette of India Part II, Section 3(ii) for Taluka: Mehmedabad Dist. Kheda, Gujarat State, under sub-Section(1) of Section 6 of the Petroleum Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of user in land) Act, 1952 (50 of 1962) read as per the Schedule annexed hereto.

# **SCHEDULE**

Village : Khu Gujarat State For		: Mehmedabad Rea	Dist. : Kheda d
S.No.	Extent	S.No.	Extent
	H.A.Sq.M.	_ <del>_</del>	H.A.Sq.M.
533/4	0-04-96	553/4	0-04-96
Village : Kho Gujarat Stat		Mehmedabad :	Dist : Kheda
For		-	Read
6653	0-16-80	653	0-16-80
1209	0-07-20	1209/2	0-07-20
Village : De Gujarat Stat	darda Taluka c.	: Mehmedabad	Dist. : Kheda
For	•	<b>Re</b> ad	
239	0-49-66	239	0-49-76
244	0-15-52	284	0-15-52
Village : Sars Gujarat Star		ehmodabad Di	st, : Kheda
For	•	Rea	ıd
332	0-11-64	332	0-11-84
			·

[No. 12017/6/74-L & L/I[

का० ग्रा० 2929.— ग्रतः केन्द्रीय सरकार को यह प्रतीत होता है कि लोकहित में यह ग्रावश्यक है कि रुद्रसागर लक्क्वा ट्रंकपाइप लाइन-से लक्क्वा जी० जी० एस० नम्बर 6 का जंकशन पाइन्ट के बीच पेट्रोलियम उत्पादों के परिवहन के लिए पाइप लाइन तेल एवं प्राकृतिक गस प्रायोग द्वारा बिछाई जानी चाहिए;

प्रौर यह प्रतीत होता है कि ऐसी लाइनों को बिछाने के प्रयोजन के लिए एतक् या बढ़ घनुसूची में विजित भूमि में उपयोग का अधिकार श्रुचित करना स्नावस्यक है;

श्रतः ग्रव पैट्रोलियम पाइप लाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के श्रिष्ठकार का ग्रर्जन) श्रिष्ठिनियम, 1962 (1962 का 3) की धारा 3 की उप-धारा (1) द्वारा प्रवत्त सक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुये केन्द्रीय सरकार ने उसमें उपयोग का श्रिष्ठकार श्रीजित करने का श्रपना भाशय एतव्द्वारा घोषित किया है;

उक्त भूमि में हितबद्ध कोई व्यक्ति उस भूमि के नीचे पाइप लाइन बिछाने के लिए आक्षेप अवर प्रमण्डल पदाधिकारी रुद्रसागर असम के कार्यालय में इस अधिसूचना की तारीख से 21 दिनों के भीतर कर सकेगा।

ऐसा भाक्षेप करने वाला हर व्यक्ति विनिर्दिष्ट यह भी कथन करेगा कि क्या वह यह चाहता है कि उसकी सुनवाई व्यक्तिगत हो या किसी विधि व्यवसायी की मार्फत।

# प्रनमूची

रूद्रसागर लक्कवा ट्रंक पाइप लाइन से लक्कवा जी० जी० एस० नम्बर 6 का जंकशन पाइन्ट पर्यन्त पाइप लाइन

राज्य : म्रासाम	जिला: <b>शिव</b>	सागर	ताल्लुक	: गिला- कुटी
ग्राम	सर्वे नवस्यर	हेक्टर	<del>ऍ</del> रे	 सेन्टी- ऐरे
	846 ख	0	4	28
	. 1191 घ	0	2	14
	1190 ₹1	0	2	41
	1204 ख	0	1	20
			:-	<del></del>

[संख्या 12020/3/75 एल तथा एल-1]

S.O. 2299.—Whereas it appears to the Central Government that it is necessary in the public interest that for the transport of petroleum from Rudrasagar Lakwa Trunk Pipeline to Junction point of Lakwa GGS No. 6 in Sibsagar Dist.: Assam. Pipeline should be laid by the Oil & Natural Gas Commission.

And Whereas it appears that for the purpose of laying such Pipelines, it is necessary to acquire the Right of User in the land described in the schedule annexed hereto;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section(1) of the Section 3 of the Petroleum Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962), the Central Government hereby declares its intention to acquire the right of user therein;

Provided that any person interested in the said land may, within 21 days from the date of this notification, object to the laying of the pipelines under the land to the Competent Authority, viz. the Sub-Divisional Officer, Sibsagar, Assam.

And every person making such an objection shall also state specifically whether he wishes to be heard in person or by a legal practitioner.

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3210 THE GAZETTE OF INDIA: SEPTEMBER 6, 1975/BHADRA 15, 1			DRA 15, 1897	, 1897		[PART II		
·	SCHEDULE							
Pipeline from Rude	rasagar Lakwa Trunk Pipoli. Point of Lakwa GGS. No.	ne to Jur 6.	nction	1	2	3	4	
State : Assam	Dist. Sibsagar Ta	duka: Sil	akuti		334 <b>ख</b>	0	2	14
					335 ₹	0	4	28
Village	Survey No. Hectare	Are Co	ntiare		339 <b>ख</b>	0	1	74
	S DAG TEL A				340 ख	0	1	74
Dehingia Konwar-C	Gaon 846 Kha 0 1191 Gha 0	4 2	28 14		341 ख	0	1	87
	1191 Gha 0	2	41		342 ख	0	0	94
	1204 Kha 0	1	20		345 खा	0	1	61
					402 ख	0	2	54
	[No. 12020/3	3/75-L &	L-1]		403 আ	0	15	39
WTo WTO 2020	)	ਹਰ ਧੜੀਤ	श्रीमा		416 ख	0	2	14
	्र भाषप्यक है कि लक्ष्वा कूप न	~	•		4 । 7 खा	0	2	27
लकवा जी० जी० एस			०५ त उत्पादों		418 <b>অ</b>	0	1	61
·	० गम्भर ० कः चामः पद्र पाइप लाइन तेल एवं प्राक्ततिकागै				419 ₹4	0	0	94
विष्ठाई जानी चाहिए,	नाइन लाइन तल दुन नाइनतन प	त आसामा	MAT N.I		420 ख	0	2	27
ामछा <b>इ</b> जाना नाहिए,					421 <b>T</b>	0	2	27
ग्रौर यह प्रतीत	होता है कि ऐसी लाइनों विछाने	के प्रयोज	न के		422 <b>ज</b>	0	2	81
लिए एतद् या बद्ध अनु	सूची में घर्णित भूमि के उपयोग का	मधिकार	वर्जित		423 <b>ख</b>	0	0	67
करना ग्रावश्यक है;					424 ख	0	2	14
धतः धव पेटोलियम	पाईप लाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के ह	पश्चिकार का	ग्रजंन		483 ব	0	2	14
•	962 का 3 की भारा 3 उपध				484 स	0	3	34
,	प्रोग करते हुए केन्द्रीय सरकार ने				485 অ	0	1	87
	का भ्रपना भागय एतदुद्वारा घोषि				486 <b>व</b>	0	1	20
	• •		-		487 <b>T</b>	0	2	94
•	कोई व्यक्ति उस भूमि के नीचे पार				488 <b>ख</b>	0	2	14
के लिए ग्राक्षेप ग्रवर	प्रमण्डल पदाधिकारी शिवसागर श्र	ासम के का	र्यालय		489 ख	0	1	20
में इस मधिसूचना की	तारीख से 21 दिनों के भीतर	कर सकेगा	l		490 <b>ख</b>	0	0	40
गेमा धाओप करने	वाला हर व्यक्ति विनिर्दिष्ट यह	भी कथन	करेगा		526 অ	0	4	95
•	: है कि उसकी सुनवाई व्यक्तिगत ह				527 ख	0	0	67
क्यवसायी की मार्फत।	Gin and Andre Middle	נואירו ודילוו	17114		1178 আ	0	1	47
न्यवसाया का नाकता					1182 ▼	0	1	47
	<b>भनुस्</b> ची				1183 ব্ৰ	0	1	34
लकवा कूप नम्बर 10	9,64 से लकवा जी०जी० एस०न	म्बर ६तक	नी -		1185 ব	0	1	74

0

[संख्या 12020/4/75-एल०तचाएल०-III] S.O. 2930.—whereas it appears to the Central Government that it is necessary in the public interest that for the transport of petroleum from Lakwa Well No. 109,64 to Lakwa GGS No. 6 in Sibsagar Dist., Assam. Pipeline should be laid by the Oil & Natural Gas Commission.

And Whereas it appears that for the purpose of laying such Pipelines, it is necessary to acquire the Right of User in the land described in the schedule annexed hereto;

1186 ख

1187朝

1207 ₹

1260 ₹

Now, Therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of the section 3 of the Petroleum Pipelines, (Acquisition of Right of User in land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962) the Central Government hereby declares its intention to acquire the right of user therein;

Provided that any person interested in the said land may within 21 days from the date of this notification object

पाइप लाइन

राज्य द्रासाम	जिला:पि	ग्वसा <b>गर</b>	तासुकः—	-शिला- कुटी
प्राम	सर्वेनस्थर	<del>हेद</del> टर	ऐरे	सेन्दी ऐरे
1	2	3	4	5
डिहिंगीया कुंअर	316 <b>অ</b>	0	1	07
	317 ख	0	1	07
	319 <b>ख</b>	0	1	07
	322 ₺ 🗗	0	1	61
	329 ख	0	1	61
	331 ₹	0	2	41
	332 ख	0	2	14
	333 ब	0	2	14

to the laying of the pipelines under the land to the Competent. Authority, viz. the Sub-Divisional Officer, Sibsagar, Assam.

AND every person making such an objection shall also state specifically whether he wishes to be heard in person or by a legal practitioner.

#### **SCHEDULE**

Pipeline From-Lakwa well No. 109 (LBD) and 64 to Lakwa GGS No. 6

State: Assam Dist. ; Sibsagar Taluk : Silakuti

Village	Survey No.	Hectare	Are	Centiare
Dehingia Konwar Gaon	316/Kha	0	1	07
	317/Kha	0	1	07
	319/Kha	0	1	07
	322/Kha	0	1	61
	329/Kha	0	1 2 2 2 2 4	61
	331/Kha	0	2	41
	332/Kha	0	2	14 14
	333/Kha	0	2	14
	334/Kha	0 0	4	28
	335/K.ha 339/K.ha	0	i	74
	340/ <b>K</b> ha	ŏ	i	74
•	341/K.ha	ŏ	î	87
	342/Kha	ŏ	ō	94
	345/Kha	ŏ	ĭ	61
	402/Kha	ŏ	$\tilde{2}$	54
	403/Kha	ŏ	2 15 2 2	39
	416/Kha	Ō	2	14
	417/Kha	0	2	27
	418/Kha	0	1	61
	419/Kha	0	0 2 2 2 2 0 2 2 3 1	94
	420/Kha	0	2	27
	421/Kha	0	2	27
	422/Kha	0	2	81
	423/Kha	0	Ü	67 14
	424/Kha	0	2	14
	483/Kha	Ö	2	34
	484/Kha	0	1	87
	485/Kha 486/Kha	0	1	20
	487/Kha	Ö	1 2 2	94
	488/Kha	ŏ	2	14
	489/Kha	ŏ	ī	20
	490/Kha	ŏ	Ō	40
	526/Kha	Õ	4	95
	527/Kha	0	0	
	1178/Kha	0	1	47
	1182/Kha	0	1	47
	1183/Kha	0	1	34
	1185/Kha	0	1	74
	1186/Kha	0	2	81
	1187/Kha	0	1	61
	1207/Kha	0	4	55
	1260/Kha	0	3	21

[No. 12020/3/75-L & L/II.]

का० झा० 2931 .---यत: केरद्रीय सरकार को यह प्रतीत होता है है कि लोकहित में यह भावश्यक है कि लकवा कुप नम्बर 81 से लकवा जी० जी० एस० नम्बर 7 के बीच पैटोलियम उत्पादों के परिवहन के लिये पाइप लाइन तेल एवं प्राकृतिक गैस श्रायोग द्वारा विछाई जानी चाहिये ।

भ्रौर यह प्रतीस होता है कि ऐसी लाइनों को विख्ञाने के प्रयोजन के लिये एतदपायन्य अनस्ची में वर्जित भिम में उपयोग का अधिकार करना

ग्रतः ग्रब पैट्रोलियम पाइप लाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के ग्रधिकार भा प्रजॅन) प्रधिनियम, 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 3 की उप-धारा (1) द्वारा प्रवत्तं शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए केन्द्रीय सरकार ने उसमें उपयोग का प्रधिकार प्रजित करने का प्रपना भाग्य एतवृद्वारा वोषित किया है।

उक्त भमि में हितबद्ध कोई व्यक्ति उस भूमि के नीचे पाइप लाइन बिछाने के लिये प्राक्षेप प्रवर प्रमण्डल प्रवाधिकारी, शिवसागर प्रसम के कार्यालय में इस $\mathbf{X}$ भधिसुचना की तारीख से 21 दिनों के सकेगा ।

ऐसा ग्राक्षेप करने वाला हर व्यक्ति विनिर्दिष्टतः यह करेगा कि क्या वह यह चाहता है कि उसकी सुनवाई व्यक्तिगत हो या किसी विधिव्यवसाई की मार्फत।

# प्रनुसूची

लकवा कृप नम्बर 81 से लकवा जी०जी० एस० नम्बर 7 तक की पाइप लाईन						
राज्य : भ्रतम	जिलाः शिवर	 शागर	तालुक	: शिला कुटी		
ग्राम	सर्वे नम्बर	हे <del>ग</del> टर	ऐरे	 सेन्टी- ऐरे		
सरूमथुरापुर	3 4 9 <b>u</b>	0	19	10		
	[संख्या 1202	0/3/75-ए	ल०तवा ।	 रल <b>०</b> 3]		

S.O. 2931—Whereas it appears to the Central Government that it is necessary in the public interest that for the transport of petroleum from Lakwa Well No. 81 to Lakwa GGS No. 7 in Sibsagar Distt., Assam. Pipeline should be laid by the Oil & Natural Gas Commission.

And whereas it appears that for the purpose of laying such Pipelines, it is necessary to acquire the Right of User in the land described in the schedule annexed hereto;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of the section 3 of the Petroleum Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962), the Central Government hereby declares its intention to acquire the right of user therein ;

Provided that any person interested in the said land may, within 21 days from the date of this notification, object to the laying of the pipelines under the land to the Cempetent Authority, viz. the Sub-Divisional Officer, Sibsagar, Assam.

And every person making such an objection shall also state specifically whether he wishes to be heard in person or by a legal practitioner.

**SCHEDULE** 

Pipeline from Lakwa Well No. 81 to Lakwa GGS No. 7

State : Assam	District: To Sibsagar		'alu : Silakuti	
Village	Sur- vey No.	Hect- are	Are	Centi- are
1	2	3	4	5
Sorumothurapur	349 Kha	0	19	10
	[No	. 12020/3	/75-L &	. <b>L</b> /ПП

[No. 12020/3/75-L & L/1

कार करें — 2932 यत: केन्द्रीय सरकार को यह प्रतीत होता है कि लोकहित में यह प्रावश्यक है कि लकवा कूप नम्बर 79,80 भीर 81 से लकवा जीव्डीव एसव नम्बर 7 के बीच पैट्रोलियम उत्पादों के परिवहन के लिये पाइप लाइन तेल एवं प्राकृतिक गैस श्रायोग द्वारा बिछाई जानी चाहिये।

भीर यह प्रतीत होता है कि ऐसी लाइनों को बिछाने के प्रयोजन के लिए ए दुपाबन्द्ध श्रनुसूची में वर्जित भूमि में उपयोग का श्रधिकार श्रक्तित करना श्रावण्यक है।

ग्रतः ग्रब पैट्रोलियम पाइप लाइन (भूमि में उपयोग के अधिकार का ग्राजैन) श्रिधिनियम 1962 (1962 का 50) की धारा 3 की उप-धारा (1) द्वारा प्रवत्त गक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए केन्द्रीय सरकार ने उसमें उपयोग का श्रिधिकार अर्जित करने का ग्रपना ग्राथय एतव् द्वारा घोषित किया है।

जक्त भूमि में हितबद्ध कोई व्यक्ति उस भूमि के नीचे पाइप लाइन बिछाने के लिये भ्राक्षेप प्रवर प्रमण्डल पदाधिकारी शिवसागर मसम के कार्यालय में इस अधिसूचना की तारीख से 21 दिनों के भीतर कर सकेगा।

ऐसा भ्राक्षेप करने वाला हर व्यक्ति विनिर्दिष्टतः मह भी क्षयन करेगा कि क्या वह यह चाहता है कि उसकी सुनवाई व्यक्तिगत हो या किसी विधि व्यवसाई की मार्फत्।

# ग्रनुस<del>ुद्</del>यी

लकता कूप नम्बर 79,80 ग्रीर 81 से लकता डी०जी० एस० नम्बर 7 सक की पाइप लाइन

जिलाः शिवसागर		तालुक : शिला- कुटी	
सर्वे नम्बर	हे <u>क</u> टर	<del></del>	<del></del> सेन्टी- ऐरे
9ग् 9न 9न	0 0 0	2 0 2 0	60 68 54
	सर्वे नम्बर  9ग् 9न	सर्वे नम्बर हेक्टर 	9न 0 2 9 <b>म</b> 0 0

[संख्या 12020/3/75-एल० तथा एल/-4] टी० पी० सूत्रह्यन्यन, अवर सचिव

S.O. 2932.—Whereas it appears to the Central Government that it is necessary in the public interest that for the transport of petroleum from Lakwa Well No. 79, 80 and 81 to Lakwa GGS No. 7 in Sibasgar Distt., Assam. Pipeline should be laid by the Oil & Natural Gas Commission.

And whereas it appears that for the purpose of laying such pipelines, it is necessary to acquire the Right of User in the land described in the schedule annexed hereto;

Now, therefore in exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section (1) of section 3 of the petroleum pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962), the Central Government hereby declares its intention to acquire the right of user therein; Provided that any person interested in the said land may within 21 days from the date of this notification, object to the laying of the pipelines under the land to the Competent Authority, viz. the Sub-Divisional Officer, Sibsagar, Assam.

And every person making such an objection shall also state specifically whether he wishes to be heard in person or by a legal practitioner.

#### SCHEDULE

Pipeline from Lakwa Well Nos. 79, 80 and 81 to Lakwa GGS No.7.

State: Assam	District : Si	istrlet : Sibsagar Taluk : Silakuti			
Village	Sur- vey No.	Hec- tare	Are	Cen- tiare	
Sola Chah Bagicha	9 Ga	0	20	60	
	9Na	0	2	68	
	9 Jha	0	0	54	
	9 Tha	0	6	69	

[No. 12020/3/75-L&L/IV] T. P. Subrahmanyan, Under Secy.

# उद्योग भीर नागरिक पूर्ति मंत्रालय

(नागरिक पूर्ति ग्रौर सहकारिता विभाग)

नई दिल्ली, 16 प्रगस्त, 1975

का० द्या० 2933.—केन्द्रीय सरकार, ध्रिप्रम संविदा (विनियमन) ध्रिधिनियम, 1952 (1952 का 74) की धारा 5 के प्रधीन वि केसरगंज व्यापार कम्पनी लि० मेरठ द्वारा मान्यता के पुनर्नवीकरण के लिए विये गये ध्रावेदन पर वायदा बाजार द्यायोग से परामर्थ करके, विचार कर लंने पर और ध्रपना यह समाधान हो जाने पर कि ऐसा करना व्यापार के हित में भीर लोकहित में भी होगा, उक्त द्राधिनियम की धारा 6 द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए उक्त कम्पनी को गुड़ की ध्रिप्रम संविद्याओं की बाबत 10 ध्रगस्त, 1975 से 9 ध्रगस्त 1976 तक (जिसमें ये दोनों दिन भी सम्मिलित हैं) की एक वर्ष की ध्रतिरिक्त कालाविध के लिए मान्यता प्रदान करती है।

 एतब्द्वारा प्रदत्त मान्यता इस शर्त के प्रध्यक्षीन है कि उक्त कम्पनी बायथा बाजार प्रायोग द्वारा समय-समय पर विए जाने बाले निदेशों का प्रनुपालन करेगी।

> [फाइल संख्या 12(13)-म्राई०टी०/75] यू० एस० राणा, उप सचित्र,

# MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY & CIVIL SUPPLIES

(Department of Civil Supplies & Cooperation) New Delhi, the 16th August, 1975

S.O. 2933.—The Central Government in consultation with the Forward Market Commission, having considered the application for renewal of recognition made under Section 5 of the Forward Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1952 (74 of 1952) by the Kaiserganj Beopar Company Limited, Meerut, and being satisfied that it would be in the interest of the

trade and also in the public interest so to do, hereby grants, interescise of the powers conferred by Section 6 of the said  $RC_i$ ; recognition to the said Company for a further period of one year from the 10th August, 1975 upto the 9th August, 1976 (both days inclusive) in respect of forward contracts in gur.

2. The recognition hereby granted is subject to the condition that the said Company shall comply with such directions as may from time to time be given by the Forward Markets Commission.

[F. No. 12(13)-IT/75]U. S. RANA, Dy. Secy.

(ग्रीको)गिक विकास विभाग)

#### मावेश

नई विस्ली, 20 घगस्त, 1975

कां आ 2934.--केन्द्रीय सरकार, भावश्यक वस्तु अधिनियम, 1955 (1955 का 10) की घारा 3 द्वारा प्रवेत शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, कागज (उत्पादन का नियंत्रण) आदेश, 1974 में और संशोधन करने के लिए निम्नलिखित आदेश करती है। प्रयोत्:---

- (1) इस घावेश का नाम कागज (उत्पादन का नियंत्रण) तृतीय संशोधन घावेश, 1975 है।
  - (2) यह 1 प्रस्टूबर, 1975 को प्रवृक्त होगा।
- 2. कागज (उत्पादन का नियंद्रण मादेश) 1974 के खण्ड 7 में उपखण्ड (2) के स्थान पर, निम्नलिखित उपखण्ड रखा जाएगा, मर्थात्:—— "(2) यवेत मुद्रण-कागज समय समय पर भारतीय मानक संस्था द्वारा मधिमूचित प्रवेत मुद्रण कागज के लिए विभिवेंशों के अनुकप होगा धौर उस पर भा० भा० सं० का० प्रमाणन-चिह्न होगा।"

[सं० 14(20)/75-कागज] बी० एन० जयसिंह, संयक्त सचिव

(Deptt. of Industrial Development) New Delhi, the 20th August, 1975

### ORDER

- S.O. 2934.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955), the Central Government hereby makes the following Order further to amend the Paper (Control of Production) Order, 1974, namely:—
- 1. (1) This Order may be called the paper (Control of Production) Third Amendment Order, 1975.
- (2) It shall come into force on the 1st day of October, 1975.
- 2. In clause 7 of the paper (Control of production) Order, 1974, for sub-clause (2), the following sub-clause shall be substituted, namely:—
  - "(2) The white printing paper shall also conform to the specifications for white printing paper notified by the Indian Standards Institution from time to time and shall bear the ISI certification mark."

[No. 14(20)/75-Paper]
B. N. JAYASIMHA, Secy.

गई विल्ली, 25 ग्रगस्त, 1975

का० था० 2935.—केन्द्रीय सिरक बोर्ड प्रधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 61) की घारा 4 की उप धारा (3) के नियम (ख) द्वारा प्रवक्त प्रक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए केन्द्रीय सरकार एत्व्हारा उद्योग भौर नागरिक पूर्ति मंत्रालय, घौद्योगिक विकास विभाग में निवेशक श्री ए० के० राग्र तथा वित्त मंत्रालय व्यय विभाग में भवर सचिव श्री एम० वेंकटे-शवरन को तस्काल से केन्द्रीय सिरक बोर्ड का सबस्य नामित करती है तथा भारत सरकार, श्रीद्योगिक विकास मंत्रालय की श्रिधसूचना संख्या का० आ० 482(४०) विनांक 12-9-73 में जिसे ग्रिधसूचना (फा० सं० 6/9/74-सी० एण्ड एस० द्वारा विनांक 26 मार्च, 1974 को संशोधित किया गया था निम्नलिखित संशोधन करती है। यथा:---

उक्त प्रक्षिसूचना में कम संख्या 1 घीर 2 परकी गई प्रक्रिष्टियां हटा दी जायेंगी घीर उनके स्थान पर निम्नलिखित कर दिया जायेगा। यथा:--

> [फा॰ संख्या 6/24/75-सी॰एण्ड एस॰] एस॰ एस॰ घोष, उप-निवेशक

# New Delhi, 25th August, 1975

S.O. 2935.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub Section (3) of Section 4 of the Central Silk Board Act, 1948 (61 of 1948), the Central Government hereby nominates Shri A.K. Ray, Director, Deptt. of Industrial Development Ministry of Industry & Civil Supplies and Shri M. Verkateswaran, Under Secretary, Deptt. of Expenditure, Ministry of Finance, as Members of the Central Silk Board with immediate effect and makes the following amendment in the Notification of the Govt. of India in the Ministry of Industrial Development NS.O. No. 482 (E) dated the 12th September, 1973, as modified in the notification (F.No. 6/9/74-C&S) dated the 26th March 1974, namely:—

In the said Notification, the existing entries at Sl. No. 1&2 shall be deleted and, in their places, the following shall be inserted namely:—

 Shri A.K. Ray, Director, Ministry of Industry & Civil Supplies, (Deptt. of Ind. Dev.).

Ind. Dev.).

2. Shri M. Venkateswaran,
Under Secretary, Min. of
Finance, (Deptt. of Expenditure).

Nominated by the Central Government under Section 4(3) (b) of the Act.

[F. No. 6/24/75-C&S)] S. N. Ghosh, Dy. Director. लाइसेंस संख्या ग्रीर तिथि

तत्संबंधी भारतीय मानक

# उद्योग तथा नागरिक पृति संजालय

# भारतीय मानक संस्था

नई विस्ली, 5 भगस्त, 1975

कां॰ घरं॰ 2936.--समय-समय समय पर संशोधित भारतीय मानक संस्था (प्रमाणन चिह्न) विनियम 1955 के विनियम 14 के उपविनियम (4) के अनुसार भारतीय मानक संस्था द्वारा अधिमूचित किया जाता है कि लाइसेंस जिसके ब्यौरे नीचे अनुसूची में दिए गए हैं, 16 जुलाई 1975 से लाइसेंसधारी के भन्तोध पर रह कर दिया गया है :---

# मनुसुभी

लाइसेंस के ब्रधीन बस्तु/प्रक्रिया

लाइसेंसधारी का नाम ग्रीर पता

				J		
सीएम/एल-2839 14-12-1971	टेड इंडस्ट्रियर	मूखरीज प्राइवेट लिमि- ग एरिया,	(1) चैम्सफोर्ड		365~1966	
	भोपाल	गोविंदपुरा 	(2) नार्घपोल			
			· · <del>-</del> · <del>-</del>		[संख्या एम डी	<b>जी</b> / 55:2839].
MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY & CIVIL SUPPLIES  (Indian Standards Institution)  New Delhi, the 5th August, 1975  S.O. 2936.—In pursuance of Sub-regulation (4) of Regulation 14 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks), Regulations, 1955, as amended from time to time, the Indian Standards Institution, hereby notifies that the licence, particulars of which are given below, has been cancelled with effect		LIES		Name and address of the licensee	Articles/Proces covered by the licence.	
		on Marks), the Indian nce, parti-	CM/L-2839 14-12-1971	M/s. Lilasons Broweries Private Limited, Indus- trial Area, Go- vindpura, Bhopal	Beer; Trade Mark; (i) 'Chelmsfor (ii) 'Northpole	
from 16 July 1975 on the request	of the licensec:				[No. ]	MDD/55;2839]

नई दिल्ली, 8 ग्रगस्त, 1975

कांब्बां 2937.--भारतीय मानक संस्था (प्रमाणन विह्न) विनियम 1955 के विनियम 4 के उपिनियम (1) के ब्रनुसार भारतीय मानक संस्था की ब्रोर से ग्रधिसूचित किया जाता है कि जिन मानक चिह्नों की डिजाइन, उनके शाब्दिक विवरण तथा तत्संबंधी भारतीय मानक के शीर्षक सहित नीचे अनुसूची में विए गए हैं, वे भारतीय मानक संस्था द्वारा निर्धारित किए गए हैं।

# **मनुसूची**

季申	मानक चिह्न	की उत्पाद/उत्पाद की	तत्सम्बन्धी भारतीय मानक की	 पद	मानक चिह्न की डिजाइन	लागू होने की
संख्या	<b>ডিজাছ</b> ন	ा श्रेग्गी	संख्या श्रीर गीर्थक	,	का णाठिकक विजयमा	तिश्रि
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)	(6)
	S: 2024	सिलिको-कौमियम	IS: 2024-1970 सिलिको-कौ मियमकी निणिष्टि (पहला पुनरीक्षण)	सम्द ह शैली प भौर ज मोमोग्रा	मानक संस्था के मोनोग्राम जिसमें 'ISI'. ग्रोते हैं स्तम्भ (2) में विखाई गई ग्रीर ग्रमुपास में तैयार किया गया है सा डिजाईन में दिखाया गया है उस अप के ऊपर की ग्रोर भारतीय मानक प्रसंख्या दी गई है।	1 जून 1975
		(पानी के मीटर) (थोक प्रकार के)	IS: 2373-1673 पानी के मीटरों (थोक प्रकार के) की विशिष्ट (दूसरा पुनरीक्षण)	'ISI' व शैली व और जै मोनोग्रा	मानक संस्था के मोनोग्राम जिसमें गब्द होते हैं स्तम्भ (2) में विश्वाई गई गौर अनुपात में तैयार किया गया है सा बिजाइन में दिखाया गया है उस म के ऊपर की मोर भारतीय मानक संख्या दी गई है।	1 जनय <b>री</b> 19 <b>75</b>

2 3 4 5 6

3. IS: 4072 स्त्रिग बाबरों के लिए IS: 4072--1967 स्त्रिग बाबरों भारतीय मानक संस्था के मोनोग्राम जिसमें 'ISI' 1 जून, 1975

इस्पात के लिए इस्पात की बिशिष्टि शब्द होते हैं, स्तम्भ (2) में दिखाई गई
गैंसी धौर भनुपात में तैयार किया गया है
गौर जैसा डिजाइन में दिखाजा गया है उस
मोनोग्राम के अपर की भोर भारतीय मानक
की पदसंख्या दी गई है।

[सं० सी० एम० डी०/13:9]

# New Delhi, the 8th August, 1975

S.O. 2937.—In pursuance of sub-rule (1) of rule 4 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Rules, 1955 the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that the Standard Mark (s), design(s) of which together with the verbal description of the design(s) and the title(s) of the relevant Indian Standard(s) are given in the Schedule hereto annexed, have been specified.

These Standard Mark(s) for the purpose of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Act, 1952 and the Rules and Regulations framed thereunder, shall come into force with effect from the dates shown against each:

## **SCHEDULE**

	gn of the ndard Mark	Product/Class of Product	No. and Title of the Relevant Indian Standard	Verbal description of the Design of the Standard Mark	Date o	of
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
,, _,,	of letters 'ISI', dra exact style and proportions as in Col. (2); the nother Indian Standard cribed on the top side		Standards Institution consisting of letters 'ISI', drawn in the exact style and relative proportions as indicated in	_	975	
2. IS:2	373	Water maters (bulk type)	IS:2373—1973 Specification for water meters (bulk type) (second revision)	The monogram of the Indian Standards Institution consisting of letters' 'ISI', drawn in the exact style and relative proportions as indicated in Col. (2); the number of the Indian Standard being superscribed on the top side of the monogram as indicated in the design.	ŕ	1975
3. IS:		Steel for spring washers	IS:4072—1967 Specification for steel for spring washers	The monogram of the Indian Standard Institution consisting of letters' 'ISI', drawn in the exact style and relative proportions as indicated in Col. (2); the nur ber of the Indian Standard bein superscribed on the top side of the monogram as indicated in the design.	n- .g	1975

[N . CMD/13:9]

# मई दिल्ली, 12 श्रगस्त, 1975

का० का० 2938.~-भारतीय नानक संस्था (प्रमाणन जिल्ला) विनियम 1955 के विनियम 3 के उपविनियम (2) घीर (3) के घनुसार भारतीय मानक संस्था द्वारा घधिसूचित किया जाता है कि नीचे धनुसूची में जिन मानकों के ब्यौरे दिए गए हैं, 30 धप्रैल 1975 को निर्धारित किए गए हैं ;

# **प्रनुसू**ची

कम निर्धारित भ संख्या	ारतीय मानक की पदसंख्या और शीर्षक	नए भारतीय मानक द्वारा रद्द किए हुए भारतीय मानक की पदसंख्या ग्रीर णीर्षक	विवरण
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
किस्म) के	रूप में पुन: वेल्लन के लिए कार्बन बलेट, ब्लूम ग्रीरसिल्लियों की विशिष्टि	*IS: 28301964 संरचना इस्पात (मानक किस्म) के रूप में पुनः वेस्पन के लिए कार्बन इस्पात के बिलेट की विभिष्टि	*भा० मा० संस्था प्रमाणन मृहर योजना कार्यो के लिए IS: 28301964 श्रीर IS: 28301969 31 जुलाई 1975 तक IS: 28301975 श्रीर IS: 28311975 के साथ-साथ लागू रहेंमें।

2 3 4 1 \*भा० सा० संस्था प्रमारान महर योजना: कार्यी के 2. IS: 2831-1975 संरचना इस्यात (साधारण \*IS: 2831-1969 संर**च**ना हस्पात (साधारण किस्म) के रूप में पुनः बेल्लन लिए IS: 2830-1964 मीर IS: 2831-किस्म) के रूप में पून: वेल्लन के लिए कार्बन इस्पात के बिलेट, ब्लूम भीर सिल्लियों की विशिष्टि के लिए कार्बन इस्पात के विलेट की 1969, 31 जुलाई 1975 तक IS: 2830-1975 विभिष्ट (पहला पुनरीक्षण) भीर IS: 2831-1975 के साथ साथ लागू रहेंगे। (दूसरा पुनरीक्षण)

हन भारतीय मानकों की प्रतियां विकी के लिए भारतीय मानक संस्था, मानक भवन, 9 बहाबुरशाह जफर मार्ग, नई दिल्ली-110001 तथा इसके शाखा कार्यालयों श्रहमदाबाद, बंगलोर, बम्बई, कलकत्ता, चंडीगड़, हैदराबाद, कानपुर, महास श्रीर पटना में उपलब्ध हैं।

[सं॰ सी एम डी/13: 2]

# New Dolhi, 12th August, 1975

S.O. 2938.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-rule (2) of Rule 3 and sub-regulations (2) and (3) of regulation 3 of Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Rules and Regulations, 1955, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that the Indian Standard(s), particulars of which are given in the schedule hereto annexed, have been established on 31 April, 1975:

## SCHEDULE

Sl. No. and Title of the Indian Standard No. Established		No. and Title of the Indian Standard or Standards, if any superseded by the new Indian Standard	Remarks
1	2	3	4
steel b rollin	30-1975 Specification for Carbon sillets, blooms and slabs for reg into structural Steel (standard ty) (first revision)	*IS: 2830—1964 Specification for carbon steel billets for rerolling into structural steel (standard quality)	*For purposes of ISI Certifi- cation Marks Scheme; IS: 2830-1964 and IS: 2831-1969 shall run con-
for 1	31-1975 Specification for on steel billets, blooms & slabs rerolling into structural steel inary quality) (Second revision).	*IS: 2831-1969 Specification for carbon steel billets for rerolling into structural steel (ordinary quality) (first revision).	currently with IS: 2830-1975 & IS: 2831-1975 respectively upto 31 July, 1975.

Copies of these Indian Standards are available for sale with the Indian Standards Institution, Manak Bhavan, 9, Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110001 and also its branch offices at Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Bombay, Calcutta, Chandigarh, Hyderabad, Kanpur, Madras and Patna.

[No. CMD/13:2]

का० ग्रा० 2939.—समय-समय पर संगोधित भारतीय मानक संस्था (प्रमाजन चिन्ह) विनियम 1955 के विनियम 3 के उपवित्तियम (2) ग्रीर (3) के ग्रनुसार भारतीय मानक संस्था द्वारा ग्रधिसूचित किया जाता है कि नीचे ग्रनुसूची में जिन मानकों के ग्यौरे विए गए हैं ; 1 फरवरी से 28 फरवरी, 1974 की ग्रवधि में निर्धारित किए गए हैं :

## भनुसूकी

कम निर्धारित भारतीय मानक की पदसंख्या भीर शीर्षक संक्या		क नए भारतीय मानक द्वारा रद्द किए हुए भार- तीय मानक की पदसंख्या घीर शीर्षक	संक्षिप्त विवरण	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
	IS: 336-1973 ईयर की विणिष्टि (दूसरा पुनरीक्षण)	IS: 336-1964 ईथर की विशिष्टि (पुनरीक्षित)	इस मानक में ईथर के विषय में प्रपेक्षाएं श्रौर कानगी लेने तथा परीक्षण की पद्मतियां निर्धारित की गई हैं। (मूल्य रु० 8.00)	
ĸ,	IS: 389-1973 सूतीसामग्रियों में सल्प्यूरिक सम्ल ग्रौर हाइड्रोक्जोरिक ग्रम्ल की लखुमात्राकी बाच की पद्मति (पहलापुतरीक्षण)	IS: 389-1952 सूती सामग्रियों में सल्प्यूरिक ग्रम्ल ग्रीर हाइड्रोक्लोरिक ग्रम्ल की लशुमात्रा की जीच की पञ्चति	दस मानक में निरंजित और प्रकाशित सूती वस्तुओं में प्रविशिष्ट सल्प्यूरिक भौर हाइड्रोक्लोरिक भ्रम्ल की लघु मात्राओं की जांच की पद्धति बताई गई हैं। (संस्य द० 2.50)	

3. IS: 696---1972 सामान्य इंजीनियरी ड्राइंगों IS: 696---1960 सामान्य इंजीनियरी ड्राइंगों अनुभाग 1:---संहिता के इस अनुभाग में ड्राइंग के कागजों की रीतिसंहिता (वसरा प्नरीक्षण) की रीतिसंहिता (प्तरीक्षित)

मर्थात शीट के साइज, उनके विन्यास, भायोजना संख्यांकन संवर्भ देने तथा प्रिटों को मोडने के विषय में भ्रपेकाएं वी गई हैं।

- धनुभाग 2:--संहिता के इस धनुभाग में पैमाने प्रचलित रेखाओं के प्रकार भीर उनकी मोटाइयों भीर लेटरिंग के प्रकार और उनके साइज बताए गए हैं।
- धनभाग 3:--संहिता के इस अनुभाग में प्रक्षेप की पद्धतियां भारेखन की रूप पद्धतियां भौरकाट बताए गए हैं।
- मनुभाग 4:--संहिता के इस भाग में माप देने भीर छुटें देने की पद्धालियां वी गई हैं।
- घनुभाग 5:--संहिता के इस धनुभाग में सतह के खरदरेपन से संबंधित प्रतीक ग्रीर भतिरिक्त संकेत निर्धारित किए गए हैं।
- श्रमभाग 6 :---संहिता के इस श्रमभाग में कील काबलों प्रावि बंधकों, वेल्डिंग पद्धतियों ग्रीर धात् के संरचना कायाँ के विषय में समान डाइंग रीतियां प्रतिष्ठित की गई हैं।
- धनभाग 7 :--संहिता के इस धनभाग में सामान्य इंजीनियरी के लिए जिन संक्षिप्तियों और प्रतीकीं की सिफारिश की जाती हैं वे दी गई। हैं। (म्ह्य ६० 20.00)
- 4. IS: 1141--1973 इसारती लक्क के प्रकान IS: 1141--1958 इसारती लक्क के इस मानक में लक्क की प्रकान से सर्वाधित लक्की का की रीतिसहिता (पहुला पुनरीक्षण) पकाने की रीतिसंहिता (परीक्षार्थ)
  - वर्गीकरण, प्रारम्भिक उपचार धौर जनके भंडारण, पकाने की पद्धितयों, विभिन्न प्रजाति की लकड़ियों को पकाने की भट्टियों की अनुसूचिया, भट्टियों पर काम करने की विधियां भौर पकी हुई लकड़ी का निरीक्षण, परिवहन ग्रीर भंडारण के विषय में प्रपेक्षित बातें दी गई हैं। (मुल्य रू० 12.00)

- 5. IS: 1290-1973 धानिज जिप्सम की विशिष्टि (दूसरा पूनरीक्षण)
- IS: 1290-1965 खानिज जिप्सम विभिष्ट (पुनरीक्षित)
- की इस मानक खनिज जिप्सम प्रपेक्षाएं बानगी लेने की पञ्चतियां निर्धारित की गई हैं। इसमें जिप्सम की एक रंग बिहीन और पारदर्शक किस्स सिलेनाइट को भी लिया गया है। यह किस्म विशेष रुप से मुसिका घट्टाकों में स्पष्ट स्रप से नताक किस्टलों के विषय में पाई जाती हैं। (मूल्य रू० 3,00)
- $6.~{
  m IS}:~1683-1973$  रसङ् उद्योग के लिए बेरा-  ${
  m IS}:~1683-1960$  रसङ् उद्योग के लिए इस मानक में रसङ् उद्योग में काम प्राने वाले बेराय-यटीज की विशिष्टि (पहला पूनरीक्षण) बेरायटीज की विशिष्टि यटीज के विषय में मपेक्षाएं ग्रीर बानगी लेने तथा परीक्षण की पद्धतियां निर्धारित की गई हैं। (मुख्य रु० 3.00)
- 7. IS: 1769 (भाग 1)-1973 सिगार और IS: 1769-1961 सिगार और बुश्ट की इस मानक में भारत में बाने वाली सिगारों के विषय में भवेआएं भीर परीक्षण की पदातियां बताई भूरुट की विभिन्दि भाग 1 सिगार (पञ्चला विभिष्टि पुन रीक्षण) गई हैं। (मस्य ६० 4.00)

8. IS : 1805-1973 पत्थरों से सम्बन्धित IS: 1805-1961 इमारती पत्थरों, प्राप्ति इस मानक में निर्माण के कार्य में प्रयुक्त पत्थर, शब्दावली, खुदाई और गढ़ाई (पहला पुनरीक्षण) बुदाई भीर गढ़ाई से सम्बन्धित शब्दाशली उसकी खुदाई भीर गढ़ाई के साथ ही उन कामों के लिए प्रयुक्त भीजारों के विषय में परिभाषाओं सहित शब्दावली दी गई है। (मूल्य ६० 3.00) 9. IS: 1885 (भाग 4 अनुभाग 2)-1973 IS: 1885 (भाग 4 अनुभाग 2)+1965 द्वस मानक में एनसरे-ट्र्यूब से सम्बन्धित परिभाषा विद्युत तकनीकी सन्दावली भाग 4 इलैक्ट्रान सहित भग्द दिए गए हैं। (मुख्य ६० 5.50) विद्युत सकनीकी शब्दावली भाग 4 इसैक्ट्रांन-ट्युब अनुभाग 2 एक्स-रे ट्युब ट्यूब अनुभाग 2 एक्स-रे ट्यूब 10. IS: 1920-1973 सन की डोरियों की विधिष्ट IS: 1920-1961 सफोद सन की डोरी की इस मानक में तीन पान सन की छह प्रकार की डोरियों (पहला पुनरीक्षण) विशिष्टि के विषय में अपेक्षाएं दी गई हैं। (मृख्य ए० 3.00) 11. IS: 2058-1973 श्रोरिया परिवर्ती स्वचल IS: 2058-1962 श्रोरिया परिवर्ती स्वचल इस मानक में श्रोरिया परिवर्ती स्वचल सूती करवों सूती करघों के लिए नाल की विशिष्टि (पहला सूती करवों के लिए नाल की विशिष्टि के लिए नालों के विषय में माप सम्बन्धी तथा पनरीक्षण) श्रान्य अपेकाएं बताई गई हैं (मुख्य रू 3.00) 12. IS: 2099-1973 1000-बोल्ट से प्रधिक IS: 2099-1962 उपन बोस्टता पोर्सलेन इस मानक में 1000-बोस्ट से प्रधिक रेटित बोस्टता ऐसी बोल्टतास्रों की बूश बंदियों की विणिष्टि की वस बंदियों की विशिष्टि और 15 हर्ट्ज से 60 हर्टज के बीच भावतियों वाली 3 फेज ऐसी धारा प्रणालियों की बग बंदियों के लिए रेटित मान, कार्यप्रदता सम्बन्धी ध्रपेकाएं भीर परीक्षण बताए गए हैं। (मूट्य ६० 12.00) 13. IS: 2242-1973 40 भीर 50 लीटर दूध IS: 2242-1962 40 भीर 50 लीटर दूध इस मानक में IS: 1373-1971 कलई वड़ी मद की बास्टियों वाले वर्ष कोष्ठों की विशिधिट (पहला की बाल्टियों बाले मर्फ कोष्ठों की विशिष्टि इस्पात की दूध की बाहिटयों की विशिष्टि (दूसरा पुनरीक्षण) पुनरीक्षण ), भौर IS: 1825-1971 एलू-मिनियम भी दूध की बास्टियों की विशिष्टि के अनुरुप तैयार 40 और 50 लीटर समाई वाली वुध की बाल्टियों को रखाने वाले बर्फकोब्टों के विषय में माप तथा प्रत्य प्रपेक्षाएं निर्धारित की गई हैं। (मृत्य ६० 3.00) 14. IS: 2500 (भाग 1)-1973 बानगी लेने की IS: 2500 (भाग 1)-1963 भानगी लेने इस मानक में एक राज्ञि के बाद दूसरी राज्ञि के निरीक्षण सारणियां भाग 1 गुणों भौर दोषों की की निरीक्षण सारणियों भाग 1 गुणों छौर निरीक्षण की बामगी लेने की निरीक्षण योजना गणना द्वारा निरीक्षण (पहला पुनरीक्षण) दोषों की गणना द्वारा निरीक्षण के लिए सारणियां दी गई हैं। ये सारणियां उसी स्थिति में लागू होती हैं जब निरीक्षण गुणों के द्वारा भथवा दोषों की गणना के भाषार पर होता हैं। (मूल्य र० 16.00) की IS: 2833-1964 एमीलीन तकनीकी की इस मामक में एनीलीन तकनीकी के विषय में झपे-15. IS: 2833-1973 एनीसीम तकनोकी क्षाएं भीर बानगी लेने तथा परीक्षण की पद्धतियां ब्रिणिप्टि (पहला पुनरीभण) बिशिष्टि निर्धारित की गई हैं। (मूल्य ६० 16.00) 16. IS: 2911 (भाग 3)-1973 स्थण नीयों इस मानक में श्रीहर रीम्ड स्थूण नीवों की डिजाइन की डिजाइन भीर निर्माण की रीतिसंहिता भाग 3 भीर मिर्माण को लिया गया है। ये नीवें निम्त-भ्रांडर रीम्ड स्थण नीव लिखित प्रकार की हो सकती हैं:---(क) वेधन द्वारा मौर मौके पर बाल कर बनाई कंकीट के स्थूण जिनकी सम्बाई में एक या एक से मधिक गुष्म हों, सौर (ख) वेधन द्वारा तैयार किया गया संघितित स्पूरण (मूरुय ६० ७.५०)

डाले गए भलस्थाव में छूट सीमाएं (पहला

पुनरीक्षण)

1	2	3	4
	IS: 2928-1973 पीठ पर र <b>क्ष</b> कर चलाए जाने विशेष दावधारो स्प्रेयर की विशिष्टि (पहुला पुनरीक्षण)		इस मानक में मुख्य रूप से कीटनाशक देवाईयां तथा अन्य नरल पदार्थ छिड़कने के काम आने बाले पीठ पर रखकर चलाएं जाने वाले दाबधारी स्प्रेयरों के विषय में निर्माण की सामग्री, अंतर- बिनिमयता माप सम्बन्धी अपेक्षाएं और कार्यप्रदत्ता की परीक्षण पद्धतियां, बताई गई हैं। (मूल्य कु० 6.00)
18.	IS: 3329-1973 सूती मोत्रों की विणिष्टि (पप्तला पुनरीक्षण)	IS: 3329-1965 मरदाने सूर्ता मोजों (हाथ से चलने वाली मणीनों पर बने) की विभिष्टि	इस मानक में सीवन सहित सूती मोजों के विषय में निर्माण सम्बन्धी स्थौरे तथा श्रन्य श्रदेकाएं बताई गई हैं। ये मौजे सादे या पट्टीदार बुनाई वाले होते हैं। (मूल्य इ. 5.50)
19.	IS: 3495 (भाग 1 से 4 तेक)1973 मिट्टी की इमारती ईंटों की परीक्षण पद्धतियां (पहला . पुनरीक्षण)	<del>-</del>	इस मानक में मिट्टी की इमारती ईंटों में सपीड़म सामर्थ्य जल सोखने की लोना लगाने श्रीर सिक्कु- इन की माल्ला ज्ञात करने सम्बन्धी परीक्षण पद्ध- तियां की गई हैं। (मूख्य द० 5.50)
20.	IS: 3552-1973 कटर रहित चपटी मोक वाले प्लास की विशिष्टि (पहला पुनरीक्षण)	IS: 3552-1966 जपटी नोक बाने प्लास की विशिष्टि	इस मानक में लम्बे कटर रहित चंपटी नोक वाले ज्लासों के विषय में माप ग्रौर ग्रंपेक्षाएं <b>क्ताई</b> गई र्षे । (मूल्य ६० ३.००)
21.	IS: 3600 (भाग 1)-1973 गलन वेस्डइत जोड़ों और इस्पात में बेस्डधातु की परीक्षण पद्धति भाग 1 सामान्य परीक्षण (पहला पुन- रीक्षण)	IS: 3600-1966 इस्पात में गलन वेल्ड- क्रुत जोड़ों श्रौर वेल्ड धातुकी परीक्षण की रीतिसंहिता	इस मानक में इस्पात में गलन वेल्डकृत जोड़ों भीर वेस्ड श्रातृ की परीक्षण पद्धितियों को लिया गया है लेकिन इसमें भनावण्यक परीक्षण नहीं विद्या गया है। इसमें विभिन्न परीक्षणों भीर मानक परीक्षण पद्धतियों के लिए प्रयुक्त मानक परीक्षण नमूनों की आकृति और माप भी बताए गए हैं। (मूल्य ए० 8,00)
22	IS: 3650-1973 संयुक्त पार्श्व कटाई प्लासों की विभिष्टि (पहला पुनरीक्षण)	IS: 3650-1966 संयुक्त पार्श्व कटाई प्लासों की विशिष्टि	इस मानक में संयुक्त कंगली कटाई वाले प्लासों के विषय में भ्रषेक्षाएं दी गई हैं। (मूल्य रु० 3.00)
23.	IS: 3700 ( भाग 3)-1973 एक दिश चालक धानों के घनिवार्य रेटिंग और लक्षण भाग 3 रेक्टीफायर बाइग्रोड (पहला पुनरीक्षण)	IS: 3700 (भाग 3)-1967 एक विश चालक साधनों के श्रानिवार्य रेप्टिंग श्रौर लक्षण भाग 3 रेक्टीफायर डाइग्रोड	इस मानक में धलग-अलग एक दिश जालक रेक्टी- कायर डाइग्रीड के लिए दी जाने वाली ध्रनिवार्य रेटिंग लक्षण और भन्य जानकारी दी गई हैं। इन डाइग्रोडों में रेक्टीफायर डाइग्रोड और नियंत्रित धाबेलैंस रेक्टीकायर डाइग्रोड भी णामिल हैं। (मूल्य रु० 4.00)
24.	IS: 4095-1973 जम्मूरे की विशिष्टि (पहला पुनरीक्षण)	IS: 4095-1967 बढ़ईयों के जम्भूरे की विशिष्टि	इस गानक में जम्भूरे के विषय में अपेक्षाएं दी गई हैं। (मूल्य ६० ३.००)
25.	IS: 4378-1973 निपर्स की विशिष्टि (पहला पुनरीकण)	TS: 4378-1967 निपर्स की विशिष्टि	इस मानक में दो प्रकार के निपर्स के विषय में भ्रपेक्षाएं दी गई हैं। (मूल्य ६० ३.००)
26.	IS: 4575-1973 रेशे के रस्सां की धरने उठाने की संहिता (पहला पुनरीक्षण)	IS: 4575-1968 रेगे के रस्सों के <b>ध</b> रने उठाने की संहिता	इस मानक में रेशे के रस्सों, को नुक्सान पहुंचाने वाले कारणों की जांच की गई है और उनकी देखभाल तथा इस्तेमाल में बंचाय के लिए उपाय बताए गए हैं। (भूल्य ह० 5.00)
27.	IS: 4764-1973 निर्देशों, तालाओं प्राप्ति में		इस मानक में निवधों, तालाबों म्रादि में डाले गए

डाले गए भलन्नाव में छूट सीमाएं

मलस्राव में छूट सम्बन्धी सीमाएं बताई गई हैं।

(मूल्य ६० 2.50)

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28. IS: 5000 (भोक्षी 15 भालक साधनों की रूपरेख			इस मानक में एक विश वालक साधनों के माप विए गए हैं। (मूल्य ६० 3.00)
29. IS: 5083-1973 चाकू पूरक पदार्थ (स्टापर) व पुनरोक्तण)		IS: 5083-1969 चाक् से लगाए जाने पूरक पदार्थ (स्टापर) की विभिष्टि	••
30. IS: 5182 (भाग 7)-1 माप पद्धतियां भाग 7 ह	•		इस मानक में हवा में हाइडोजन सल्फाइड की सघनता के नापने की पद्धति धताई गई हैं। (मूल्य रु० 4.00)
31. IS: 6297 (भाग 2 साज सामान के लिए ट्रॉव (पावर, श्रवण, स्पंदन ग्री विशिष्टि भाग 2 पावर ट्र	सफार्मरों भौर प्रेरिक्रों र स्विच कारक) की	IS: 591-1964 इलेक्ट्रानिक साज स के लिए मेंस ट्रांसफामेंर की वि (पुनरीक्षण)	•
32. IS: 6461 (भाग 7) से सम्बन्धित पारिभाषिक मिश्रण विकासा, संधनन, सम्बन्धी भन्य पक्ष	शब्दावली भाग 7		इस मानक में मिश्रण, बिछाना, संधनन, अपचार तथा निर्माण सम्बन्धी ग्रन्य पक्षों से स म्बन्धित परिभाषा सहित ग्रज्वावली दी गई हैं। (मूल्य ठ० 10.00)
33. IS: 6720-1972 प्लैटि यम-प्लैटिनम/6% रहोति सम्बन्धी संवर्ष सारणियां	डंयम ताप शुग्म की		इस मानक में प्लैटिनम/30% रहोडियम प्लैटिनम/6% रहोडियम तापयुग्मकों के विद्युत वाहकसल-ताप सम्बन्धी दिखाने काली संदर्भ सारणियां दी गई हैं। (मूल्य र० 7.00)
34. IS: 6749-1972 घल्क भीर क्यापार सम्बन्धी पारि	ोहल (इथाइल) उद्योग रेमापिक शब्दावली		इस भानक में निस्मिलिखित से सम्बन्धित ग्रस्कोहल क्यापार की तक्षमीकी शक्वावली परिभाषाओं सिहत वी गई है; (क) ग्रस्कोहल किण्वन भौर निसवम (ख) ग्रस्कोहल का उत्पादन ग्रीर (ग) पेग्र ग्रस्कोहल (ख) भौद्योगीगिक ग्रस्कोहल, ग्रीर (क) श्रस्कोहल ग्रीर ग्रस्कोहली पेगों के परीक्षण (ग्रस्म रु० 16.00)
35. IS: 6932 (भाग 1 इमारती जूने की परीक्षण		<b></b> -	इस मानक में इमारती चूने के लिए घावश्यक गुणों के परीक्षण की विभिन्न पद्धतियां बताई गई हैं। (भूल्य रु० 15.00)
36. IS: 6940-1973 कीट यौगिकों की परीक्षण पद्धि		em to the	इस मानक सकतीकी के ग्रेड के कीटनांगकों ग्रीर उनसे क्षेत्र विभिन्न यौगिकों की सामान्य परीक्षण पद्मतियां निर्धारित की गई हैं। (मूल्य ६० १.००)
37. IS: 6967-1973 विजल कड़ी वाली चेन की इस्पार			इस मानक में बिजली द्वारा बेल्डकृत गोल कड़ी धाली चेत्र बनाने में अपुचत सिल्लियों ग्रीर सरियों के रूप में इस्पात के विषय में अपेकाएं बताई गई हैं। (मूल्य रू० 5.00)

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38. <b>IS</b> : 6973-1973 परिणुद्धता कोण प्लेटों की विभिष्ट	<del></del>	इस मानक में परिणुद्धता कोण प्लेटों के विषय में अपेक्षाएं दी गई हैं। (मूल्य रु 4.00)
39. <b>IS</b> : 6977-1973 1,5 आई० धर्मीतों एत्था- क्कीनोन, तकनीकी की विशिष्टि		इ.स. मानक में 1,5∼डाई स्रमीनोएन्फ्राक्जीनोत तकनीकी के विषय में स्रपेक्षाएं और बातगी तेने तथा परीक्षण की पद्धितियां निर्धारित की गई हैं। (सृत्य ६० 3.00)
40. <b>IS</b> : 6981-1973 वायु निर्ध्नवीकृत प्राइमरी कास्टिक सोडा नम सेलों के लिए कांच के जार की विशिष्टि		इस मानक में वायु निर्झवीकृत प्रदमरी (कास्टिक और नम सेलों के लिए कांच के जार के विषय में अपेक्षाएं और बानगी लेने तथा परीक्षण की पद्धितियां बताई गई हैं। (मूल्य रु० 5.00)
41. IS 6987-1973 इस्पान के परिशुद्धता बहु- भुजों की धिमिष्टि		इस मानक में कोणीय विस्थापन नापने के लिए स्वचल समान्तरित्न के साथ प्रयोग के लिए डिजाइन किए हुए नियंत्रित झाकार बाले इस्पात परिशुद्धना सहुभूज के विषय में प्रपेक्षाएं बताई गई हैं। (मृल्य ६०६.00)
42. <b>IS</b> : 6988-1973 <b>ब</b> ढ़िया चीनी मिट्टी के डिनर (रास्नि-भोजन) के <b>ब</b> र्तनों की बिणिष्टि।	<del></del>	इस मानक में बित्या चीनी मिट्टी के डिनर (राजि- भौजन) के बर्तनों के विषय में श्रपेकाएं श्रौर बानगी लेने तथा परीक्षण की पद्धतियां निर्धारित की गई हैं। (मूल्य रु० 6.00)
43. IS: 6996-1973 कार्टिलेज छुरी की विमिष्टि।		डम भानक में कार्टिलेज छुटी के विषय में अपेक्षाएं दी गई हैं। (मूल्य ६० 3.00)
44. IS: 6998-1973 एस० ए० सी० ए <b>च० पाथ के</b> लिए विशेष पेंच की विशिष्टि ।		इस मानक के एस० ए० सी० एच० पाद के लिए बने विशेष पेंचों के विषय में भाप सम्बन्धी तथा धन्य धर्पेक्षाएं अताई गई हैं। (मूल्य २० 3.00)
45. IS: 7004-1973 जीवाणुवैज्ञानिक ग्रेड के स्नमीर सत्त्व की विशिष्टि ।		इस मानक में जीवाणु कैज्ञानिक ग्रेड खमीर तत्व के विषय में अपेक्षाएं और परीक्षण पढ़तियां निर्धारित की गई हैं। (मूल्य रु० ३,००)
46. IS: 7005-1973 दूध के उत्पादन उसके उप- बार, परिघहन और वितरण की सफाई सम्बन्धी स्थितियों की संहिता।		इस संहिता में दूध के उत्पादन उसके उपचार, भंडारण, परिश्रहन और वितरण में सफाई सम्बन्धी स्थितियां ग्रीर रीतियां बताई गई हैं। (मूल्य ६० 7.50)
47. IS: 7008 (भाग 1)-1973 भाई ०एस०म्रो० भीटरी समलम्बाभ चूडिया भाग 1 बुनियावी और डिजाइन सम्बन्धी स्प रेखाएं।		इस मानक में 8 से 300 मि०मी० तक के व्यास वाले धाई ०एस० छो० मीटरी समलम्बाम घौर चूडियों के विषय में बुनियादी घौर डिजान सम्बन्धी क्ष्परेखाओं सहित ब्यौरे दिए गए हैं। (मूल्य रु० 4.00)
48. IS: 701319-73 डायल लैम्पों की श्रनुसूची।	,	इस मानक में रेडियो डायल लैम्पों की सामग्री, माप, टोपियों के क्यौरे तथा बिजली सम्बन्धी आधण्यक लक्षण बनाए गए हैं। (मूल्य ६० ४.00)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
58	. IS: 7014—1973 लम्बाई सरियों की विणिष्टि ।		इस मानक में 1200 मि०मी० तक साइज की बेलना- कार लम्बाई सरियों के विषय में प्रपेक्षाएं बताई गई हैं। उनके समान्तर गिरों के मूख लैपिंग द्वारा फिनिश किए हुए होते हैं। इनमें लम्बाई सरियों के दो जिजाइन दी गई है एक मादे मिरे के मुखों वाले श्रीर दूसरे छड़ों के एक सिरे पर श्रथवा दोनों गिरों पर बने मूड़ीदार छेव में भीतर की श्रोर बने बलयाकार मुखों वाले।
	4		(भूल्य ६० 7.00)
50.	IS: 7016 (भाग 2)—1973 माडी चढ़े सथ। उपचारित वस्त्रों की परीक्षण पद्धतियां भाग 2 टूटन सामर्थ्य और टूटने पर बदाव की माना निकालना।	. —	इस मानक में सभी प्रकार की माड़ी लगे धीर उप- धारित बस्त्रों के टूटन सामर्थ्य और टूटने पर बढ़ाई की मात्रा शांत करने की परीक्षण पद्धतियां दी गई हैं। (मूल्य रु० 2.50)
51.	IS: 7016 (भाग 3)—1973 माड़ी खढ़े तथा उपचारित बस्त्रों की परीक्षण पद्धतियां भाग 3 फोड़ने सम्बन्धी सामर्थ्य निकालना।		इस मानक के माड़ी चढ़े श्रीर उपचारित बस्त्रों के फाड़ने सम्बन्धी सामर्थ्य ज्ञान करने की तीन पद्धतियां निर्धारित की गई हैं। ये पद्धतियां परतदार श्रीर बिना
			(मूल्य २० ३.००)
52.	IS: 7016 (भाग 4)—1973 माड़ी बढ़े तथा उपचारित बस्त्रों की परीक्षण पद्धतियां भाग 4 लचकाने से क्षति के प्रति-प्रतिरोधिता।	_	इस मानक में माड़ीदार भ्रीर उपचारित बस्त्रों के लचकाने से होने घाली क्षति कीप्रति-प्रतिरोधिता ज्ञात करने की दो पद्धतियां निर्धारित की गई हैं।
			(मूल्य ६० 3.00)
53.	IS: 7016 (भाग 5)1973 माड़ी चढ़े तथा उपचारित बस्त्रों की परीक्षण पद्धतियां भाग 5 माड़ी के चिपकने की शक्ति शात करना।		इस मानक में ऐसी माड़ी चढ़े धौर उपचारित वस्त्रों में चढ़ी हुई माड़ी के चिपक्षने की शक्ति ज्ञात करने की परीक्षण पद्धतियां दी गई हैं जिनमें स्पष्ट रूप मे माड़ी चढ़ी हुई हो। (मूल्य रु० 3.00)
54.	IS: 7016 (भाग 6)—1973 माड़ी चढ़े तथा उपभारित बस्त्रों की परीक्षण पद्धतियां भाग 6 फटन सामर्थ्यं ज्ञान करना।		इस मानक में माड़ी चढ़े श्रीर उपचारित वस्त्रों की फटन सामध्यें ज्ञान करने की दो प्रञ्जतियां बताई गई हैं। (मूल्य रु० 3.00)
5 5.	IS: 7016 (भाग 7)1973 माड़ी चढ़े तथा उपकारित बस्त्रों की परीक्षण पद्धतियां भाग 7 जलसहन णक्ति क्षांत करना।		इस मानक में सभी प्रकार की माड़ी चक्ने ग्रौर उप- चारित बस्त्रों के जलसह होने की क्षमता ज्ञात करने की दो परीक्षण पद्धतियां बताई गई हैं। (मूल्य ६० ३.॥०)
56.	IS: 70171973 डाइथायजोन द्वारा भारी धातुश्रीं के प्रवशेष ज्ञात करने की रंगमापी पद्धति ।	<del></del>	इस मानक में भारी धातुओं जैसे सीसा के टाइथायजीन पढ़िति द्वारा प्रवशेष ज्ञात करने की रंगमापी पद्धति निर्धारित की गई है। (मूल्य २० 2.50)
57.	IS: 7021—1973 शिमुधों और स्फूल पर्व धायु वाले बच्चों के लिए प्रोटीन बहुल पूरक साथ पदार्थों की विभिष्टि।	<b></b>	इस मानक में 18 महीने से 5 वर्ष की उम्र वाले शिमुधों धीर स्कूल जाने के पूर्व भवस्था वाले बच्चों के लिए प्रोटीन बहुल पूरक खाद्य पदार्थों के विषय में अपेक्षाएं और बनागी लेने नथा परीक्षण की पद्मतियां बताई गई हैं। (मूल्य रु० 3.00)

(4)	(2)	(3)	(4)
5 %.	IS: 7022 (भाग 1)1973 जल, मन्न धौर प्रोचोगिक श्लाव सम्बन्धी शन्श्रावली भाग 1	<del></del>	इस मानक में जल, मल श्रौर श्रीश्वोगिक स्नाव के विषय में व्यापक रूप से प्रयोग किए जाने वाल शब्द परिभाषा सहित दिए गए हैं। (मूस्य क० 10.50)
	IS : 7024—1973 घी, खाद्य सलों के टिनों (गोल श्रौर बर्गाकार) की विशिष्टि ।		इस मानक में धी, खाद्य तेल बन्द करने के गोल भीर वर्गाकार कनस्तरों के विषय में अपेक्षाएं दी गई हैं। इस मानक में गोल टिनों के 4 किंग्या॰, 2 किंग्या॰, 1 किंग्या॰ भीर 0.5 किंग्या॰ क्षमता वाले भीर वर्गाकार टिन 4 किंग्या॰ भीर 2 किंग्या॰ क्षमता वाले लिए गए हैं। (मूल्य ६० 5.00)
60.	IS: 7025 1973 सौर विकिरण परीक्षण सम्बन्धी मार्गवर्शन ।		इस सानक में जमने की सतह पर इलैक्ट्रानिक बिजली के साज सामान तथा उनके पुजी पर भीर विकिश्ण के प्रभाव के परीक्षण सम्बन्धी मार्गवर्षीन प्रदान किया गया है। (मूल्य ६० 7.50)
61.	IS: 7027—1973 प्रतिदीप्त ट्यूबों के लिए ट्रोजिस्टर युक्त बैलास्ट की विधिष्टि ।	· 	इस मानक में डीसी सप्लाई पर काम भाने वाले ऐसे ट्रांजिस्टर युक्त बैलास्ट के विषय में भ्रमेक्षाएं दी गई हैं जिनकी रेटिस बोल्टता 250 वोस्ट से भ्रधिक न हो भ्रौर जो पूर्व पापित कैथोड द्वारा प्रतिबीप्त ट्यूबों में लगे होते हैं सथा जो बिना किसी स्टार्टर स्विभ के काम करते हैं भीर IS: 2418—1964 के भ्रमुख्य होते हैं।
			(मूल्य रु० 5.50)
6.2.	IS : 7029—1973 श्रीतर्दाही इंजन के प्रशीतक जल के संक्षारण निरोधन की रीतिसंहिता ।		इस मानक में अंतर्वाही इंजनों के प्रशीतन प्रणाली की पपड़ियां साफ करने भीर उसके पण्चात् प्रशीतक यंक्ष को संक्षारण भीर पपड़ी पड़ने से बचाने के लिए प्रयुक्त वस्तु के पदार्थ द्वारा निरोधित कर देने की पद्धतियाँ बताई गई हैं।
			(मूल्य रु० 5.00)
63.	IS : 7035—1973 जमाएं हुए दूध से बनी बस्तुर्फ्यों की विशिष्टि ।	<del></del>	इस मानक में जमाए हुए दूध से बनी वस्तुओं के प्रकार, उनके तत्सम्बन्धी भ्रपेक्षाएं, बानगी केने तथा परीक्षण की पद्धतियां निर्धारित की गई हैं। (मूल्य २० 3.00)
64.	IS : 70381973 क्लोगेप्लैटिनिक (प्लैटिनम क्लोराइड) भ्रम्ल को विणिष्टि ।		इस मानक में क्लोरोप्लैटिनिक (प्लैटिनम क्लोराइड) ग्रम्ल के विषय में भ्रपेक्षाएं मौर बानगी लेने तथा परीक्षण की पद्धतियां निर्धारित की गई हैं।
			(मूल्य रु० ४,००)
65.	IS: 70411973 बढ़हर्यों के साद घम की विभिन्दा		इस मानक में बढ़इयों के सादे बमें के विषय में भ्रमेशाएं बताई गई है।
	TO 00 40 00 A		(मूस्य ६० ३.००)
66.	IS: 70421973 बढ़ह्यों के रैंखेट बर्मे की विशिष्टि।	<del></del>	इस मानक में बढ़इयों के रैंबट बर्मे के विषय में ध्रयेक्सएंदी गई हैं। (मूल्य ४० ३.००)
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67. IS: 70461973 बंदरगहों पर खीचने वाली नावों के चुनाव की मार्गदिशाका।		इस मानक में भ्राधुनिक जलयानों की ग्रावश्यकताश्रों की पूर्ति के लिए बन्दरगाहों पर रहने वाली खीचने वाली नावों के चुकाव से सम्बन्धित मुख्य बातों के विषय मार्गवर्षन प्रदान किया गया है। (मल्य रु० 5.50)
68. <b>IS</b> : 70 <b>47-</b> ─-1973 भीजार उ <b>धीग में प्रयुक्त</b> लकड़ी।	. <del></del>	इस मानक में स्नीजार उद्योग में काम स्नाने वाली विभिन्न प्रजाति की लकड़ियों को लिया गया है। इसमें उनके झामतौर पर प्रयुक्त ब्यापारिक नाम तथा वनस्पति शास्त्रीय नाम दिए गए हैं। (मूल्य रु० 2.50)
69. IS : 70481973 इस्पात के छोटे नगकार वायुपानी रोक फलका ढक्कनों की निशिष्टि ।	<del></del>	इस मानक में किसी सामान्य मूल डिजाइन के साइजों के लिए भी वायु पानी रोक फलका उपकानों के विषय में माप भीर अपेक्षाएं बताई गई हैं। इनकों लगाने भीर कसने की व्यवस्था में बड़ी साइजों के लिए भी गुजाइण होती हैं। (मूल्य रू० 4.00)
70. IS: 70491973 कृकट उत्पादों के धुरने उठाने उपचारण, गृणता, मूल्यांकन तथा भंठारण की रीति संहिता।		इस संहिता में कुकट उत्पादों में भली प्रकार धरने उठाने, उपचारण, गुणता, मूल्यांकन भीर शीत भंडारण के विषय में मार्गदर्शी सिद्धांत दिए गए हैं। (मूल्य ६० 4.00)
71. IS: 7050-→1973 पुरुषों की मनीला कमीजों के माप।	<del></del>	इस मानक में पुरुषों के मनीला कमीजों की अच्छी फिटिंग के लिए विभिन्न हिस्सों के माप बताए गए हैं। इसमें शरीर की ऊंचाई छाती की चौड़ाई के नापों के परास भी दिए गए हैं। (मूल्य ६० 2.50)
72. IS : 7051—1973 भुट्टे के दाने उतारने की पावर चालित मशीन की विशिष्टि ।	<del></del> -	(पूर्व पर्व 2.30) इस मानक में पावर चालित भुद्धे के बाने उतारने की मणीन के विषय में सामग्री, कार्यप्रवता सम्बन्धी तथा श्रन्य ग्रमेकाएं वी गई हैं। (मूल्य रु० 4.00)
73. <b>IS</b> : 70521973 पावर चालित भुट्टे के दान उतारने की मणीन की परीक्षण संहिता।		इस संहिता में भुट्टे के दाने उतारने की मशीन की कार्यप्रदत्ता और उसके टिकाऊपन की जांच के लिए परीक्षण की पद्धतियां बताई गई हैं। (मूल्य रु० 8.00)
74. IS: 70531973 छोटे पशुप्तों के मांस बेंचने के स्टाल के विषय में बुनियादी प्रपेक्षाएं।		इस मानक में भेड़ ग्रीर बकरी के मांस बेचने के स्टाल के विधय में विन्यास सफाई सम्बन्धी स्थितियां ग्रीर बुनियादी ग्रपेक्षाएं दी गई हैं। (मूल्य रु० 3.00)
75. IS: 70551973 विक्लांगता सम्बन्धी कुंटसर कील के पेंचों की विशिष्टि।		इस मानक में विक्लांगता सर्जरी में काम भाने वाले कुंदसर कील पेंचों के सम्बन्ध में माप सम्बन्धी तथा श्रन्य प्रपेकाए दी गई हैं। (मूल्य रु० 3.00)
76. IS : 70561973 हक्का थैक बुनाई वाली सूमी तौलिये की विभिष्टि ।		इस मानक में हक्का बैक बुनाई वाली सूनी रंगीन तथा त्रिरंजिस तौलियों के विषय में निर्माण सम्बन्धी ब्यौरे तथा झन्य अपेक्षाए दी गई हैं। (मूल्य रु० 2.50)
77. IS: 7057—1973 सूती तुर्की तौलियों की विभिटि।	<b>-</b> ~ ,	इस मानक में सुती तौलियों, रंगीन भ्रथवा विरंजित के विषय में निर्माण सम्बन्धी स्थौरे तथा श्रन्य ग्रमेक्षाण वर्ताई गई हैं। (मूल्य ६० 2.50)

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78.	IS : 7058 1973 म्नाने के समय पी जाने वाली गराबों की विशिष्टि ।		इस मानक में खाने के समय पी जाने वाली णराबों के विषय में अपेक्षाएं और बामगी लेने तथा परीक्षण की पद्धतियां बताई गई हैं।
	•		(मूस्य ६० 3.00)
79.	IS : 70591973 पणुत्रीं को खिलाने के लिए धोलकों द्वारा प्राप्त गाल श्रीजों के भाटे की विणिष्टि ।		इस मानक में पशुओं को खिलाने के लिए धोलकों द्वारा प्राप्त साल के बीजों के भ्राटे के विषय में भ्रपेक्षाएं भ्रौर बानगी लेने तथा परीक्षण की पद्धतियां दी गई हैं।
			(मूल्य ६० 3.00)
80.	IS: 70601973 पगुझों के म्राहार के लिए रक्त के चूरे की विशिष्टि ।	, <del></del>	इस मानक में पणुर्क्रों के खिलाने के लिए रक्त के चूरे के विषय में अपेक्षाएं ऋौर बानगी लेने तथा परीक्षण की पद्धतियां बताई गई हैं। (मूल्य रु० 3.00)
81.	IS: 70661973 दांत सम्बन्धी श्रीजार कैथिनेट की ट्रें की विशिष्टि।	<b></b>	इस मानक में दांत सम्बन्धी श्रीजार कैबिनेट की ट्रेके विषय में माप तथा श्रन्य ध्रपेक्षाएं बताई गई हैं। (मूल्य रु० 4.00)
82.	IS: 70671973 विद्युत लेपन के लिए पलुझो- बोरिक झम्ल ध्रीर धातु पलुझोबोरेट की विशिष्टि ।		इस मानक में पल्डुम्नोबोरिक ग्रम्ल श्रौर विद्युत लेपन के लिए पल्डुमोबोरेट के विषय में श्रपेक्षाएं श्रौर बानगी लेने सथा परीक्षण की पढितयां बताई गई हैं: (क) सीसा पल्डुमोबोरेट (ख) अंग पल्डुमोबोरेट (ग) ताझ पल्डुमोबोरेट (घ) जस्ता पल्डुमोबोरेट (क) सोडियम पल्डुमोबोरेट (मूल्य रू० 8.00)
83.	IS : 7069 1973 वेंजी धायजिल-2-साइक्लो- हेम्सिल सल्फेनामाइड की विशिष्टि ।	·	इस मानक में बेंजो फायाजिल-2-साइक्लोहेक्सिल सल्फेनामाइड के विषय में ग्रिपेक्षाएं भीर बानगी लेने तथा परीक्षण की पद्धतियां बसाई गई हैं। यह पदार्थ रबड़ के ग्रीगिक बनाने की किया विलम्बित करने के नाम ग्राता है। यह मानक केवल इस पदार्थ के भूगों रूप के लिए हैं (जिस पर किसी घोलक पदार्थ ग्रथवा चेपक पदार्थ के साथ उपचार न किया गया हो)। (मूल्य इ० 4.00)
84	. IS : 7073 (भाग 1)1973 हुनाई जहाज की माल बाहक चौकियों प्रौर धारकों सम्बन्धी परि- भाषिक ईब्दावली भाग 1 माल त्राहक चौकियां।		इस मानक में वायुयान की माल वाहक चौकियों के विषय में शब्दावली दी गई है। (मूल्य रु० 3.00)
85.	IS: 70851973 कमीज के सूती पौलिएस्टर कपड़ें की निर्माष्टि।		इस मानक में पोलीएस्टर रेगे को मूती रेगे के साथ मिलाकर तैयार किए गए धागे से बने कभीज के कपड़े के बाजार में विकन वाली किस्म के विषय में प्रपेक्षाएं बनाई गई हैं। (मूल्य रु० 4.00)
86-	IS : 7091—1973 ऊपर नीचे हो सकने वाले पलंग ऊपर उठाने के यंत्र की विणिष्टि ।		इस मानक में भ्रस्पतालों में पलंगों के मिरहाने भ्रौर पैताने उत्पर उठाने के काम थाने नाने समोकािय यंत्रों के विश्व में माप तथा अन्य भ्रोक्षाएं बताई गई हैं। (मूस्य रु० 3.00)

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87. <b>IS</b> : 7104—1973 पापलीम (बाजार वाली किस्म) की विशिष्टि।		इस मानक में बाजार कमीज की सूती पापलीन के विश्वय में अपेक्षाए बताई गई हैं। (मूल्य रु०े 3.00)
88. <b>IS</b> : 7109—-1973 विक्लांगसा संबंन्धी स्टैपिल स्टार्टेर की विशिष्टि ।		इस मानक में हिंडुियों में स्टैपिलों को नियंक्रित करने के लिए स्टैपिल स्टार्टर के विषय में माप और ग्रन्य भ्रपेक्षाए बताई गई हैं। (मूल्य रु० 3.00)
89. <b>IS</b> : 7110—-1973 मज्जा सम्बन्धी रणपिन की विशिष्टि ।		इ.स. मानक में विक्लांगता सर्जरी में काम ग्राने वाले मज्जा की रशिपनों के विषय में माप ग्रीर श्रन्य अपेक्षाएं निर्धारित की गई हैं। (मूल्य ६० 3.00)
90. IS : 71111973 विक्लांगता सम्बन्धी स्टैपल इस्टिर की विणिष्टि ।	`	इस मानक में हड्डी स्टैपल में पुसाने बाले इंसर्टर के विषय में माप तथा श्रन्य श्रपेक्षाए निर्धारित की गई.हैं। (मूल्य रु० 3.00)
91. IS: 71161973 दाइयों के छोटे फोर्सेंप्स की विशिष्टि।	<b>→</b> ;	इस मानक में दाइयों के छोटे फोर्सेप्स के विषय में माप सम्बन्धी तथा श्रन्थ ध्रपेक्षाएं निर्धारित की गई हैं। (मूल्य रु० 3.00)
92. <b>IS</b> : 71 । 7 1973 नाल काटने के कैंची की विशिष्टि ।	·	इस मानक में नाल काटने की कैचियों के विषय में माप सम्बन्धी तथा अन्य अपेक्षाएं दी गई हैं। (मूल्य रु० 3.00)
93. $ extbf{IS}$ : 71191973 पगड़ियों घ्रौर साफों की सूती कपड़े की विशिष्टि ।		इस मानक में पगड़ियों और साफ़ों में काम भाने वाले विरोजित भ्रथवा रंगीन सूती कपड़े के विषय में भ्रपेक्षाएं दी गई हैं। (मूल्य रु० 2.50)
94. IS : 7131 ~ ~ 1973 नाइट्रोफासफैट से बने गोली- नुमा उर्थ रकों की विणिष्टि ।	,	इस मीनक में नाइट्रोफोसफेट से गोली के रूप में बनाए गए जर्बरकों के निषय में अपेक्षाएत्और बानगी लेने सथा परीक्षण की पद्धतियां बताई गई हैं। (मूल्य ६० 4.00)

इन भारतीय मानकों की प्रतियां बिकी के लिए भारतीय मानक संस्था, मानक भवन, 9 बहादुरशाह जफर मार्ग, नई विस्ली तथा इसके शाखा कार्यालयों श्रहभवाबाव, बंगलौर, बस्बई, कलकत्ता, हैदराबाद, मद्रास पटना श्रौर चंडीगढ़ में उपलब्ध हैं।

[सं • सी • एम • की • / 13: 2]

S.O. 2939.—In pursuance of sub-regulations (2) and (3) of regulation 3 of Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Regulations, 1955, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that the Indian Standard(s), particulars of which is/are given in the Schedule hereto annexed, has/have been established during the period 1 February 1974 to 28 February 1974.

## SCHEDU LE

SI. No	No. and Title of the Indian Standard . Established	No. and Title of the Indian Standard or Standards, if any, superseded by the new Indian Standard.	Brief Particulars
1	2	3	4
1.	18: 336-1973 Specification for ether (second revision)	IS: 336—1964 Specification for other (revised)	This standard prescribes the requirements and the methods of samplings and test for other. (Price Rs.8.00)
2.	IS: 389—1973 Method of restimation of small quantities of sulphuric acid and hydrochloric acid in cotton materials (first revision)	IS: 389—1952 Method for establishment of small quantities of suphuric acid and hydrochloric acid in cotton materials.	This standard prescribes standard methods for the quantitative estimation of small quantities of residual sulphuric acid and hydrochloric acid in scured and bleached cotton materials.  (Price Rs. 2.50)

(1) (2)	(3)	(4)
3. IS: 696-1972 Code of practice for general engineering drawing (second revision)	IS: 696—1960 Code of practice for general engineering drawings (revised)	Section 1—This section of the code covers the requirements of sheet sizes, layout of drawing sheets, their planning, numbering, referencing and folding of prints
		Section 2—This section of the code covers the scales, types and thickness of con- ventional lines, and types and sizes of lettering
		Section 3—This section of the code covers methods of projection, conventional representation and sections
		Section 4—This section of the code covers the dimensioning and tolerancing
		Section 5-This section of the code speci- fles the symbols and additional indica- tions of surface roughness
		Section 6—This section of the code covers the establishments of a uniform drawing practice for fasteners, welding methods and structural metal works
	•	Section 7—This section of the code covers abbreviations and symbols, which are recommended for use in general engineeing drawings (Price Rs. 20.00)
4. IS: 1141—1973 Code of practice for seasoning of timber (first revision)	IS: 1141—1958 Code of practice for scasoning of timber (tentative)	This standard covers classification of timbers for seasoning purposes; preliminary treatment and storage; seasoning methods; kiln schedules for seasoning different specifies of timber; kiln operation procedure; and inspection, transport and storage of seasoned timber (Price Rs. 12.00)
5. IS: 1290—1973 Specification for mineral gypsum (second revision)	IS: 1290—1965 Specifiation for mineral gypsum (revised)	This standard prescribes the requirements and the methods of sampling and test for mineral gypsum. It also covers selenite, a colourless and transparent variety of gypsum which occurs as distinct monoclinic crystals, especially in clay rocks (Price Rs. 3.00)
<ol> <li>IS: 1683—1973 Specification for barytes for rubber industry (first revision)</li> </ol>	IS: 1683 —1960 Specification for bary- tes for rubber industry	This standard prescribes requirements and methods of sampling and test for barytes intended for use in the rubber industry (Price Rs. 3.00)
7. IS: 1769 (Pt. I)—1973 Specification for cigars and cheroots.	IS: 1769—1961 Specification for cigars and cheroots	This standard prescribes the requirements and the methods of test for cigars, manu- factured in India
Part I Cigars (first revision).	1	(Price Rs. 4.00)
8. IS: 1805—1973 Glossary of terms relating to stones: Quarrying and dressing (first revision)	1S: 1805—1961 Glossary of terms to lating to building stones; Occurance quarrying and dressing	
9. IS: 1885 (Part IV/Sec 2)—1973 Electrotechnical vocabulary. Part IV Electron tubes, Section 2 X-Ray tubes (first revision)	IS: 1885 (Part IV/Sec 2)—1965 Flec trotechnical vocabulary Part IV Electron tubes Section 2 X-ray tubes	This standard covers definitions of terms used in connection with X-ray tubes (Price Rs. 5.50)
10. IS: 1920—1973 Specification for hemp lines (first revision)	IS: 1920—1961 Specification for white Indian hemp line	This standard proscribes the requirments of six varioties of hawser-laid hemp lines
		(Price Rs. 3.00)
11. IS: 2058—1973 Specification for shuttles for pirn-changing automatic cotton looms (first revision)	IS: 2058—1962 Specification for shut- tles for pirn-changing automatic cot- ton looms	This standard gives dimensional details and other requirements for shuttles for pirn-changing automatic cotton looms (Price Rs. 3.00)
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(1	(2)	(3)	(4)
12.	IS: 2099—1973 Specification for bushings for alternating voltages above 1,000 volts (first revision)	1S: 2099—1962 Specification for high voltage procelain bushitings*	This standard covers rated values, performance requirements, and tests, for bushings for three-phase alternating current systems, having rated voltages above 1000 volts and frequencies between 15 Hz and 60 Hz.  (Price Rs. 12.00)
13.	IS: 2242—1973 Specification for ice chambers for 40 and 50 litre milk cans (first revision)	IS: 2242-1962 Specification for ice chambers for 40 and 50 litre milk cans	This standard specifies dimensions and other requirements for ice chambers for 40 and 50 litre milk cans conforming to 1S: 1373-1967 Specification for tinned milk steel milk cans (second revision) and 1S: 1825-1971 'Specification for aluminium milk cans. (Price Rs. 3.00)
14.	IS: 2500 (Part I)—1973 Sampling inspection tables. Part I inspection by attributes and by count of defects (first revision)	pection tables	This standard provides tables of sampling inspection plans for lot by lot inspection when the inspection is done by attribute or by count of defects (Price Rs. 16,50)
15.	IS: 2833—9733 Specification for aniline, technical (first revision)	IS: 2833—1964 Specification for aniline technical	This standard prescribes the requirements and the methods of sampling and test for aniline, technical (Price Rs. 3.00)
16.	1S: 2911 (Part III)—1973 Code of practice for design and construction of pile foundations Part III under reamed pile foundations	_	This standard covers the design and construction of under-reamed pile foundations which may be of following types:  (a) Bored and cast in situ concrete piles having one or more bulb(s) formed along the stem, and  (b) Bored compaction piles  (Price Rs. 7.50)
17.	IS: 2928-1973 Specification for pressure-retaining knapsack sprayer (first revision)	IS: 2928—1964 Specification for pressure-retaining knapsack sprayer.	This standard prescribes the material of construction, the necessary dimensions for the purpose of interchangeability, performance requirements and the methods of testing the performance of pressure retaining knapsack sprayer, used primarly for spraying pesticides and other liquids (Price Rs. 6.00)
	IS: 3329—1973 Specification for socks, cotton (first revision)	IS: 3329—1965 Specification for gents oction socks (made on hand-driven machines)	This standard prescribes the constructional details and other particulars of scamless cotton socks knitted in plain or rib stiches having 11b top The socks may be reached or dyed (Price Rs. 5.50)
19.	IS: 3495 (Parts 1 to IV)—1973 Method of tests of clay building bricks (first revision)	IS: 3495—1966 Method of sampling and testing clay building bricks	This standard (Parts 1 to IV) cover the method of tests of clay building bricks for determination of compressive strength, water absorption, efflorescence and warpage (Price Rs. 5.50)
20.	IS: 3552-1973 Specification for flat nose pliers without cutter, long (first revision)	IS: 3552—1966 Specification for flat- nose pliers.	This standard lays down the dimensions and requirements for flat nose pliers without cutter, long (Price Rs. 3.00)
	IS: 3600 (Part I)—1973 Method of testing fusion welded joints and weld metal in steel (Part I) General tests (first revision)	IS: 3600—1966 Code of procedure for testing of fusion welded joints and weld metal in steel	This standard deals with methods for the testing of fusion welded joints and wold metal in steel but does not include non-destructive examination. It specifies the shape and dimensions of the standard test specimens for the various tests and the standard methods of testing (Price Rs. 8.00)
22.	IS: 3650—1973 Specification for combination side cutting pliers (first revision).	IS: 3650—1966 Specification for combination side cutting pliers.	This standard lays down the requirements for combination (Price Rs. 3.00)

(1) (2)(3)(4)23. IS: 3700 (Part III)-1973 Executial ratings, and IS: 3700 (Part III) 1967. Executial This standard covers essential ratings and ratings and characteristics of semicharacteristics and other information to semiconductor devices characteristics of Part III Rectifier diodes (first revision) conductor devices be specified in the case of individual semiconductor rectifier diodes including Part III Rectifier diodes avalanche rectifier diodes and controlled avalanche rectifier diodes. (Price Rs. 4.00) 24. IS:4095-1973 Specification for pincers (first IS:4095-1967 Specification for car-This standard lays down the requirements revision penters' pincers for pincers (Price Rs. 3.00) 25. IS:4378-1973 Specification for nippers (first IS:4783-1967 Specification for nippers This standard lays down the requirements for two types of nippers (Price Rs. 3,00) revision) 26. IS:45.75-1973 Code for handling of fibre ropes. IS:43.75-1968 Code for handling of fibre This standard examines the causes responsible for damage of fibre ropes and (first revision) ropes suggests measures for their care and safe use (Price Rs. 5.00) 27. IS:4764-1973 Tolerance limits for sewage efflu-IS:4764-1968 Tolerance limits for se-This standard lays down the tolerance limits for sewage effluents discharged into inland surface water (Price Rs. 2.50) wage effluents discharged into inland ents discharged into inland surface waters (first revision) surface waters This standard specifies the dimensions of 28. IS:5000(OD15)-1973 Dimensions of semiconductor devices device outline OD15 somiconductor devices. (Pried Rs. 3.00) his standard prescribes requirements and methods of sampling and test for knifing stopper. This material is used for filling up dents and uneven spots, 29. IS:5083-1973 Specification for knifing stopper IS:5083-1969 Specification for knifing This (first revision) stooner in conjunction with other materials. This material constitutes a part of the painting schedule for a rail coach. (Price Rs. 4.00) 30. IS:5182 (Part VII)-1973 Methods for measu-This standard prescribes a method for the rement of air pollution the measuremnt of concentation of hydrogen sulphide in community air. (Price Rs. 4.00) Part VII hydrogen suplhide 31. IS:6297 (Part II)-1973 Specification for trans- IS:591-1964 Specification for mains This standard lays down the tests and formers and inductors (Power, audio, pulse transformers for electronic equiprequirements for power transformers with one winding (auto-transformers) or more windings of power input not exceeding 2 KVA intended for use in and switching) for electronic equipment Part II ment (revised) power transformers equipments, such as radio electronic receivers, audoi amplifiers, small transmitters and similar other devices. (Price Rs. 5.00) 32. IS:6461 (Part VII)-1973 Glossary of terms re-This standard covers definitions of terms lating to coment concrete relating to mixing, laying, compaction, curing and other construction aspects. Part VII Mixing, laying, compaction, curing and other construction aspects (Price Rs. 10,00) 33. IS:6720-1972 Reference tables for platinum/30 This standard gives the reference tables of emf-temperature relationship for platinum/30 percent rhodium:-platinum 6 percent rhodium thermocouples. (Price Rs. 7.00) percent rhodium-platinum/6 percent rhodium thermocouples 34. IS:6749-1972 Glossary of terms relating to This standard defines the technical terms relating to alcohol (ethyl) industry and alcohol (ethyl) industry and trade and trade, covering: (a) alchol fermentation and brewing, (b) production and distillation of alcohol, (c) beverage alcohol, (d) industrial alcohol, and (e) testing of alcohol and alcoholic beverages (Price Rs. 16.00) 35. IS:6932( Part I to X)-1973 Methods of tests for This standard specifies various methods for building lines testing qualitative requirements building lines (Price Rs. 15.00)

1 2	3	4
36. IS:6940-1973 Methods of tests for pesticides and their formulations	_	This standard specifies general methods of tests for technical grade pesticides and their different formulations.  (Price Rs. 9,00)
37. IS: 6967-1973 Specification for steels for electrically welded round link chains	<del>-</del>	This standard covers the requirements for steels for electrically welded round link chains in the form of billets and bars.  (Price Rs. 5.00)
<ol> <li>IS:9673-1973 Specification for precision angle plates</li> </ol>	<del>_</del>	This standard covers requirements for precision angle plates. (Price Rs. 4.00)
<ol> <li>IS:6977-1973 Specification for 1,5-diamino- anthraquinone, technical</li> </ol>	-	This standard prescribes there requirements and the methods of sampling and test for 1,5 diaminoanthraquinone, technical. (Price Rs. 3.00)
<ol> <li>IS:6981-1973 Specification for glass jars for air-depolarized primary (caustic soda) wet cells</li> </ol>	-	This standard prescribes requirements and methods of sampling and test for glass jars for air-depolarized primary (caustic soda) wet cells.  (Price Rs. 3.00)
41. IS:6987-1973 Specification for steel precision polygons	~	This standard covers requirements for steel precision polygons of regular form designed for use with an autocollimator in measuring angular displacements.  (Price Rs. 5.00)
42. IS:6988-1973 Specification for fine china dinnerware		This standard prescribes requirements and methods of sampling and test for fine china dinnerware.  (Price Rs. 6,00)
43. IS:6996-1973 Specification for knife, cartilage		This standard covers the requirements for cartilage knife. (Price Rs. 3,00)
44. IS:6998-1973 Specification for special screw for SACH foot		This standard specifies the dimensional and other requirements for special screw for SACH foot. (Price Rs. 3.00)
<ol> <li>IS:7004-1973 Specification for yeast extract, microbilogical grade</li> </ol>		This standard prescribes requirements and methods of test for yeast extract, microbiological grade.  (Price Rs. 3.00)
46. IS:7005-1973 Code for hyginic conditions for production, processing, transportation and distribution of milk	<b>-</b>	This code prescribes the hygienic conditions and hygienic practices for production, processing, storage, transportation and distribution of milk.  (Price Rs. 7.50)
47. IS:7008 (Part I)-1973 ISO metric trapezoidal screw thread  Part I basic and design profiles	- <del>-</del>	This standard details with basic and design profiles for ISO metric trapezoidal screw threads in the diameter range
		8 to 300 mm. (Price Rs. 4.00)
48. IS:7013-1973 Schedule for radio dial lamps .	_	This standard prescribes overall dimentions, cap details and essential electrical chara eteristics for radio dial lamps.  (Price Rs. 4.00)
49. IS:7014-1973 Specification for length bars	-	This standard covers the requirements of length bars of the cylindrical type in sizes up to 1200 mm, having parallel and faces finished by lapping. Two design of length bars have been provided, one with plane and faces and the other with annular faces surrounding an internally threaded hole at one end or at both ends of the bar. (Price Rs. 7.00)
<ol> <li>IS: 7016 (Part II)-1973 Methods of test for coated and treated fabrics</li> </ol>		This standard covers methods of test for determination of breaking strength and extension at break of all types of coated and treated fabrics.
Part II determination of breaking strength and extension at break		(Price Rs. 2.50)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
coat	7016 (Part III)-1973 Methods of test for ed and treated fabrics III determination of tear strength	_	This standard prescribes three methods for determination of tear strength of coated and treated fabrics. These test methods are not applicable for laminated and nonwoven fabrics (Price R s. 3. 00)
	7016 (Part IV)-1973 Methods of test for ed and treated fabrics		(2
	IV determination of resistance of damage lexing	_	This standard prescribes two methods for determination of resistance to damage by flexing of coated and treated fabrics. (Price Rs. 3 00)
53. IS : coat	7016 (Part V)-1973 Methods of test for ed and treated fabrics		This standard describes method of test for the determination of adhesion of coating for coated and treated fabrics in which there is a distinct coating
Part	V deto rmination of coating adhesion		(Price Rs. 3.00)
coat	7016 (Part VI)-1973 Methods of test for cd and treated fabrics	<del></del>	This standard describes two methods of determining the bursting strength of coated and treated fabrics.
	VI determination of bursting strength		(Price Rs. 3.00)
coat	7016 (Part VII)-1973 Methods of tests for ed and treated fabrics VII determination of water-proofness	<b>→</b>	This standard prescribes two methods of test for determination of water-proofness of coated and treated fabrics of all types (Price Rs. 3.00)
56. IS : min	7017-1973 Method for colorimetric deter- ation of traces of heavy metals by dithizone		This standard prescribes the colorimetric method of determination of traces of heavy metals (as lead) by dithizone methods (Price Rs. 2.50)
57. IS: food child	7021-1973 Specification for proteine-rich supplements for infants and pre-school ren		This standard prescribes the requirement and the methos of sampling and test for protein-rich food supplements for infants and pre-school children between 18 months and 5 years of age (Price Rs. 3.00)
58. IS: ting Part	7022 (Part I)-1973 Glossary of terms relato water, sewage and industrial effluents, I	-	This standard defines the terms widely used in relation to water, sewage and industrial effluents (Price Rs. 10.50)
59. IS: oilt	7024-1973 Specification for ghee and edible ins (round and square)		This standard prescribes the requirements of round and square tinplate containers packing ghee and edible oils. This standard covers 4 kg, 2 kg, 1 kg and 0.5 kg sizes for round tins and 4 kg and 2 kg sizes for square tins (Price Rs. 5.00)
60. IS :	7025-1973 Guidance on Solar radiation	<b>-</b> ,	This standard gives guidance regarding test for effects of solar radiation on electronic and electrical equipment and components at the surface of the earth (Price Rs. 7.50)
61. IS: ball	7027-1973 Specification for transistorized asts for fluorescent lamps		This specification covers transistorized ballasts for use on dc supplies, having rated voltages not exceeding 250V associated with fluorescent lamps with preheated cathodes, operated without a starter switch and complying with IS: 2418-1964 (Price Rs. 5.50)
of ·	7029-1973 Code of practice for inhibition corrosion of internal combustion engine ant water	—	This standard prescribes methods for cleaning of the cooling system of internl combustion engines free from scales and subsequently inhibiting the coolant with suitable material for protection against corrosion and prevention of scale formation (Price Rs. 5.00)
63. IS milk	7035-1973 Specification of fermented products		This standard prescribes the types, requirements, methods of sampling and test for fermented milk produts (Price Rs. 3.00)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	1973 Specification for chloroplatinic nium chloride)		This standard prescribes requirements and methods of sampling and test for chloroplatinic acid (pk tinum chlorice) (Price Rs. 4.00)
65. IS: 7041 plain brac	-1973 Specification for Carpenters'		This standard covers the requirements for carpenters' plain brace (Price Rs. 3.00)
66. IS: 7042 ratchet br	-1973 Specification for carpenters' ace	_	This standard covers the requirements for carpetners ratchet brace (Price Rs. 3.00)
67. IS: 7046- tugs	1973 Guide for selection of harbour		This standard provides guidance on the various salient features which have to be considered in the selection of modern harbour tugs to meet the need of the modern ships (Price Rs. 5.50)
68. IS: 7074 industry	-1973 Timbers used in instrument		This standard covers the various species of timber used by the instrument inductry with their botanical as well as commonly used trade names (Price Rs. 2.50)
	-1973 Specification for small steel ather tight hatch cover		This standard specifies the dimensions and requirements for small weathertight hatch covers for a range of sizes to a common basic design, but with variations in the arrangement of securing and stiffening to suit the increases in size.
			(Price Rs. 4.00)
70 IS: 7049-1 quality ev	973 Code for handling, processing, aluation and storage of poultry		This code lays down guidelines for efficient nandling, processing, quality, evaluation and cold storage of poultry (Price Rs. 4.00)
71. IS: 7050-1 shirts	1973 Measurements for men's manifa		This standard specifies measurements of different portions of men's mainla shirts essential for good fitting. The fit range, namely, height and chest right of body has also been given (Price Rs. 2.50)
72. IS : 7051- shellers	1973 Specification for power maize		This standard specifies the material, per- formance and other requirements for power maize shellers (Price Rs. 4.00)
73. IS : 7052 shellers	-1973 Test code for power maize		This code prescribes method of testing of power maize shellers to evaluate their performance and durability (Price Rs. 8.00)
74. IS: 7053- for sale of	1973 Basic requirements for a stall meat of small animals	_	This standard covers typical layout plan, hygicalic conditions and basic requirements for a stall for sale of goat and sheep meat Price Rs. 3.00
75. IS: 7055- cher, nail,	1973 Specification for drivers, kunts- orthopaedic		This standard specifies the dimensional and other requirements of kuntscher nail drivers used in orthopaedic surgery (Price Rs. 3.00)
76. IS: 7056- back towo	1973 Specification for cotton hucka- els	_	This standard prescribes the constructional details and other requirements of cotton huckaback towels, bleached or dyed (Price Rs. 2.50)
7 7. IS : 7.357-1 towels	1973 Specification for cotton Turkish	****	This standard prescribes the constructional particulars and other details of Turkish towels, bleached or dyed (Price Rs. 2,50)
78. [\$ : 7058-	1973 Specification for table wines	/~ <b>u</b>	This standard prescribes the requirements and the methods of sampling and test for table wines (still wines) (Price Rs. 3.00)

<b>£</b> (1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
	1-1973 Specification for solvent al seed meal for feeding livestock		This standard prescribes requirements and the methods of sampling and test for solvent extracted sal (Shorea robusta) seed meal for feeding live stock. (Price Rs. 3.00)
80. IS: 7060-1 livestock fo	973 Specification for blood meal as sed	_	This standard prescribes requirements and methods of sampling and test for blood meal as livestock feed. (Price Rs. 3.00)
81. IS: 7056-1 ment-cabin	973 Specification for trays, instru- et, dental		This standards specifies the dimensions and other requirements for dental instruments-cabinet trays.  (Price Rs. 4.00)
82, 18 : 7057-1 and metal (	973 Specification for fluoboric acid luoborates for electroplating		This standard prescribes the requirements, and methods of sampling and test for fluoboric acid and the following metal fluoborates for electroplating:  (a) Lead fluoborate, (b) Tin fluoborate, (c) Copper fluoborate, (d) Zinc fluoborate, and (e) Sodium fluoborate (Price Rs. 8.00)
	973 Specification for benzothiazyl- yl sulphen unide	•	This standard prescribes the requirements and methods of sampling and test for benzothiazyl-2-cyclohexyl sulphenamide intended for use in rubber compounding as a delayed action accelerator. This standard is only for the powder form (without being treated with dedusting or binding agents).  (Price Rs. 4.00)
relating to	(Part 1)-1973 Glossary of terms air cargo pallets and containers cargo pallets		This standard covers basic terms relating to air cargo pallets, (Price Rs. 3.00)
85. IS : 7085- cotton shir	1973 Specification for polyester ting		This standard prescribes requirements for market varieties of shirting made from yarn manufactured by blending polyester staple fibre with cotton. (Price Rs. 4.00)
86. IS : 7021- adjustable	1973 Specification for lifter, bed, -	_	This standard specifies the dimensions and other requirements for adjustable bed lifter intended for use in hospitals to lift the head and foot end of beds. (Price Rs. 3.00)
87. <b>IS</b> : 7104-19 variety)	73 Specification for poplin (market	- <del>-</del> .	This standard prescribes the requirements of market varieties of cotton poplin. (Price Rs. 3.00)
88. 18 : 7109-19 orthopaedi	973 Specification for starter, staple, e		This standard specifies dimensions and other requirements for staple starter used for guiding the staple in the bone. (Price Rs. 3.00)
89. IS : 7110-1 intrameduli	973 Specification for pins, Rush, ary	_	This standard specifies dimensions and other requirements for Rush intrameduellary pins used in orthopaedic surgery. (Price Rs. 3.00)
90. IS : 7111-15 orthopaedi	973 Specification for inserter, staple, c	_	This standard specifies dimensions and other requirements for staple inserter used for inserting the staples in the bone (Price Rs. 3.00)
91. IS : 7116-1 wifery, sho	973 Specification for Forceps, mid- rt	-	This standard specifies dimensional and other requirements for short midwifery forceps.  (Price Rs. 3.00)
92. IS : 7117-1 lical cord	973 Specification for scissors, umbi-		This standard specifies dimensional and other requirements for umbilical cord scissors.  (Price Rs. 3.00)

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(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	*	
93. IS: 711 for Pagr	9-1973 Specification for cotton cloth is and pags		This standard prescribe cotton cloth, bleached Pagris and PAGS (Price Rs. 2, 50)	es requirements of for dyed, used for	
	-1973 Specification for nitrophosphate	_	This standard prescribe	s the requirements	

Copies of these Indian Standards are available for sale with the Indian Standards Institution 9 Bahadur Shah Zefar Marg, New Delhi-110001 and also its branch offices at Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Bombay, Calcutta, Hyderabad, Kanpur, Madras. Petna and Chandigarh.

based granulated fertilizers

[CMD/13 ; 2]

and the methods of smpling and test for nitrophosphate based granulated fertilizers

(Price Rs. 4.00)

का० ग्रा० 2940.—समय-समय पर संशोधित भारतीय मानक संस्था (प्रमाणन चिह्न) विनियम 1955 के विनियम 4 के ग्रानुसार भार-तीय मानक संस्था द्वारा प्रधिसूचित किया जाता है कि उक्त विनियम (३) के उपित्रनियम (1) के ग्रनुसार प्राप्त ग्रधिकारों के प्रधीन यहां श्रमुसूची में दिए भारतीय मानकों के संशोधन जारी किए गए हैं:

# धनुसूची

कम संख्य	संशोधित भारतीय मानक की पद संख्या ता भौर शोर्षक	जिस राजपक्ष में भार- संशोधित मानक की तीय मानक के तैयार संख्या श्रीर दिनांक करने की सूचना छपी थी जसकी एस० झो० संख्या श्रीर दिनांक		संशोधन का संक्षिप्त वित्ररण	संशोधन लागू होने की तिथि	
(1	) (2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
1.	IS: 320—1962 उच्च समाव पीतल की छड़ों भीर सेक्शनों की विशिष्ट (पुनरीक्षित)	एस भ्रो 675 दिनांक 29 फरवरी 1964	संख्या 4 जनवरी 1974	(पृष्ठ 4, अण्ड 1.1 टिप्पणी 2) टिप्पणी को हटा दीजिए और टिप्पणी 1 को केवल 'टिप्पणी' कर लीजिए।	1 जनवरी 1974	
2.	IS: 3741966 छत में लगने वाले बिजली के पंखों मौर रेग्यूलेटरों की विभिन्टि (दूसरा पुनरीक्षण)	एस श्रो 1533 विनोक 29 श्रप्रैल 1967	संख्या 3 मई, 1974	खण्ड 12.1 के बाद एक टिप्पणी जोड़ी गई है।	1 मई 1974	
3.	IS: 410-, 1967 वेस्लित पीतस की प्लेंट, चहर, पत्ती श्रौर पन्नी की विशिष्टि (दूसरा पुनरीक्षण)	एस घो 4633 दिनोक 30 दिसम्बर 1967	सं <b>रु</b> या 2 कर <b>व</b> री, 1974	सारणी 2 का संशोधन किया गया है श्रौर खण्ड 9.3 में नई सामग्री जोड़ी गई है।	1 फरबरी 1974 —	
4.	IS: 8411968 हाथ के हवीड़ों की विविधिट (पहला पुनरीक्षण)	एस भ्रो 2766 विनोक 10 भ्रगस्त 1968	संख्या 1 मप्रैल, 1974	<ol> <li>(1) खण्ड 5.3 के स्थान पर नया खण्ड ओड़ा गया है, झीर</li> <li>(2) झाक्टित 1 का संशोधन किया गया है।</li> </ol>	1 मंत्रेल, 1974	
5.	IS:942—1966 माग बुझाने के 275-लि/मि. सुबाह्य पम्प सेट की विशिष्टि (पुनरीकित)	एस झो 4023 विनांक 31 विसम्बर 1966	संख्या 2 ग्रेपेल, 1974	खण्ड 4.1.2.4 (सी) की वर्त्तमान सामग्री के स्थान पर नई सामग्री दी गई है।	1 मर्पेल, 1974	
6.	IS:943—1966 ग्राग बुझाने के 680-िल/मि. ट्रेलर पम्प की विशिष्टि (पहला पुनरीक्षण)	एस भ्रो 913 दिनांक 18 मार्च 1967	स्वया 2 मार्च, 1974	खण्ड 4.3.2 (सी) की वर्त्तमान सामग्री के स्थान पर नई सामग्री वी गई.है।	1 मार्ज, 1974	
	IS:944—1966 धाग बुझाने के लिए 1800—लि/मि० बाने ट्रेलर पम्प की विणिष्टि (पहला पुनरीक्षण)	ए <b>स धो</b> 913 दिनांक 18 मार्च, 1967	संख्या 2 भप्रैल, 1974	खण्ड 4.3.2(सी) में वर्तमान सामग्री के स्थान पर नई सामग्री दी गई है।	1 শ্বর্মীল, 1974	

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5) (6)
8.	IS: 9451966 प्राग बुझाने के लिए 1800-लि/मि. घाले मोटर इंजिन की विशिष्टि		संख्या 1 भ्रम्नेल, 1974	<ul> <li>(1) (पृष्ठ 4, खण्ड 2.3 पंक्ति 2)→ 1 म्रप्रैल, 1974     "'17' कि मी" के स्थान पर "'17'     मी" कर लिजिए।</li> <li>(2) खण्ड 4.7.2(ए)(3) में बर्लमान     सामग्री के स्थान पर गई सामग्री     दी गई है, और</li> <li>(3) परिणिष्ट 'बी' का संशोधन किया     ग्या है।</li> </ul>
9.	IS: 946—1959 घाग बुझाने के लिए 3200-लि/मि. (या 700 गैलन/मि ) बाले मोटर इंजिन की विशिष्ट	एस म्रो 1037 दिनांक 30 मर्प्रल, 1960	संख्या । जुन, 1974	(1) खण्ड 4.7.2(सी) में अर्तभान 1 जून, 1974 सामग्री के स्थान पर नई सामग्री वी गई है। (2) परिषाष्ट 'बी' का संशोधन किया गया है।
10.	IS: 9471970 दमकल के लिए ट्रेलर पम्प के बाहक टेंडर की त्रिशिष्टि		संख्या । मार्चे, 1974	परिक्रिष्ट 'बी' का संझोधन किया गया है। 1 मार्च, 1974
11.	IS: 9481970 टमकल के लिए पानी के टेंडर टाइप 'ए' की विशिष्टि (पहला पुनरीक्षण)		संख्या 1 मार्च, 1974	(1) परिशिष्ट 'ए' में मद 4 के स्थान ा मार्च, 1974 पर नया मद दिया गया है। (2) पृष्ठ 16 पर नीचे की घोर एक सई पाद टिप्पणी जोड़ी गई है।
	IS: 951। 969 फेन और कार्बनडाइ- म्नाक्साइड वाले संयुक्त कैंग टेण्डर की विशिष्टि (पहला पुनरीक्षण)		संस्था 1 मार्च, 1974	(पृष्ठ 25, परिमाष्ट ए मद 2, स्तम्भ 1 मार्च, 1974 3) '24 Lengths'' के स्थान पर '20 Lengths'' कर सीजिए।
	IS: 11481973 संरचना कार्यों लिए गर्म बेल्लिन इस्पात की रिवेट छड़ों (40 मिमी तक व्यास) की विशिष्टि (दूसरा पुनरीक्षण)	_	संख्या 1 फरवरी, 1974	पृष्ठ 2 पर दिए बर्त्तमान कसीर्दल सूची 1 फरवरी, 1974 के स्थान पर नई सूचीदी गई है।
14.	IS: 1149—1973 संरचना कार्यों के लिए उक्त तनाव इस्पात की रिवेट छड़ों की विणिष्टि (दूसरा पुनरी-क्षण)		संख्या । फरनरी, 1974	पृष्ठ 2 पर वर्त्तमान कर्मीदल सूची के 1 फरवरी, 1974 स्थान पर नई सूची दी गई है।
1 5.	IS: 11691967 बिजली के पेजस- टल पंखों भीर रेग्यूलेटरों की विणिष्टि (पहला पुनरीक्षण)		संख्या 3 जून, 1974	स्राण्य 13.1 के ग्रन्त में एक टिप्पणी 1जून, 1974 जोड़ी गई है।
1 6.	IS: 1570 (भाग 5)—- 1972 पिटवां इस्पात की सूचियां भाग 5 स्टेनलेस ग्रीर ताप-ग्रवरोधी इस्पात (पहला पुतरीक्षण)		संख्या 1 मर्द, 1974	सारणी 1, 5, 10, 11, 12 भीर 15 का 1 मई, 1974 संगोधन किमा गया है।
17.	IS: 1715—1973 स्वतः पकड़ वाले टेपर के माप (पहला पुनरीक्षण)	÷	संख्या 1 प्रप्रैल, 1974	सारणी 2 ऋौर 3 का फ्रोधन किया गया है। 1 ऋष्रैल, 1974
	IS: 1990—1973 स्थालरों के लिए इस्पात के रिवेट और टेक छड़ों की बिशिष्टि (पहला पुनरीक्षण)		संख्या 1 फरवरी, 1974	पृष्ठ 2 पर वर्तमान कर्मीदल सूची के 1फरषरी, 1974 स्थान पर नई सूची वी गई हैं।
19.	IS : 2029—1971 छल्लेदार पानों की विभिष्टि (पहला पुनरीक्षण)	एस क्रो 2802 विनोक 29 सितम्बर 1973	संख्या 1 मार्च, 1974	सारणी 1 श्रीर 2 का संशोधन किया 1 मार्चे, 1974 गया है।

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
20.	IS: 2030—1971 क्षाक्स पाना की विणिष्टि (पहला पुनरीक्षण)	एम श्रो 1635 दिनांक 8 जुलाई 1972	संख्या । भन्नेल, 1974	सारणी अश्रोर क्या संशोधन किया गया - 1 श्रप्रेल, 1974 ् हैं।
	IS: 2073—1970 सामान्य इंजी- निवरी कार्यों के लिए मशीनी पुनी की तैयारी में प्रयुक्त कार्यन इस्सात की काली छड़ों की विशिष्टि (पहुला पूनरीक्षण)	एस झो 1555 बिनांक 24 जून 1972	संद्या 1 मार्च, 1974	<ul> <li>(1) खण्ड 1.1, 5.1 शीर 11.2 11मार्च, 1973         का मंगोधन किया गया है, थीर     </li> <li>(2) सारणी 1 और 5 का मंगोधन         किया गया है।     </li> </ul>
22.	र्पे IS: 2082—1965 भंडारणनुमा स्व- भक्ष बिजली के पानी के हीटरों की विभिष्टि (पुनरीक्षित)		संख्या 3 भ्रप्रेल, 1974	<ul> <li>(1) खण्ड 4.1.1 (संजोधन संख्या 1 अप्रैल, 1974</li> <li>2 भी वेखिए) के स्थान पर नया खण्ड दिया गया है।</li> <li>(2) (पृष्ठ 7, खण्ड 4.2.1 (संजो-धन संख्या 2 भी देखिए) इस खण्ड को हटा बीजिए और शेप खण्डों की संख्या ठीक कर लीजिए।</li> </ul>
23.	TS: 2106(भाग 18)——1973 इलेक- ट्रॉनिक ग्रौर बिजली उपकरण के लिए परिवातीय परीक्षण भाग 18 लवण खंध्रपरीक्षण		संख्या 1 ऋप्रैल, 1974	पृष्ठ 2 पर बत्तंमान कर्मीदल सूची के । ध्रप्रैल, 1974 स्थान पर नई सूची दी गई है।
24.	IS: 2997—1964 हथा देने वाले बिजली के पंखों ग्रीर रेप्यूलेटरों की विणिष्टि	•	मंख्या 5 श्रप्रील, 1974	खण्ड 13.1 के बाद एक टिप्पणी जोड़ी 1 ध्रप्रैल, 1974 गई है।
25.	${ m lS}: 30841963$ म्लेट परिमल की विशिष्टि .	एस क्रो 3772 दिनाक 4 दिसम्बर, 1965	संख्या 1 श्रप्रेल, 1974	(1) खण्ड 5.0 से 5.3 तक के स्थान पर 1 अप्रैल, 1974 नए खण्ड दिए गए हैं, और (2) (पुष्ट 4, खण्ड 9.1(ए) खण्ड 9.1(क) के बाद निम्नलिखित सामग्री जोड़ लीजिए और शेष मदों की अन्म संख्या ठीक कर लीजिए।
26.	IS: 3451(भाग 1)1966 वृष्टणों की देखभाल तथा रखरखांब की	एस श्रो 3065 दिनांक 15 ग्रक्टूबर,	संख्या ! जून, 1974	(बी)"quantity packed number of spats and ply" खण्ड 3.4 का संशोधन किया गया है। 1 जुन, 1974
27.	रीतिसंहिता:भाग 1पैन सेट बुरूण IS:4057—1967 धातु के सांचे आले बढ़डयों के बेंच रंदों की विशिष्टि	1966 एस श्रो 2654 दिनांक 5 ग्रगस्त, 1967	संख्या 4 मार्च, 1974	<ul> <li>(1) खण्ड 4.5 के नीचे दी टिप्पणी 1 सार्थ, 1974</li> <li>के स्थान पर नई टिप्पणी दी गर्ड है।</li> <li>(2) खण्ड 13.1 का संशोधन किया गया है।</li> </ul>
28.	IS: 4218(भाग 4) मीटरी पेत्रों की चूड़ियां भाग 4 छूट देने की प्रणाली		संख्या 1 मई, 1974	ाया है। "प्राकृति । के स्थान पर नई ग्राकृति दी । मई, 1974 गई है श्रौर खण्ड 9 का संणोधन किया गया है।
29.	IS: 4327 1967 जलयानों में काम प्राने वाले बिजली के पंखों और रेस्पुलेटमें की विशिष्टि	एस श्रो 2766 दिनांक 10 श्रगस्त, 1968	संख्या 3 जून, 1974	खण्ड 13.1 के बाद नई टिप्पणी जोड़ी 1 जून, 1974 गई हैं।
30.	IS: 44761967 इस्पाप की फाउं- ड्रियों के लिए केन से लटकने हाथ चालित गियरदार मैडिल की विशिष्टि	एस क्री 2036 8 जूस 1968	संख्या 1 मार्च, 1974	(पृष्ट 11, सारणी 2, स्तम्म 2, ऊपर 1 मार्च, 1974 से गौतबी इंदराज)—'1195' के स्थान पर '1295 कर लीजिए।
31-	IS: 5099 1969 ट्वस्ट ड्रिल की सप्लाई की सकनीकी णर्तें	एस क्रो 3542 दिनांक 25 सिनम्बर, 1971	संच्या 2 जुलाई, 1974	खण्ड 5.9 के नीचे श्रमीपचारिक सारणी 1 जूलाई, 1974 का संशोधन किया गया है।

1	2	3	4	5	6
J <sub>52</sub> .	IS: 5176~-1969 तीन पान वाली सनकी डोरियां झौर रस्सों की विभिष्टि	_	संख्य। 1 जुलाई, 1974	सारणी 1 का संशोधन किया गया है।	1 जुलाई, 1974
33.	IS: 5372—1969 नालियों के लिए गावबुम वासर (भाई एस एम सी) की विशिष्टि		संख्या 1 <b>धप्रै</b> ल, 1974	आण्ड १ ध्रौर सारणी 1 का संशोधन किया गया है।	1 भप्रील, 1974
34.	IS:54461969 समांतर गैंकों नाले जक रीमरों की निशिष्टि		संख्या 1 मार्च, 1974	ऋण्ड 2 के नीचे की सारणी का संशोधन कियागयाहै।	1 मार्च, 1974
35.	IS: 54471969 मोर्स गावडुम मैंकों के चक रीमरों की विशिष्टि	एस ग्रो 3544 दिनांक 25 सितम्बर, 1971	संख्या 1 भ्रत्रैल, 1974	खण्ड 2 के नीचे की सारणी का संज्ञोद्यन किया गया है।	1 भप्रैल, 1974
36	IS: 5996—1970 सूती पट्टे के डकों की विशिष्टि	एस को 3305 विनोक 21 भन्टूबर, 1972	सं <b>ख्या 1</b> जुला <b>ई</b> , 1974	सारणी 1 का संशोधन किया गया है।	1 जुलाई, 1974
37	. IS : 60151970 बेरियम हाइ- कृतिसाइक की विजिष्टि	एस ग्री 3318 विनांक 21 म्रक्टूबर, 1972	संख्या 1 जुलाई, 1974	सारणी 1 का संशोधन किया गया है।	1 जुलाई, 1974
38	. IS: 60671971 दमकल के टाइप एक्स पानी के टेण्डर की विशिष्टि	एस घो 120 दिमांक 13 जनगरी, 1973	संख्या 1 भन्नेल, 1974	परिक्षिण्ट 'ए' का संशोधन किया गया है।	1 मम्रैल, 1974
39	. IS: 6088-—1971 ट्रांसफार्मरों के तेल से जल ताप विनिमापक की विशिष्टि	एस म्रो 3056 विनोक 27 मेक्टूबर, 1973	संख्या । जून, 1974	<ul> <li>(1) सारणी 1 स्नौर 2 का संशोधन किया गया है।</li> <li>(2) (पृष्ठ 11, सारणी 3) — वर्तमान सारणी के स्वान इस संशोधन के पृष्ठ 2 की सारणी कर लीजिए।</li> </ul>	1 जून, 1974
40	. IS: 6162(भाग 1)1971 कागज क्के एलूमिनियम वालकों की विशिष्टि भाग 1 गोल वालक	एस श्रो 2802 दिनांक 29 सितम्बर, 1973	संबंधाः 1 मई, 1974	वण्ड 3. 1 का संशोधन किया गया है।	1 मई, 1974
41	. IS: 66801972 रेल डिम्बों के पंचों की निशिष्ट		संख्या 1 मई, 1974	व्यप्ट 13.1 के बाद एक टिप्पणी जोड़ी गई है।	1 中旬, 1974

इन संशोधनों की प्रतियां भारतीय मानक संस्था, मानक भवन, 9 बहाबुरशाह जफर मार्ग, नई विल्ली तथा उसके महमवाबाव, बंगसौर, बम्बई, कलकत्ता, चंडी-गढ़, हैदराबाव, कानपुर, मद्रास ग्रौर पटना कार्यालयों से प्राप्त की जा सकती है।

[सं० सी एम डी/13:5] ए० के० गुप्ता, उप-महानिदेशक

S.O. 2940.—In pursuance of regulation 4 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Regulations, 1955, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that amendment(s) to the Indian Standard (s) given in the schedule hereto annexed have been issued under the powers conferred by the sub-regulation (1) of Regulation 3 of the said Regulations.

SCHEDULE

	and title of the Indian dard amended	No and Date of Gazette Notification in which the establishment of the Indian Standard was notified	No.and Date of the amendment		•		Date from which the amendment shall have effect	
<u></u>	<u> </u>	3	4		5		6	
1. IS: 320-19 tensile bras (Revised)	962 Specification for high s rods and sections	S.O. 675 dated 29 Feb. 1964	No. 4 Jan. 1974	(Page 4, Delete t 'Note		1.1, Note 2)- ind re-designate ote'.	1 Jan, 1974	

1	2	3	4	5	6
2.	IS: 374-1966 Specification for electric ceiling type fans and regulators (Second revision)	S.O. 1533 dated 29 Apr. 1967	No. 3 May, 1974	A note has been added after clasue 12.1.	1 May, 1974
3.	IS: 410-1967 Specification for rolled brass plate, sheet, strip and foil (Second revisions)	S.O. 4633 dated 30 Dec. 1967	No. 2 Feb. 1974	Table 2 has been amended and new matter added in clasue 9.3.	1 Feb. 1974
4.	IS: 841-1968 Specification for hand hammers (First revision)	S.O. 2766 dated 10 Aug. 1968	No. 1 Apr. 1974	<ul><li>(i) Clause 5.3 has been substituted by a new one and</li><li>(ii) Fig. 1 has been amended.</li></ul>	1 Apr. 1974
5,	IS: 942-1966 Specification for 275-1/ min portable pump set for fire fighting (Revised)	S.O. 4023 dated 31 Dec. 1966	No. 2 Apr. 1974	The existing matter of clause 4.1.2.4 (c) has been substituted by new one.	1 Apr. 1974
6.	IS: 943-1966 Specification for 680-1/min trailer pump for fire brigade use (First revision)	S.O. 913 dated 18 Mar. 1967	No. 2 Mar. 1974	The existing matter of clause 4.3.2. (c) has been substituted by new one.	1 Mar. 1974
7.	IS: 944-1966 Specification for 1800-	S.O. 913 dated 18 Mar. 1967	No. 2 Apr. 1974	The existing matter of clause 4.3.2. (c) has been substituted by new one.	1 Apr. 1974
8.	IS: 945-1966 Specification for 1800-1/. mln motor fire engine	S.O. 913 dated 18 Mar. 1967	No. 1 Apr. 1974	(i) Page 4, clause 2.3, line 2)-Substitute '17 m' for '17 km'.	-
	(First revision)			(ii) The existing matter of clause 4.7.2.(a)(3) has been substitute by New one and	
9.	IS:946-1959 Specification for 3200-1/min (or 700-gal/min) motor fire engine	S.O. 1037 dated 30 Apr. 1960	No. 1 June 1974	<ul> <li>(iii) Appendix B has been amende</li> <li>(i) The existing matter of clause</li> <li>4-7-2 (c) has been substituted by new one and</li> <li>(ii) Appendix B has been amended</li> </ul>	1 June 1974 y
10	IS:947-1960 Specification for towing	S.O. 914 Doted	No. 1	Appendix B has been amended.	1 Mar. 1974
ĮŪ.	tender for trailer pump for fire brigade	15 Apr. 1961	Mar. 1974	Appendix B has been amended.	1 IVIAI. 19/4
11.	IS:948-1970 Specification for water tender type A, for fire brigade use (First Revision)	S.O. 1555 Dated 24 June 1972	No. 1 Mar. 1974	(i) Item 4 of appendix A has been substituted by new one	1 Mar. 1974
				(ii) A foot-note has been added a the bottom of the page 16	t
12.	IS:951-1969 Specification for combined foam and CO2 crash tender (first revision)		No. 1 Mar. 1974	(Page 25, Appendix A, item 2, col 3)-Substitute '20 lengths' for '24 lengths'	1 Mar. 1974
13.	IS:1148-1972 Specification for hot rolled steel rivet bars (Upto 40 mm diameter) for structural purposes. (Second revision).	_	No. 1 Feb. 1974	The existing composition of the panel, at page 2, has been substituted by new one.	1 Fcb. 1974
14.	IS:1149-1973 Specification for high tensile steel rivet bars for structural purposes (Second revision)	_	No. 1 Feb. 1974	The existing composition of the panel, at page 2, has been substituted by new one.	1 Feb. 1974
15.	IS:1169-1967 Specification for electric pedestal type fans angulators (First revision)	S.O. 1720 Dated 18 May 1968	No. 3 Jun. 1974	A note has been added at the end of of clause 13.1.	1 June 1974
16.	IS:1570 (Part V)-1972 Scheduled for wrought steels Part V Stainless and heat-resisting steels (First revision)		No. 1 May 1974	Tables 1, 5, 10, 11, 12 and 15 have been amended.	1 May 1974
17.	(First tevision)  18:1715-1973 Dimensions for self-holding tapers (First revision)	<b></b>	No. 1 Apr. 1974	Tables 2 and 3 have been amended	, 1 Apr. 1974
18.	IS:1990-1973 Specification for steel rivet and stay bars for boilers (First revision)	<del>-</del>	No. 1 Feb. 1974	The existing composition of the panel, at page 2, has been subsstituted by new one.	1 Feb. 1974
19.	18:2029-1971 Specification for ring spanners (First revision)	S.O. 2802 Dated 29 Sep. 1974	No. 1 Mar. 1974	Tables 1 and 2 have been amended	. 1 Mar. 1974
20.	IS:2030-1971 Specification for Box Spanners. (First revision)	S.O. 1635 Dated 8 July 1972.	No. 1 Apr. 1974	Tables 3 and 4 have been amended.	. 1 Apr. 1974
21.	IS:2073-1970 Specification for Carbon steel black bars for production of Machined parts for general engineer- ing purposes (First revision)	S.O. 1655 Dated 24 June 1972	No. 1 Mar. 1974	<ul> <li>(i) Clauses 1.1, 5.1 and 11.2 have been amended and</li> <li>(ii) Tables 1 and 5 have been amended.</li> </ul>	

.1	2	3	. 4	5	6
22	IS:2082-1965 Specification for Storage type automatic electric water heaters (Revised.)		No. 3 Apr. 1974	(i) Clause 4.1.1. (See also Amendment No 2.) has been substituted by a new one and	1 Apr. 1974
	•			(ii) (Page 7, Clause 4.2.1 (See also Amendment No. 2)- Delete the clause and re-number the subsequent clauses accordingly.	
23.	IS:2106 (Part XVIII)-1973 Environ mental tests for electronic and elect- rical equipment Part XVIII Salt. Mist Test.		No. 1 Apr. 1974	The existing composition of the panel, at page 2, has been substitued by new one.	1 Apr. 1974
24.	IS:2997-1964 Specification for air checulator type electric fans and regulators		No. 5 Apr. 1974	A note has been added after clause 13.1.	1 Apr. 1974
25.	IS:3034-1965 Specification for Penci Slats.	1 S.O. 3772 dated 4 Dec. 1965	No. 1 Apr. 1974	(i) Clauses 5.0 to 5.1 have been substituted by a new one, and (ii) [Page 4, clause 9.1 (a)]-Add the following matter after 9.1 (a) and change the subsequent item numbers accordingly.	1 Apr. 1974
				(b) 'Quantity packed-number of slats and ply,'	
20	<ol> <li>IS: 3451(Prt I)-1966 Code of practi for case and maintenance of brush Part I Pan set Brushes.</li> </ol>		No. 1 Jun 1974	Clause 3.4 has been amended.	1 Jun 1974
27.	IS:4057-1967 Specification Carpenter metal bodied bench planes.	s, S.O. 2654 datd 5 Aug. 1967	No. 4 Mar. 1974	<ul><li>(i) Note under clause 4.5 has been substituted by a new one.</li><li>(ii) Clause 13.1 has been amended.</li></ul>	1 Mar. 1974
28.	IS:4218 (Pt. IV)-1967 ISO metric screw threads Part IV tolerancing system.	S.O. 683 dated 24 Feb. 1968	No. 1 May 1974	Fig. 1 has been substituted by a new one and clause 9 amended.	1 May, 1974
29.	IS:4327-1967 Specification for electricans and regulators for use in ships.	c S.O. 2766 dated 10 Aug. 1968	No. 3 Jun. 1974	A note has been added after clause 13.1.	1 June, 1974
30.	IS:4476-1967 Specification for Crane suspended hand-operated geared ladles for steel foundries.		No. 1 Mar. 1974	(Page 11, Table 2, col 2, seventh entry from the top)-Substitute 1295' for '1195'.	1 Mar. 1974.
31.	IS:5099-1969 Technical supply conditions for twist drills.	S.O. 3542 dated 25 Sep. 1971	No. 2 Jul. 1974	Informal table under clause 5.9 has been amended.	f Jul. 1974
32.	IS:5176-1969 Specification for Hawser-Laid hemp line and ropes.		No. 1 Jul 1974	Table 1 has been amended.	1 Jul. 1974
33.	IS:5372-1969 Specification for staper washers for channels (ISMC).		No. 1 Apr. 1974	Clause I and Table I have been been amended.	1 Apr. 1974
34.	IS:5446-1969 Specification for chucking reamers with parallel shanks.	S.O. 2110 dated 29 May 1971	No. 1 Mar. 1974	Table under clause 2 has been amended.	1 Mar, 197
	IS:5447-1969 Specification for chucking reamers with morse taper shanks.		No. 1 Apr. 1974	Table under clause 2 has been amended.	1 Apr. 1974
36.	IS:5996-1970 Specification for cotton belting ducks.	S.O. 3305 dated 21 Oct. 1972	No. 1 Jul. 1974	Table 1 has been amended.	1 Jul. 1974
37.	IS:6015-1970 Specification for Barium Hydroxide.	S.O. 3318 dated 21 Oct. 1972	No. 1 Jul. 1974	Table 1 has been amended.	1 Jul. 1974
38.	IS: 6067-1971 Specification for water tender, type X for fire brigade use.	S.O. 120 dated 13 Jan 1973	No. 1 Jun 1974	Appendix A has been amended.	l Apr. 1974
39,	IS: 6088-1971 Specificatio for Oil- to-water heat exchanges for trans- formers.	S.O. 3056 dated	No. 1 Jan. 1974	<ul> <li>(i) Table 1 and 2 have been amende</li> <li>(ii) (page 11, Table 3) Substitute the table on page 2 of this amendment for the existing table:</li> </ul>	d 1 Jun 1974 e
	IS: 6162 (Part I)-1971 Specification for paper-covered aluminium con- ductors Part I round conductor		No. 1 May 1974		1 May 1974
41.	IS:6680-1972 Specification for Railway Carriage Fans.		No. 1 May 1974	A note has been added after clause 13.1	1 May 1974

Copies of these Amendments are available with the Indian Standards Institution, Manak Bhavan, 9 Bahadur Shah Zasar Marg, New Delhi-110001 and its branch offices at Ahmedabad, Bangalore Bombay, Calcutta, Chandigarh, Hyderabad, Kanpur, Madras and Patna.

[No. CMD/13:5] A.K. GUPTA, Deputy Director, का॰ द्या॰ 2941.—समय समय पर संबोधित चारतीय मानक संस्था (प्रमाणन चिन्ह) विनियम 1955 के चिनियम 4 के अनुसार भारतीय मानक-संस्था द्वारा अधिभूषित किया जाता है कि उक्त विनियम (3) के उपविनियम (1) के अनुसार प्राप्त अधिकारों के अधीन यहां अनुसूची में विये गये भारतीय मानकों के संबोधन जारी किये गये हैं:—

# मनुसूची

क्रम संख्या	संशोधित भारतीय मानक की पदसंख्या घौर सीर्वक		संक्षोधित मानक की संख्या भीर दिनांक	संशोधन का संक्षिप्त विवरण	संशोधन लागू होने की तिचि
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	77—1970 सूती जीन की विकिष्धि पुनरीक्षण)	एस मी 1277 विनांक 27 मई 1972	<b>संब</b> धा 2 फरवरी, 19	74 सारणी 1 झीर 3 का संझोझन किय गया है।	ा <b>१ फरवरो</b> , 1974
	210 1970 भूरे लोहे की ढली की विभिष्टि (दूसरापुनरीक्षण)		संख्या 1 जून, 1974	<ul> <li>(1) अवश्य 6.2 के स्थान पर नया अवश्य जोड़ा गया है।</li> <li>(2) (पृष्ठ 4, (*) तारांकित पाव-टिप्पणी) के अव्हा में निम्नलिक्कित</li> </ul>	1 जून, 1974
				পাড় ৰীজিই। †"Deviation for untoleranced dimensions of grey iron castings"	
	11701967 फेरोकोमियम की इंट (पहला पुनरीक्षण)	एस मो 287 विनांक 20 जनवरी, 1968	सं <b>ख्या 1 धप्रैल,</b> 1974	सारणी 1 के नीचे एक टिप्पणी जोड़ी गई है।	1 भप्रील, 1974
	के होस्बरों की विशिष्टि (पहला	एस मो 287 विनोक्त 20 जनवरी, 1968	सं <b>ख्या 1 भन्नै</b> ल, 1974	यह संशोधन माप संबंधी कुछ वातें स्पष्ट करने के लिये जारी किया गया है झौर इसमें रोधित लैम्प-होल्डरों के लिये झज्बलम- शीलता परीक्षण भी रखा गया है।	1 भप्रैल, 1974
	489—1967 पोर्टमैंड पोस्सोसाना की विशिष्टि (पहला पुमरीक्षण)		संख्या 3 मई, 1974	खण्ड 6, 4 के स्थान पर नया खण्ड विया गया है।	1 मई, 1974
<b>लिये</b>	1786 — 1966 कॅकीट प्रवलन कें ठंडी मरोड़ी इंस्पात की सरिया की छंड (पुनरीकित)		*संख्या 4 जूम, 1974	पांव टिप्पणी सहित खण्ड 3.1 के स्थान पर नया खण्ड तथा पांच टिप्पणी दी गई है।	1 जूस, 1974
कार्यी	18561970 बातों में दुलाई के लिये इस्पात की तार के रस्सों बिलिंट (पक्ष्ला पुनरीक्षण)		संख्या 2 भन्नेल, 1974	(पृष्ठ 11, थांका 19.1, पंक्ति 2) "18.2 से 18.6" के स्थान "19.2 से 19.6" कर लीजिए।	1 भन्नेल, 1974
	19431964 ए-द्रिवस पटसन की विकिष्टि (पुनरीक्षित)	एस भी 3951 दिनोक 16 नवस्वर, 1964	संख्या 5 फरवरी, 1974	सारणी 1 भीर 2 (दूसरारिज़िट, नवस्वर, 1972) का संजोधन किया गया है भी एक नई पाद-टिप्पणी जोड़ी गई है।	

(<u>\*</u>) (6) (4)(5) (3) (2) (1) खण्ड 5.3 भीर 5.3.1 का संशोधन 1 विसम्बर, 1973 9. IS: 2347--1966 घरेलु प्रैशार कुकर एस झी 469 संख्या 5 दिनांक 11 फरवरी, दिसम्बर, 1973 किया गया है। की विशिष्टि (पुनरीक्षित) (2) परिशिष्ट 'सी' में बंड सी 1.1.1 1967 तथा सी 1.1.2 के स्थान पर नए खण्ड जोड़े गये हैं। (3) खण्ड 5.3.1 के बाद नए खण्ड 5.3.2 मौर 5.4 जोड़े गए हैं; (4) खण्ड 5.4 ऋम संख्या ठीक करके खण्ड 5.5 कर वी गई है। (5) खण्ड डी-1.3 के बाद नए परिशिष्ट 'ई' मौर 'एफ' जोड़े गए हैं। (1) मुखापुष्ठ, पुष्ठ । ग्रीर 3 शीर्षक; । मार्च, 1974 10. 18: 2830-- 1964 संरचना इस्पात एस भ्रो 895 संख्या 4 मार्च, 1974 श्रीर बण्ड 0.3, 0.4,1.1,1.1.1, (मानक किस्म) के रूप में पुन: बेल्लन के विनांक 20 मार्च लिये कार्बन इस्पात की सिल्लियों की 4.1, 7.1.7.2, 8.1, 8.2, 9.1, भीर 9,2 (संशोधन संख्या 3 भी बिशिष्टि देखिए)--शीर्षक अथवा खण्डों में जहां भी सम्ब 'billat' हो उसके स्थान पर 'billet, blooms भीर slabs कर लीजिए। (2) खण्ड 1.1 में नई सामग्री ओड़ी गई है। (1) (मुख पुष्ठ, पुष्ठ 1 झौर 3, शीर्षक झौर 1 जून, 1974 11. IS: 2831--1969 संरचना इस्पात एस भी 639 संस्था 1 खण्ड 0.3, 0.5, 1.1, 1.1.1, (साधाराण किस्म) के रूप में पुतः बेरुलन के दिनांक 21 फरवरी, जुन, 1974 4.1, 6.2, 7.0, 7.1, 7.2, 8.1 लिये कार्बन इस्थात की सिल्लियों की 1970 भीर 8.2 में) शीर्षक भीर खण्डों में बिक्षिष्ट (पहला पुनरीक्षण) जहां भी शब्द 'billet' हो, के स्थान पर billet, blooms and slabs कर लीजिए। (2) बाज्ड 1.1 में नई सामग्री जोड़ी गई है। 12. IS: 3114--1965 क्लाबां लोहे के एस भी 2246 संख्या 1 सारणी 1 के स्थान नई सारणी बीगई 1 जुलाई, 1974 पाइप बिछाने की रीति संहिता। विमांक 30 जुन, जुलाई, 1974 1966 13. IS: 3625-1971 एल्युमिनियम के एस भी 886 वाण्ड 4.1.2 के स्वान पर मया वाण्ड विया 1 फरवरी, 1974 संख्या 1 प्लग प्रकार के तकुओं पर उपयोग के विनाम 24 मार्च, **फरव**री, 1974 गया है। लिये तांबे की निलयों की विकिष्टि 1973 (पहला पुनरीक्षण) (1) खण्ड 3.2.6 के स्थान पर नया खण्ड 1 सार्च, 1974 14. IS: 3735--1966 कैनवस जुतों के एस भी 469 संख्या 1 रबड के तस्लों की विशिष्टि विनोक 11 फरजरी, मार्च, 1974 दिया गया है। (2) खण्ड 3,4,3 का संशोधन किया 1967 गया है। (3) पुष्ठ ६ ग्रीर ८ पर कमशः (§) ग्रीर (†) चिन्हांकित पाद टिप्पणियों के स्थान पर नई पाद-टिप्पणियां दी गई है। 15. IS: 4392--1967 हाय के बने नमदीं एस घी 1720 (पृष्ट 13, खण्ड ए० 5.4, पंक्ति 5 (संशोधन संख्या 2 1 मगस्त, 1974 की विशिष्टि विनांक 18 मई, 1968 भगस्त, 1974 संख्या, 1 भी वेबिए) '3 प्रतिशत' के स्थान पर '0.1' एन कर लीजिए। 16. IS: 4410(भाग-4)-+1967 नदी एस मी 2578 संख्या 1 **खण्ड** 2.2 और 2.7 केस्थान पर नए खण्ड 1 अगस्त, 1974 घाटी योजनाम्रों से संबंधित पारिभाषिक दिनांक 20 जुलाई, भगस्त, 1974 दिसे गये हैं। शब्दावली भाग 4 क्राइंग 1968

संख्या 2

दिनांक 25 तिसम्बर, जुलाई, 1974

1971

(पुष्ठ 7, वाण्ड ए 2.4 (संशोधन संख्या 1 1 जुलाई, 1974

भी देखिए) -------

लीजिए।

'3 प्रतिशत के स्थान पर 0,1 एन' कर

26. IS: 5884--1970 रोएंबार ऊनी एस मो 3542

गलीकों की विशिष्टि

(.5) (в`  $(\overline{3})$ (1)(2)(4) ा मप्रेल, 1974 संख्या 1 (1) सारणी 2 के स्थान पर नई सारणी ं **IS** : 5980—−1970 बेंच मेंटरों की एगओ 3305 विशिद्धित दिनांक 21 ग्रन्तुबर, **भ**प्रैल, 1974 जोड़ी गई हैं :--(2) आरण्ड 5,2 का संशोधन किया गया है। 1972 (3) (पुष्ठ 2, बंध 5.5 ए 1.1 भीर ए 1,2) को हटा दीजिए। (4) (पुट्ठ 3, खंड ए-2)——इसको कम-संख्या ए.1 करके वर्तमान खंडके शीर्जक को बदलकर निम्नलिखित कर लीजिए:---"Parallelism of Axes of centres with respect of buideways" (5) (पृष्ठ 3, आकृति 2, शीर्षक) वर्त-मान शीर्षक के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित कर लीजिए:---'Checking of parallelism of Axes of centres with respect to buideways' (6) वर्लमान खाण्ड ए-3 की कम संख्या को कम संख्या ए2. कर दी गयी है घौर उसके स्थान पर नया अप्य विया गया है; भीर (7) नई कम संख्या वाले खण्ड ए.2 के के बाद एक नया चल्ड ए.3 जोड़ा गया है। (1) पुष्ठ 4, स्तम्भ 2 में कम संख्या 11 के 28. IS: 6040---1972 परिशुद्धता बरावों एस मो 3163 संख्या 1 ा मप्रैल, 1974 मागे दी गई वर्तमान माकृति के स्थान के परीक्षण आर्ट 500 मिमी तक के विनांक 10 बनम्बर अप्रैल, 1974 स्विंग स्रोवरबैंड स्रौर केन्द्रों के बीच पर नई ब्राकृति दी गई है और वर्तमान 3973 मांकड़ों के स्थान पर नये भांकड़े जोड़े 1500 मिमी तक के अन्तर वाली खराद गए हैं; भीर (2) (पुष्ठ 6, स्तम्भ 8 के सामने क्रम-संख्या 3 में) '0.02' के स्थान पर '0.01' कर सीजिए। (1) (मुखपुष्ठ,पुष्ठ 1 मौर 3,शीर्वक में) → 1 फरवरी, 1974 29. IS: 6240--- 1971 अल्पदाव गैस एस म्रो 1549 संख्या 1 सिलैण्डरों को बनाने के लिये गर्म **फरबरी**, 1974 वर्तमान शीर्षक के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित विनोक 2 जुन, बैल्लित इस्पात की चहरों की विशिष्टि कर लीजिए:---"Indian Standard specification for Hot Rolled Steel sheet and strip for the manufacture of low pressure gas cylinders" (2) **a**vs 1, 1, 3, 1, 6, 1, 1, 6, 2, 7.1.1, 7.2, 9.1, 10.1, 10.2, 11. 1 भीर 12. 1 के स्वान पर नये व्यापड वियो गर्मे हैं। (3) पुष्ठ 5 पर \*शंकित भौर †शंकित 4 के स्थान पर नई टिप्पणियां दी गई (4) पुष्ठ ६ पर ऋषित वर्तमान पाद-टिप्पणी के स्थान पर नई पाद-टिप्पणी की गई है। (5) नया खण्ड 2.2 जोड़ा गया है। 30. IS: 6340--- 1971 उन्नवमत्वपोली-(पुष्ठ 4, खण्ड 2.3, अंकित पंक्ति में)----एस मो 3255 1 फरवरी, 1974 इयाइलीन से बने बोरों भी विशिष्टि फरवरी, 1974 विभक्ति 24 नवस्वर, মাহৰ "except for bonded bags" को हटा दीजिए।

1973

<sup>9</sup> इन संशोधमों की प्रतियां भारतीय मानक संस्था, मानक भवन, वहाथुर लाह जर्फर मार्ग, नई विल्ली-110001 झौर उसके ग्रहमदाबाद, बंगलीर, बम्बई, कलकता, बंबीगढ़, हैदराबाद, कानपूर, मद्रास और पटना स्थित काखा कार्यालयों से प्राप्त की जा सकती है ।

S.O.2941.—In pursuance of regulation 4 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Regulations, 1955, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that amendment(s) to the Indian Standard (s) given in the Schedule hereto annexed have been issued under the powers conferred by the sub-regulation (1) of Regulation 3 of the said Regulations.

### **SCHEDULE**

	No. and title of the Indian Standard, amended	No. and Date of Gazette Notification in which the estab- lishment of the In- dian Standard was notified	No. and Date of the Amendment	Brief particulars of the Amendment	Date from which the amendment shall have effect
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1.	IS: 177-1970 Specification for cotton drills (Second Revision)	S.O. 1277, dated 27 May, 1972	No. 2 Feb. 1974	Tables I and 3 have been amended	1 Feb, 1974
	IS: 210—1970 Specification for grey iron eastings (Second Revision)	S.O. 3542, dated 25 Sept., 1971	No. 1 June, 1974	<ul> <li>(i) Clause 6.2 has been substituted by a new one, and</li> <li>(ii) [Page 4, foot-note with (*) mark]—Add the following foot note at the end: Deviations for untoleranced dimensions of grey iron castings.</li> </ul>	1 June, 1974
3.	IS: 1170—1967 Specification for ferrochromium (First Revision)	S.O. 287, dated 20 Jan., 1968	No. 2 Apr., 1974	A note has been added under Table 1.	1 Apr., 1974
<b>4.</b>	IS: 1258—1967 Specification for bayonet lampholders (First Revision)		No. 1 Apr., 1974	This amendment is intended to clarify certain dimensional details and includes a test for non-flammability in the case of insulated lampholders.	1 Apr., 1974
5.	IS: 1489—1967 Specification for port- land-pozzolana cement (First Revi- sion)		No. 3 May, 1974	Clause 6.4 has been substituted by a new one.	1 May, 1974
6.	IS: 1786—1966 Specification for cold twisted steel bars for concrete reinforcement (Revised)		*No. 4 June, 1974	Clause 3.1 along with its foot-note has been substituted by a new one.	1 June, 1974
7.	IS: 1856—1970 Specification for steel wire ropes for haulage purposes in mines (First Revision)	S.O. 120, dated 13 Jan., 1973	No. 2 Apr., 1974	(Page 11, clause 19.1, line 2)— Substitute '19.2' to '19.6' for '18.2 to 18.6'.	1 Apr., 1974
8.	IS: 1943—1964 Specification for Atwill jute bags (Revised)	S.O. 3951, dated 16 Nov., 1964	No. 5 Feb., 1974	Tables 1 and 2 (of second reprint, November, 1972) have been am- ended and a new foot note added.	1 Feb., 1974
9.	IS: 2347—1966 Specification for domestic pressure cookers (Revised)	S.O. 469, dated 11 Feb., 1967	No. 5 Dec., 1973	<ul> <li>(i) Clauses 5.3 and 5.3.1 have been amended;</li> <li>(ii) Clauses C-1.1.1 and C1.1.2 of Appendix C have been substituted by new ones;</li> <li>(iii) New clauses 5.3.2 and 5.4 have been added after clause 5.3.1;</li> <li>(iv) Clause 5.4 has been re-numbered as clause 5.5; and</li> <li>(v) New Appendices 'E' and 'F' have been added after clause D-1.3</li> </ul>	<u>:</u>
10.	IS: 2830—1964 Specification for carbon steel billets for re-rolling into structural steel (standard quality)	S.O. 895, dated 20 Mar., 1965	No. 4 Mar., 1974	(i) [First cover page, pages 1 and 3 title; and clauses 0.3, 0.4, 1.1, 1.1, 1.1, 1.4, 1, 7.0, 7.2, 8.1, 8.2, 9.1 and 9.2 (see also Amendment No. 3)]—Substitute the words 'billets, blooms and slabs' for the word 'billets' wherever these occur in the title and the clauses;  (ii) New matter has been added in clause 1.1.	1 Mar., 1974

<sup>•</sup> For purposes of ISI Certification Marks Scheme; this amendment shall come into force with effect from 1 July, 1974.

1	) (2)		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1.	IS: 2831—1969 Specification carbon steel billets for re-rollin Structural steel (ordinary q (First Revision)	nižinto.	S.O. 639, dated 21 Feb., 1970	No. 1 June, 1974	(i) (First cover page, pages 1 and 3, title, and clauses 0.3, 0.5, 1.1, 1.1.1, 4.1, 6.2, 7.0, 7.1, 7.2, 8.1 and 8.2)—Substitute the words 'billets' blocms and slabs' for the word 'billets' wherever it occurs in the title and the clauses;	1 June, 1974
					<ul><li>(ii) New matter has been added in clause 1.1.</li></ul>	
2.	IS: 3114-1965 Code of practi laying of east iron pipes.	ic <del>e</del> for	S.O. 2246, dated 1 30 July, 1966	No. 1 July, 1974	Table 1 has been substituted by a new one.	1 July, 1974
	IS: 3625-1971 Specification warp tubes for use on aluminium type spindles (First Revision)	n plug		No. 1 Feb., 1974	Clause 4.1.2 has been substituted 1 by a new one.	Feb., 1974
4.	IS: 3735—1966 Specificatio canvas shoes, rubber sole	on for	S.O. 469, dated 11 Feb., 1967	No. 1 Mar., 1974	<ul><li>(i) Clause 3,2,6 has been substituted by a new one;</li><li>(ii) Clause 3,4,3 has been amended; and</li></ul>	1 Mar., 1974
					(iii) Foot-notes at pages 6 and 8 with (£) and †marks respec- tively have been substituted by new ones.	
5.	IS: 4392—1967 Specificatio hand-made Numdhas	on for	S.O. 1720, dated 18 May, 1968	No. 2 Aug., 1974	[Page 13, clause A-5.4, line 5 (see Amendment No.)] Substitute '0.1N' for '3 per cent'.	1 Aug., 1974
6.	IS: 4410 (Part IV)—1967 Gloof terms relating to river valley jects Part IV Drawings			No. 1 Aug., 1974	'Clauses 2.2 and 2.7 have been substituted by new ones'.	1 Aug., 1974
7.	IS: 4479—1967 Methods of memonts on magnetic tapes for recording and reproduction			No. 1 July, 1974	(i) Clauses 4.7.1, 4.8.1.3, 5.1.6, 5.4 and 5.7 have been amended;	1 July, 1974
					<ul> <li>(ii) Clauses 4.11 and 5.1,2.2 have been substituted by new ones;</li> <li>(iii) [Page 11, clauses 5.1.1 (J)] Add the following foot-note at the end of the page; and</li> <li>(iv) [Page 12, foot-note with an asterisk(*) mark)]—Add the following foot-note after this</li> </ul>	
	·			· :'	foot-note:  '†Specification for 6.25 mm calibration tape.'	·
}.	18; 4325—1968 Specification laboratory and reference the meters	on for nermo-	S.O. 1455, dated 19 Apr., 1969	No. 1 Aug., 1974	New matter has been added in clause 4.2.1.	1 Aug., 1974
).	IS: 4955—1968 Specification synthetic delergents for how use	on for isehold	S.O. 1906, dated 17 May, 1969	No. 1 July, 1974	Clauses B-5.4.2 and and B-5.4.5.2 have been amended.	1 July, 1974
).	IS: 4956—1968 Specification synthetic detergents for indepurposes	on for Iustrial	S.O. 2330, dated 14 June, 1969	No. 1 July, 1974	Clauses B-5-4.4.2 and B-5.4.5.2 have been amended.	1 July, 1974
۱.	IS: 5031—1969 Specification metal slittings saws	on for	S.O. 436, dated 1 Feb., 1970	No. 1 Mar., 1974	<ul> <li>(i) Clause 3 has been substituted by a new one, and</li> <li>(ii) (Page 6, clause 6.4)—Substitute 'IS: 1830-1971' for 'IS:—'1830—1961'.</li> </ul>	ŕ
2.	IS: 5103-1969 Specification twist drills, mose taper shanks	on for s.	S.O. 3542, dated 25 Sep., 1971	No. 1 June, 1974	(Page 3, example under clause 4, line 3) Substitute 197.5 mm (212 mm minus 14.5 mm)' for 195 mm (212mm minus 17 mm)'.	1 June, 1974
3.	IS: 5104—1969 Specification twist drills, oversize morse shank	taper	3 Oct., 1970	No. 1 June, 1974	A Note has been added at the end of the table under clause 2.	1 June, 197
4.	IS : 5225-1969 Specification raingauge, non-recording	on for	S.O. 89, dated	No. 4 July, 1974	<ul> <li>[Page 4, clause 4.1 (d)]—Add the following at the end:</li> <li>(c) A life of not 'less than 15 years in the open.'</li> </ul>	1 July, 1974

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
25.	IS: 5312 (Part I)—1969 Specification for swing check type reflux (non-return valves) Part I Single Door Pattern		No. 1 July, 1974	Tables 3 & 4 have been amended.	1 July, 1974
26.	IS: 5884—1970 Specification for tufted wool carpets	S.O. 3542, dated 25 Sep., 1971	No. 2 July, 1974	[Page 7, clause A-2.4 (see Amendment No. 1), line 5]—Substitute O.1 N' for '3 percent'.	1 July, 1974
27.	IS: 5980—1970 Specification for bonch contres	S.O. 3305, dated 21 Oct., 1972	No. 1 Apr., 1974	<ul> <li>(i) Table 2 has been substituted by a new one,</li> <li>(ii) Clause 5.2 has been amended;</li> <li>(iii) (page 2, clauses 5.5, A-1.1 and A-1.2)—Delete;</li> </ul>	1 Apr., 1974.
				(iv) (Page 3, clause A-2)—Re-num- ber it as 'A-1' and substitute the following for the existing clause heading: 'Parallelism of Axes of Centres with Res- pect to Guideways';	
				(v) (Page 3, Fig. 2, caption)— Substitute the following for the existing caption: 'Check- ing of Parallelism of Axes of Centres with Respect to Guide- ways'	
				(vi) The existing clause A-3 has been re-numbered as clause A-2 and substituted by a new one; and	
				(vii) New clause A-3 has been added at the end of re-numbered clause A-2.	
28.	IS: 6040—1972 Test chart for precision lathes—lathes with swing over be up to 500 mm and distance between centres up to 1,500 mm.		No. 1 Apr. 1974	(i) The existing figures at page 4, col 2, against SI. No. 11 has been substituted by 2 new one, and	1 Apr. 1974
				(ii) (Page 6, col 8, against Sl. No. 3)—Substitute '0.01' for '0.02.'	
29.	IS: 6240—1971 Specification for hot rolled steel, sheets for the manufacture of low pressure gas cylinders		No. 1 Feb., 1974	(i) (First cover page, pages 1 and 3, title)—Substitute the following for the existing title: Indian Standard Specification for Hot Rolled Steel Sheet and Strip for the the Manufacture of low pressure gas cylinders';	1 Feb., 1974
				(ii) Clauses 1.1, 3.1, 6.1.1, 6.2, 7.1.1, 7.2, 9.1, 10.1, 10.2, 11.1 and 12.1 have been substituted by new ones;	
				(iii) Existing foot-notes on page 5 with '*' and 't' have been susbstituted by new ones;	,
				(iv) Existing foot-note on page 6 with '†' mark has been substi- tuted by a new one; and	
				(v) New clause 2.2 has been asded.	
30.	IS: 6340—1971 Specification for high density polyethelene woven-sacks.		No. 1 Feb., 1974	(Page 4, clause 2.3, last line)— Delete the words' (except for bonded bags)'.	1 Feb., 1974

Sec. 3(ii)]

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# **मध् विक्ली, 14 प्र**गस्त, 1975

का० का० 2942.—समय समय पर संशोधित चारतीय मानक संस्था (प्रमाणपक चिन्ह) विनियम 1955 के विनियम 14 के उपविभियम (4) के ब्रानुसार भारतीय मानक संस्था द्वारा प्रक्षिसूचित किया जाता है कि लाइसेंस संख्या ती एम/एल-4266, 4389, 4390, 4439, 4441, 4442 प्रौर 4443 जिनके न्यौरे नीचे प्रनुसूची में विधे गये हैं, फर्म द्वारा प्रपना नाम बवल लेने के कारच 1 मगस्त, से रह कर दिये गये हैं :---

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क्रमर	7
	471

कम संख्या लाइसेंस संख्या और तिथि	लाइसेंस बारी का नाम भीर पता	रह किये गये लाइसेंस के भ्रधीन वस्तु प्रक्रिया	तस्त्रबंधी भारतीय मानक
(1) (2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1. सी एम/एल-4266 20-3-1975	भी इंटरप्राइजेज सी-4, इंडस्ट्रियल इस्टेट वार्रगल-7	भी एव सी मूलन पाउडर छाप: 'श्री भी एच सी 10 प्रतिशत की पी'	IS: 561—1972 थी एच सी चूलन पाउडर की विशिष्टि (तीसरा पुनरीक्षण)
2. सी एम/एल-4389 23-5-1975	υ	बी की टीजल विसर्जनीय तेज चूर्ण छाप: 'श्री की की टी 50 प्रतिशत बस्त्यू की पी'	IS 585-1961 ही ही टी जल विसर्जनीय तेज चूर्ण की विशिष्टि
3. सी एम/एल-4390 23-5-1975	n	एन्ड्रिन पायसनीय तेश द्रव छापः 'श्री एस्न्ड्रिन 22 प्रतिशत ई.सी'	IS: 1310 1958 एन्ड्रिन पायन- सनीय तेज द्वब भी विशिष्टि
4. सी एम/एस-4439 16-6-1975	n	मालावियोन चूलन पाउडर छाप : 'श्री मालाचियोन'	IS: 2568—1973 मालावियोन बूलन पाउडर की विश्विष्टि (पहला पुनरीक्षण)
5. सी एम/एल-4441 20-6-1975	,,	डी डी टी पायसनीय तेज द्रव∽− खाप : 'श्री टी झो एल'	IS: 6331956 डी डी टी पाय- सनीय तेज इब की विशिष्टि
6. सी एम/एल-4442 20-6-1975	11	एण्डोसल्फेन चूलन पजडर छाप : 'श्री डान 4 प्रतिशत	IS : 43221967 .एण्डोसल्फेन बूलन पाउडर की विशिष्टि
7. सी एम/एल−4443 20-6-1975	0	कार्बेरिल घूलन पाउडर छाप : 'श्रीविन डस्ट'	IS: 71221973 कार्बेरिल घूलन पाउंदर की विशिष्टि

सी॰एम॰डी॰ 55: 4266 ए० के० गुप्ता, उप-महानिदेशक

# New Delhi, the 14th August, 1975

S.O. 2942.—In pursuance of sub-regulation (4) of regulation 14 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks), Regulations 1955 as amended from time to time, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that licences No. CM/L—4266, 4389, 4390, 4439, 4441, 4442 and 4443 particulars of which are given below have been cancelled with effect from 1 August 1975 due to change in the name of the firm :-

### SCHEDULE

Sl. No		Name and Address of the Licensee	Article/Process Governed by the Licensees Cancelled	Relevant Indian Standard
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1.	CM/L-4266 20-3-1975	Shree Enterprises, C-4, Industrial Estate, Warangal-7	BHC DP Brand:—'SHREE BHC 10% DP'	IS: 561-1972 Specification for BHC DP (Third Revision).
2.	CM/L-4389 23-5-1975	-do-	DDT Water dispersible powder concentrates Brand:—'SHREE DDT 50% WDF	1S: \$65—1961 Specification for DDT Water dispersible powder concentrates,
3.	CM/L-4390 23-5-1975	-do-	Endrin emulsifiable concentrates Brand:—'SHREE ENDRIN 20% EC'	IS: 1310—1958 Specification for endrin emulsifiable concentrates.
4.	CM/L-4439 16-6-1975	-do-	Malathion DP Brand;—'SHREE MALATHION'	IS: 2568—1973 Specification for malathion DP (First Revision).
5.	CM/L-4441 20-6-1975	·do-	DDT EC Brand:—SHREE To L	IS: 633—1956 Specification for DDT EC
6.	CM/L1442 20-6-1975	-do-	Endosulphan DP Brand:—'SHREEDAN 4% DUST	IS: 4322—1967 Specification for Endosulphan DP
7.	CM/L-4443 20-6-1975	-do-	Carbaryl DP Brand:—'SHREEVIN DUST'	IS: 7122-1973 Specification for Carbaryl DP

शिक्षा तथा ममाज कत्याण मन्नालय

(शिक्षाः विभाग)

नई दिल्ली, 22 ग्रगस्त, 1975

का० ग्रा० 2943.— केन्द्रीय मिथिल सेवा वर्गीकरण, नियलण भीर भ्रणील) नियम, 1965 के नियम 34 के साथ पढे जाने वाले नियम 9 के उप नियम (2), नियम 12 के उप नियम 2 के खण्ड (ख) तथा नियम 24 के उप नियम (1) द्वारा प्रदत्न शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, राष्ट्रपति एतद्द्वारा भारत सरकार के भूतपूर्व शिक्षा मलालय की मिथिस्वना संख्या एस० ग्रो० 2509 दिनाक 10 मक्तूवर, 1960 में निम्नलिखित भीर प्रधिक संशोधन करते हैं, ग्रथित --

उक्त ग्रधिसूचना की ग्रनुसूची में ----

(1) भाग-2 सामान्य केन्द्रीय सेवा, श्रणी-3,

"राष्ट्रीय स्वस्थता कोर निदेशालय' के सामने वर्तमान प्रवि-ष्टियो के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित प्रविष्टिया प्रतिस्थापित की जाएँगी, मर्थात ---

"उप-मचिव/उप-शिक्षा सलाहकार, राष्ट्रीय स्वस्थता कोर, समापन मैण,

िशिक्षा तथा समाज कल्याण मन्नालय (शिक्षा विभाग) "।

(2) भाग-2 सामान्य केन्द्रीय सेवा श्रणी-4,

"राष्ट्रीय स्थस्थता कीर निदेशालय' के कालम-2 के अन्तर्गत, वर्तमान प्रविष्टियो के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित प्रविष्टिया प्रतिस्थापित की जाएंगी, अर्थात् --

ें उप-सचिव/उप शिक्षाः सलाहकार, राष्ट्रीय स्वस्थता कोर, समापन सैल, शिक्षाः तथा समाज कल्याण मत्नालय, (शिक्षा विभाग) "।

> [स॰ सी॰ 11011/1/75-एन॰ एफ॰ सी॰] (कुमारी) पी॰ एस॰ शकुन्तला, प्रवर सचिव

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SOCIAL WFLFARE (Department of Education)

New Delhi, the 22nd August, 1975

S.O. 2943.—In exercise of the powers conferred by subrule (2) of rule 9, clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 12 and sub-rule (1) of rule 24, read with rule 34, of the Central Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1965, the President hereby makes the following further amendments in the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Education, (No S.O. 2509, dated the 10th October, 1960, namely:—

In the Schedule to the said notification :-

- (1) in Part II—General Central Service, Class III, under Columns 2 and 3, for the entries against "National Fitness Corps Directorate", the following entries shall be substituted, namely:—
  - "Deputy Secretary/Deputy Educational Adviser, National Fitness Corps Closure Cell, Ministry of Education and Social Welfare (Department of Education)",
- (2) in Part II—General Central Service, Class IV, under columns 2 and 3, for the entries against "National Fitness Corps Directorate", the following entries shall be substituted, namely:—
  - "Deputy Secretary/Deputy Educational Adviser, National Fitness Corps Closure Cell, Ministry of Education and Social Welfare (Department of Education)".

[No. C. 11011/1/75-NFC] (MISS) P. S. SAKUNTALA, Under Secy.

विज्ञान भीर प्रौद्योगिकी विभाग नई दिल्ली, 15 मई, 1975

का॰ ग्रा॰ 2944.—राष्ट्रपति, केन्द्रीय सिविल सेवा (वर्गीकरण, तियलण भीर अपील) तियस, 1965 के नियस 9 के उपित्यस (2), नियस 12 के उपित्यस (2) के खण्ड (ख) भीर नियस 24 के उपित्यस (1) क्षेरा प्रदल्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, भारत सरकार के भूतपूर्व वैज्ञानिक श्रनुसधान भीर सिक्तिक कार्य सवालय की मधिसूचना स॰ का॰ आ॰ 2054, तारीख 9 सितम्बर, 1959 में तिम्नलिखित और सणोधन करते हैं, भ्रथति --

उक्त ग्रधिसूचना मे,----

(क) "भाग 2--साधारण केन्द्रीय सेवा, वर्ग 3" शीर्षक और तद्धीन प्रविष्टियों के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित शीर्षक और प्रविष्टियों रखी जाती है, अर्थात --

"भाग-2-- साधारण केन्द्रीय सेका वर्ग 3

नियंक्ति प्राधिकारी शास्तया प्रधिरोपित करने के लिए सक्षम भपील प्राधिकारी सेवा का वर्णन प्राधिकारी ग्रीर ऐसी शास्तियां जो वह नियम 11 में की मद सख्याध्रों के प्रतिनिर्देश से भधरोपित कर सकता है प्राधिकारी शास्तिया 1 4 भारतीय बनस्पति विज्ञान सर्वेक्षण सभी पद (तकनीकी, वैज्ञानिक भौर अनुभविवीय) कार्यालयों के प्रधान कार्यालयों के प्रधान मभी सयुक्त निवेशक भारतीय प्राणी विज्ञान सर्वेक्षण मभी पद (तकनीकी, वैज्ञानिक और धनुसांचिवीय) कार्यालया के प्रधान कार्यालयों के प्रधान मभी ज्येष्ठ उप निवेशक"

(ख) "भाग 3--साधारण सेवा, वर्ग 4" शीर्षक भौर तब्धीन प्रविष्टियों के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित शीर्षक भीर प्रविष्टिया रखी जाती है, भ्रथीत .--

## "भाग 3--साधारण केन्द्रीय **सेवा, वर्ग** 4

शास्तियां प्रधिरोपित करने के लिए सक्षम सेवाका वर्णन निय्क्ति प्राधिकारी प्राधिकारी ग्रीर ऐसी शास्तियां जो यह (नियम 13 में की मद संख्याओं के प्रति-निर्देश से) अधिरोपित कर सकता है। प्राधिकारी भारतीय वनस्पति विज्ञान सर्वेक्षण सभी पद कार्यालयों के प्रधान संयुक्त निवेशक कार्यालयों के प्रधान सभी भारतीय प्राणी विज्ञान सर्वेक्षण कार्यालयों के प्रधान कार्यालयों के प्रधान

> [सं० 16-93/74-सर्वे० 3] महताम सिंह, उप सन्निम

#### DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

New Delhi, the 15th May, 1975

S.O. 2944.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 9, clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 12, and sub-rule (1) of rule 24, of the Central Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1965, the President hereby makes the following further amendments in the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Scientific Research and Cultural Affairs, No. S. O. 2054, dated the 9th September, 1959, namely:—

In the said notification,---

(a) for the heading Part II—General Central Service, Class III, and theentries the reunder, the following heading and entries shall be substituted, namely:—

### "Part-II General Central Service Class III

Description of Service	Appointing authority	Authority compete and penalities white reference to item n	se with	
		Authority	Penalities	
1	2	3	4	5
BOTANICAL SURVEY OF INI All posts (Technical, Scientific &	· · · · ·	Heads of Offices	All	Joint Director.
ZOOLOGICAL SURVEY OF II All posts (Technical, Scientific &		Heads of Offices	All	Senior Deputy Director."

(b) for the heading "Part III-General Service, Class IV" and the entries thereunder, the following heading and entries—shall be substituted, namely:—

## "Part III-General Central Service, Class IV

Description of Service	Appointing authority	Authority competen and penalties which reference to item num	Appellate authority	
	·	Authority	Penalties	-
BOTANICAL SURVEY OF INDIA: All posts ZOOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA:	Heads of Offices	Heads of Offices	All	Joint Director
All posts	Heads of Offices	Heads of Offices	All	Deputy Director"

[No. F 16-93/74-Sur-3] MAHTAB SINGH, Dy. Secy.

# कृषि भीर सिंचाई मंत्रालय (भ्राम विकास विभाग)

नई दिल्ली, 12 धगस्त, 1975

का० भा० 2945.—धिनया श्रेणीकरण भौर विह्नन नियम, 1964 में श्रीर संशोधन करने के लिए कतिपय नियमों का, जिन्हें केन्द्रीय सरकार, कृषि उपज (श्रेणीकरण भौर वि्हनन) अधिनियम, 1937 (1937 का 1) की धारा 3 द्वारा प्रदक्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, बनाने की प्रस्थापना करती है, निम्नलिखित प्रारूप, उक्त धारा की भपेक्षानुसार, उन सभी व्यक्तियों की जानकारी के लिए प्रकाशित किया जाता है जिनके उसके द्वारा प्रभावित होने की सम्भावना है और सूचना दी जाती है कि इस अधिसूचना के राजपन्न में प्रकाशन की तारीख से पैतालीस दिन की समाप्ति के पश्चात् उक्त प्रारूप पर विचार किया जाएगा।

उक्त प्रारूप नियमों की बाबत किसी भी व्यक्ति से, इस प्रकार विनिर्दिष्ट प्रवधि की समाप्ति से पूर्वप्राप्त किसी भी धाक्षेपों या सुझावों पर केन्द्रीय सरकार विचार करेगी ।

## नियमों का प्रारूप

- 1. इन नियमों का नाम धनिया श्रेणीकरण भीर चिह्नन (संशोधन) नियम, 1975 है।
- 2. धनिया श्रेणीकरण भीर चिह्नन नियम, 1964 में, विद्यमान भनुसूची 2 के स्थान पर निम्नलिखित भनुसूची रखी आएगी, भार्थात् :--"भनुसूची 2"

# धनिया के बीजों का श्रेणी नाम भीर क्वालिटी परिभाषा

श्रेणी नाम		विशेष लक्षण					
	*	विभक्त बीज (बजन में ग्रधिक- तम प्रतिशत)	हो चुकें बीज	सिकुड़े हुए घौर प्रपक्त बीज (बजन में प्रधिकतम प्रतिशत)			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
विशेष	1.5	10.00	1.00	1.00	10.00	धनियाके बीज इस प्रकार होंगे:~~	
<b>उत्तम</b>	3.00	20.00	2.00	2.00	10.00	(क) कोरिएंडम सैटाइवम एल के रूप में वानस्पति के रूप से ज्ञात पौधे के सुखाए गए परिपक्स फल,	
<b>मध्यम</b>	7.00	30.00	4.00	3.00	10.00	(ख) दृश्य फफ्दो, जीवित कीट प्रसन भीर हानिकारक बाह्य पदार्थ तथा फफ्दे- दार गन्ध्र से रहित, ग्रीर	
विभक्त	7.00	30 प्रतिशत से भिधक	4,00	3.00	10.00	(ग) किस्म/प्रकार के श्रिभिलक्ष- णिक श्रामाप, श्राकृति, स्वाव, रंग ग्रीर सौरभ के साधारणतः सस्प होंगे।	

# परिभागाएं :---

- 1. "बाह्य पदार्य" से चूल, मैल, पत्थर, मिट्टी, बृत, भूसा, तृण या कोई ग्रन्थ बाह्म पदार्थ ग्राभिन्नेत है ।
- 2. "विभक्त बीजों" से ऐसे फल श्रभिश्रेत है, जो लम्बाई में विभक्त हैं।
- 3. "अत हुए भीर काले हो चुके बीजों" से ऐसे फल या विभक्त फल मिभ्रेत हैं, जो अत हो गए या काले हो चुके हैं जिससे वस्तुनः क्वालिटी प्रभावित हुई है।
- 4. "कीट वैधित बीज" से ऐसे फल या विभक्त फल मिभिन्नेत हैं, जो घुनों या मन्य कीटों द्वारा श्रांशिक रूप से या पूर्ण रूप से वेधित कर दिए गए या जा लिए गए हैं।
- 5. "सिकुड़े हुए और अपक्ल बीज" से ऐसे फल अभिप्रेस हैं, जो पूर्णतया विकसित नहीं हुए हैं।

मिं० फ० 13-1/75-ए० एम०] भार० एन० बचली, प्रवर सचिव

## MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE & IRRIGATION

(Department of Rural Development)

New Delhi, the 12th Aug., 1975.

S.O.2995:-The following draft of certain rules further to amend the Corriander Grading and Marking Rules, 1964, which the Central Government proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Agricultural Produce (Grading and Marking) Act, 1937 (1 of 1937) is hereby published, as required by the said section, for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby; and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration after the expiry of forty five days from the publication of this notification in the Official Gazette.

Any objections or suggesstions which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft rules before the expiry of the period so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

### DRAFT RULES

- 1. These rules may be called the Coriander Grading and Marking (Amendment) Rules, 1975.
- 2. In the Coriander Grading and Marking Rules, 1964, for the existing Schedule II, the following Schedule shall be substituted, namely:-

# "SCHEDULE-II" GRADE DESIGNATION AND DEFINITION OF QUALITY OF CORIANDER SEEDS (DHANIA).

Grade designation				Specia	l Character	General Characteristics,			
		Extraneous matter (per (percentage by weight maximum)		percentage y weight	Damaged blackened seed and insect bored seeds (percentage by weight maximum)  Shrivelled and immautu seeds (percentage by weight maximum)		Moisture e (percent- age by weight maximum)		
1				2	3	4	5	6	7
Special				1.5	10.00	1.00	1.00	10.00	Coriander seeds shall be (a) the dried mature fruits of the plant botanically.
Good				3.00	20.00	2.00	2.00	10.00	known as Coriandrum sativum L.
Fair	•	•		7.00	30.00	4.00	3.00	10.00	(b) free from visible mould, live insect infestation and harmful foreign matter and musty odour, and
Splits	•	•	٠	7.00 Mo than 3 per cen	0	4.00	3.00	10.00	(c) shall generally conform to the characteristic size, shape, taste, colour and aroma of the variety/type.

Definitions:-- 1.

- "Extraneous matter" means dust, dirt, stones, earth, stalks, chaff, straw or any other foreign matter.
- "Splits Seeds" means fruits which have split longitudinally. 2.
- "Damaged and blackened Seeds" means fruits or split fruits, which are damaged or blackened, materially affecting 3. the quality.
- "Insect bored Seeds" means fruits or split fruit which are partially or wholly bored or eaten by weevils or other insect.
- "Shrirelled and immature Seeds" means fruits which are not properly developed".

[F. 13-1/75-A.M.] R. N. BAKSHI, Under Secy.

#### श्रम मंत्रालय

### मादेश

नई दिल्ली, 18 जुलाई, 1975

का० मा० 2946,---केन्द्रीय सरकार की राय है कि इस से उपायद ग्रनमुची में विनिदिष्ट विषयों के बारे में कोल माइन्स प्रयोरिटी लिमिटेड की खांद्रा कोलियरी की नाग कजोरा जामसाद यूनिट, डाकघर, उखरा, जिला वर्षवान के प्रबन्धतंत्र से सम्बद्ध नियोजकों भीर उनके कर्म-कारों के बीच एक भौद्योगिक विवाद विदयमान है :

न्त्रीर केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को न्यायनिर्णयम के लिए निर्देशित करना बांछनीय समझती है ;

भतः, भव, श्रौद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 10 की उप-धारा (1) के खण्ड (घ) क्वारा प्रदश्त सक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को उक्त प्रक्षिनियम की धारा 7-क के ग्रधीन गठिल केन्द्रीय सरकार भीकोगिक ग्रधिकरण, कल-कत्ता को न्यायनिर्णयन के लिए निर्वेशित करती है।

क्या कोल माइस्स अयोरिटी लिमिटेड की खांद्रा कोलियरी की नागकजोरा जामबाद युनिट डाकथर उखरा, जिला बर्दवान के प्रबन्धसंक्ष की इससे उपाबक मनसूची में उल्लिखित वैगन लोडरों को 13-12-1974 से नियो-जित करने से इन्कार करने की कार्रवाई न्यायीचित है ? यदि नहीं, सो उक्त कर्मकार किस अनुतोष के हकदार है ?

## मन्सूकी

कम सं॰			 	
कम <b>स</b> ञ	नाम			
1. श्री	ोसाई बोउरी			
2. श्री	लाटू बोउरी			
3. श्री	हरि दास बोउरी	<del>)</del>		

क्रम सं•	साम	क्रम सं∘ नाग	
	रोना बोउरी	54 श्री झोमी	
-	(धन बोउरी	55 श्री नीलमणि	
	वाल बोजरी	56 श्री कलाम् <b>ण</b>	
	।दिल बोजरी	5 <i>7.</i> श्री कलाबती	
	च्योजरी	58. श्री बालाई	
	ामुदेव बोउरी 	59 श्री वागी	
	म्कल बाकदी	60 श्री नरोन	
	ाकुल <b>बाव</b> की	61 श्री दानी मोउरी	
	गइपनि मामनी	62. श्री फुलमणि, माझी	
	ामेश्वर हरिजन 	63 श्री सुखादेव भुइया	
	।तिल बोउरी चोचरी	64 श्री श्री काली भुडया	
15 कुतुरी 16 श्री ग		65 श्री <b>इ</b> ष्ण भु <b>ड्</b> या	
	।।वारा शकाराम बोउरी	66 श्री <b>गु</b> त्र भुक्ष्मा	
	राजाराम चाउरा ोनी बोउरी}	67 श्री सोहागी भु <b>डमा</b>	
	(भद्राक्षोत्ररी	68 श्री रोपिक मिर्या	
-	त्मक्रापात्ररा स्दारानी <b>मो</b> उरी	69. श्री राष्ट्रे <b>भृहम</b> ा	
	त्यारामा नाउपा स्याचन्द्र नुनिया	70 श्री कालीपदा कोरा	
21 आ ६ 22. श्रीई	~	71 श्री विषमा भुद्रभा	
23 श्री <b>व</b>		72 श्री उषा बोउरी	
	ारू हार्याः गिंग् <mark>ली बोउ</mark> री	73 श्री मुदात भोजरी	
25 श्रीख	•	74 श्री कुणी बोउरी	
26. श्री <b>प</b>	•	75. श्री परमृसंकर यादय	
	[कानी मियां	76. श्री झुलमाई धिमल	
•	मजाम मिया	77. श्री कनाई गोरा 78. श्री सामक धिमल	
29 स्तान		78. आ सामक ।धमल 79. श्री हेमलाल गोडे	
30. चनेण्य		७७ श्री सहित्तर कमाल 80- श्री महित्तर कमाल	
31. श्री म	।शर्फीकोन्	८० आ भारताल ८१ श्री <b>धानु कू</b> ट	
32 श्रीपू		82 श्री फिक्सी कुल्ल्	
33. श्रीर	विशक्षर बोउरी	83 श्री साबिह्नी तैली	
3.4. श्रीर्न	रिन गोउरी	84 श्री महिल्ला ठाकुर	
3 5. श्री मु	शोन धीकर	85. श्री चैतमाली केवट	
36. श्री ब्	दान याक्दी	86 श्री भुरीमाती कगोरे	
37. श्रीक	ालोमाहाली 🏻	87. श्री राजकुमारी केवट	
38. श्रीर्ध	रिन बोउरी	88. श्री जामुल तेली	
3.9. आसी गु		89. श्री मुकाइ तेली	
40. শ্ৰীক		90 <b>श्री जा</b> गली गोरा	
4.1 श्रीमे		91. श्री वैधमल केवट	
4.2. श्री वि	-	92 श्री रोम बालक प्रसाद	
	लाली बोउरी	93. श्री धर्मृराज	
	चराम लोहार	94 श्री छवि माहाली	
4.5, श्रीम		95 श्री बोजली माहाली	
	न्द्रबली बोउरित	96 श्री सित्रुगंजी मानी	
4.7. श्रीम		97. श्री छित्रि माझन	
48. श्री पा		98 श्री कोंसल्या माझी	
	ोडी राम राजको संस्थान	99. श्री पोयबाक्षी माहाली	
50. श्री <b>ध</b>		100 श्री सीवा राम	
51. भी रा 50. की रा			
52. श्रीन			
53. श्री 🥞	CH.		

S. No.

Name

## MINISTRY OF LABOUR

#### ORDER

New Delhi, the 18th July, 1975.

S. O. 2946:—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the management of Nag's Kajora Jambad Unit of Kandra Colliery of the Coal Mines Authority Limited Post Office Ukhra, District Burdwan and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed.

And whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (i) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Central Government Industrial Tribunal, Calcutta, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

Whether the action of the management of Nag's Kajora Jambad Unit of Kandra Colliery of the Coal Mines Authority Limited, Post Office Ukhra, District Burdwan, in refusing to employ the Wagon Loaders mentioned in the Annexure hereto, with effect from 13-12-1974, is justified? If not, to what relief are the said workmen entitled?

#### SCHEDULE

	SCHEDULE	57. '' Kalabati. 58. '' Balgi.	
S. No.	Name	59. "	Bashi.
3. 140.	Maine	60. ''	Naren.
1. Shri	Gosai Bouri.	61. ''	Dani Bouri.
2. **	Latu Bouri	62. ''	Fulmani Majhi
3. ''	Haridas Bouri	63. "	Sukhdev Bhuia.
4. ''	Sona Bouri	64. "	Kali Bhula.
5. "	Budhan Bouri.	65. ''	Krishna Bhuia.
6. ''	Probal Bouri.	66. ''	Sukra Bhuia.
7. "	Badal Bouri.	67. ''	Schagi Bhuia.
8. ''	Panchu Bouri.	68. "	Ropik Mia.
9. "	Basudev Bouri.	69. ''	Radhe Bhuia.
10. ''	Akal Bakdi.	70. ''	Kalipada Kora.
11. "	Nakul Badkhi.	71. ''	Dipsa Bhuia.
12. "	Baipati Bakdi.	72. ''	Usha Bouri.
13. "	Rameshwar Harijan.	73. ''	Sudat Bourl.
14. ''	Anil Bouri.	74. "	Khushi Bouri.
15. "	Kuturi Bouri.	75. ''	Paramasankar Yadav.
16. "	Gandhari.	76. ''	Jhulbhai Dhimal.
17. "	Sibaram Bouri.	77. <b>''</b>	Kanai Gora.
18. "	Boni Bouri.	78. ''	Samru Dhimal.
19. ''	Subhadra Bouri.	79. ''	Hemlal Gode.
20. ''	Nandarani Bouri.	80. ''	Sahittar Kamal.
21. "	Rupchand Muniya,	81. "	Dhanu Koot.
22. "	Iswar Dutta.	82. ''	Kichby Kullu
23. "	Ghatu Harijan.	83. "	Sabitri Teli.
24. "	Mongli Bouri.	84. ''	Ahilla Thakur.
25. "	Khodu Mia.	85. ''	Chaitmali Kewat.
26. ''	Amir Mia.	86. ''	Bhuribhati Gore.
27. "	Tufani Mia.	87. ''	Rajkumari Kewat.
28. ''	Ramjam Mla.	88. ''	Jamul Teli.
29. ''	Khan Mohammed,	8 <b>9</b> . ''	Bhukai Teli.
30. "	Dhaneswar Loha.	90. ''	Jangli Gora.
31. "	Asrafi Kanu.	91. ''	Baithmal Kewat.
32. "	Pucha Bouri.	92. ''	Rambalak Prasad.
33. "	Rabisankar Bouri.	93. ''	Dharmuraj.
34. ''	Niren Bouri.	94. ''	Chabi Mahali.
35. ''	Sushen Dhibar,	95. ''	Bejali Mahali.

B. 140.	14 Witte
36. "	Budan Bakdi.
37. ''	Kale Mahali
38, "	Dhiren Bouri
39. "	Gujra Kora
40. ''	Champa Bouri.
40. 41. ''	Gadi Bouri.
42. "	Bidu Bouri.
42. 43. ''	Dulali Bouri.
43. 44. ''	Pancharam Lohar.
44. 45. ''	Mahendra Modi.
45. 46. ''	Chandrabali Bowin.
1 47. ''	Nathan.
48.	Pachu.
49. <b>''</b>	
	Chodiram Rajoor
50. '' 51. ''	Dharamtaj.
- 1.	Sriram. Nandkishore.
52, '' 53 ''	Budhu.
<i>55.</i>	
274	Jhomri.
55. "	Nilamani. Kalamani.
56. ''	Kalabati.
57. '' 58. ''	Balgi.
59. "	Bashi.
60. "	Naren.
61. ''	Dani Bouri.
62. ''	Fulmani Majhi
63, "	Sukhdev Bhuia.
64. "	Kali Bhula.
65. ''	Krishna Bhuia.
66. ''	Sukra Bhuia.
67. ''	Schagi Bhuia.
68. "	Ropik Mia.
69. ''	Radhe Bhuia.
70. ''	Kalipada Kora.
71. ''	Dipsa Bhuia.
72. ''	Usha Bouri.
73. "	Sudat Bourl.
74. "	Khushi Bouri.
75. ''	Paramasankar Yadav.
76. "	Jhulbhai Dhimal.
77. <b>''</b>	Kanai Gora.
78. <b>''</b>	Samru Dhimal.
79. "	Hemlal Gode.
80. ''	Sahittar Kamal.
81. "	Dhanu Koot.
82. ''	Kichby Kullu
83. ''	Sabitri Teli.
84. "	Ahilla Thakur.
85. ''	Chaitmali Kewat.
86. ''	Bhuribhati Gore.
87. ''	Rajkumari Kewat.
88. ''	Jamul Teli. Bhukai Teli.
89. ''	
90. ''	Jangli Gora.  Baithmal Kewat.
71.	Rambalak Prasad.
92. '' 93. ''	Dharmuraj.
93. " 94. "	Dharmuraj. Chabi Mahali.
94. 95. ''	Bejali Mahali.
95.	Delan Malan.

S. No.	Name
96. <b>Sh</b> ri	Swigunji Majhi.
97. "	Chabi Majhan.
98. ''	Konasallya Majhi.
99, "	Paybashi Mahali,
100. ''	Sitaram.

[No. L-19011/1/75/DIIIB.]

#### श्रादेश

# नई दिल्ली, 23 जुलाई, 1975

का० आ० 2947, स्मिसं कालिया वावरी सीमेण्ट लिमिटेक, वर्षी दादरी, जिला भिवानी, हरियाणा के प्रबन्धतंत्र से सम्बद्ध नियोजकों और उनकी कंकर खवानों में नियोजित उनके कर्मकारों ने, जिनका प्रतिनिधिरव बालियां दादरी सीमेण्ट फेक्ट्री मेन्स यूनियन, चर्ची वावरी करती है, भौद्योगिक विवाद अधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 10 की उन्धारा (2) के अधीन संयुक्त रूप से केन्द्रीय सरकार को मावेदन किया है कि वह उनके बीच विद्यमान भौद्योगिक विवाद को उक्त धावेदन में उन्वर्णित भीर इससे उपाबद्ध धनुसूची में उद्षृत विध्यों के क्रिसे में किसी अधिकरण को निर्देणित करें;

भीर केस्प्रीय सरकार का समाधान हो गर्या है कि ग्राबेदन करने वाले व्यक्ति प्रत्येक पक्ष के बहुमत का प्रतिनिधित्व करते हैं;

भतः, भव, श्रींबोगिक विवाद श्रीधनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की द्वारा 10 की उप-धारा (2) द्वारा प्रदत्त गक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए केश्रीय सरकार एक श्रीबोगिक श्रीधकरण गठित करती है, जिसके पीठासीन श्रीधकारी श्री श्रो० पी० शर्मा होंगे, जिनका मुख्यालय फरीदाबाद में होगा श्रीर उक्त विवाद की उक्त श्रीधकरण को न्यायनिर्णयन के लिए निर्वेशित करती है।

#### ग्रनुसूची

उन स्पक्तियों, जिन्होंने शालिमया दावरी सीमेण्ट्स फैक्ट्री मेन्स यूनियन, वर्षी दावरी के साथ तारीख 5 धगस्त, 1969 को हुए समझौते के धनुसार कार्यभार प्रहुण किया धीर उन व्यक्तियों, जो उक्त समझौते से पहले से ही कार्य कर रहे थे, के बीच परस्पर अ्येष्ठता क्या होनी चाहिए और उन श्रमिकों की, जिन्होंने तारीख 5 धगस्त, 1969 के समझौते के धनुसार कार्य-भार ग्रहण किया है, पिछली बेतन बुद्धियां, यदि कोई हों, क्या होनी चाहिएं?

संख्या एल-29011/74/74-एल० भार०-4/डी.भो-3 बी]

#### ORDER

## New Delhi, the 23rd July, 1975

S.O. 2947.—Whereas the employees in relation to the management of Messrs Dalmia Dadri Cement Limited, Charkhl Dadri, District Bhiwani, Haryana, and their workmen employed in their Kankar quarries represented by Dalmia Dadri Cement Factory Men's Union, Charkhi Dadri, have jointly applied to the Central Government under sub-section (2) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), for reference to a Tribunal of an industrial dispute that exists between them in respect of the matters set orth in the said application and reproduced in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And whereas the Central Government is satisfied that the persons applying represent the majority of each party; Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby constitutes an Industrial Tribunal with Shri O. P. Sharma as

Presiding Officer, with headquarters at Faridabad and refers the said dispute for adjudication to the said Tribunal.

#### THE SCHEDULE

What should be the interse seniority amongst those who joined the work in pursuance of the Settlement dated the 5th August, 1969 entered into with Dalmia Dadri Cements Factory Men's Union, Charkhi Dadri and those who were already working prior to the said Settlement and what should be the past increments, if any, to workers who have joined in pursuance of the Settlement dated the 5th August, 1969?

[No. L-29011/74/74-LRIV/D. OIIIB]

#### भादेश

का० आ० 2948—केन्द्रीय सरकार की राम है कि इससे उपाबद धनुसूची में विनिद्धिष्ट विषयों के बारे में श्री गोपी लाल खान स्वामी, श्रापिंग सेण्टर, कोटा, जिला बूंदी, राजस्थान की बुधपुरा बलुझा परयर की खान के प्रबन्धतंत्र से सम्बद्ध नियोजकों भीर उनके कर्मकारों के बीच एक ग्रीचोगिक विवाद विध्यान है;

ग्रीर केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को न्यायनिर्णयन के लिए निर्वेशित करना बोछनीय समझती है;

अतः, श्रव, भौद्यौगिक विवाद श्रीधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का. 14) की खारा 10 की उप-धारा (,1) के खण्ड (ध) द्वारा प्रदल्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को उक्त धिधिनियम की धारा 2क के धिधीन गठित केन्द्रीय सरकार श्रीद्यौगिक धिधकरण, जबलपुर को न्यायनिर्णयम के लिए निर्देशित करती है।

## **ग्रनुसू**ची

क्या श्री गोपीलाल पुत्र श्री प्रहलाद राय ध्रमवाल, कापिना सेन्टर, कोटा, बूंदी जिला राजस्थान की बुद्धपुरा बलुधा पत्यर की खाम में नियोजित कर्मकार, किन्हीं सबेतन राष्ट्रीय धीर स्वीहारी ध्रक्काश-विनों की मंजूरी के हकदार हैं? यदि हां, तो किन ध्रवकाश-दिनों के लिए धीर किस वर्ष से?

[संख्या एल-29011/49/75--- जी-3 बी]

# ORDER

S.O. 2948.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the management of Budhpura Sand Stone Mine of Shri Gopilal Mine Owner, Shopping Centre, Kota, District Bundi, Rajasthan, and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Central Government Industrial Tribunal, Jabalpur, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

## THE SCHEDULE

Whether the workmen employed in Budhpura Sand Stone Mine of Shri Gopilal, son of Shri Prahalad Rai Agarwal, Shopping Centre, Kota in the District of Bundi, Rajasthan, are entitled for grant of any paid national and festival holidays? If so, for what holidays and from which year?

[No. L-29011/49/75/D. III.B]

का॰ शा॰ 2949. — केन्द्रीय सरकार की राय है कि इससे उपावद्य भनुसूची में विनिद्धिट विषयों के बारे में मैसर्स चयपुरिया चाइना क्ले माइन्स (प्राइवेट) लिमिटेड की रेकामन चाइना क्ले माइन्स (प्राइवेट) निर्मिटेड, 4 गगेश चन्द्र एवेन्यू, कलकला के प्रबन्धतंत्र से सम्बद्ध नियोजकों भौर उनके कर्मकारों के बीच एक भीचीशिक विवाद विज्ञान है;

भीर केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को न्यायनिर्णयन के लिए निर्दे-मित करना वांछनीय समझती है;

भत, भन, भीवोगिक विवाद भिधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 10 की उप-धारा (1) के खण्ड (ध) द्वारा प्रवस शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को उक्त भिधिनियम की धारा 7क के भीधीन गठित केन्द्रीय सरकार भीवोगिक भिधकरण (संख्या 2) धनवाद को न्यायनिर्णयन के लिए निर्देशित करती है।

### धनुसूची

क्या मैंससं जयपुरिया चाइना क्ले माइन्स (प्राइवेट) लि०, की रेकामन चाइना क्ले माइन्स (प्रा०) लि०, कलकत्ता के प्रबन्धतंत्र का, श्री रेन्सोहेम्बम, भूतपूर्व पस्प खलासी को 11-4-1975 से सेवा से हटाना न्यायोजित था? यदि नहीं तो उक्त कर्मकार किस अनुतोष का हकदार है?

[संख्या एल-29011/94/75-जी० भ्रो० अगी]

#### ORDER

S.O. 2949.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the management of Raikaman China Clay Mines (Private) Limited of Messrs Jaipuria China Clay Mines (Private) Limited, 4 Ganesh Chandra Avenue, Calcutta and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Central Government Industrial Tribunal (No. 2), Dhanbad constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

## **SCHEDULE**

Whether the management of Raikaman China Clay Mines (Private) Limited of Messrs Jaipuria China Clay Mines (Private) Limited, Calcutta was justified in removing from service Shri Renso Hembram Ex-Pump Khalasi with effect from 11-4-1975? If not, to what relief is the said workman entitled?

[No. L-29011/94/75-D.O. IIIB]

#### प्रादेश

## नई दिस्सी, 24 जुलाई, 1975

का॰ बा॰ 2950.—केन्द्रीय सरकार की राय है कि इससे उपायद प्रमुख्यों में विनिर्दिष्ट विषयों के बारे में मैसर्स मॉल इण्डिया स्टोन कम्पनी की माल पहाड़ी मजूरकोला स्टोन माइन, पाकुर के प्रबन्धतंत्र से सम्बद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों केबीच एक ब्रीबोगिक विवाद विद्यमान है; भीर केश्वीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को न्यायनिर्णयन के लिए निर्देशित करना वांछनीय समझती है;

मत, मन, भौषोगिक विवाद मिश्रिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 10 की उप-धारा (1) के खण्ड (घ) द्वारा प्रदेस मिलियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को उक्त प्रधिनियम की धारा 7क के मधीन गठित केन्द्रीय सरकार भौषोगिक अधिकरण संख्या 2, धनवाद को न्यायनिर्णयन के लिए निर्वेषित करता है।

### धमुसूची

क्या मैसर्स धाँस इंडिया स्टोन कम्पनी की मास पहाड़ी मजूर-कीला स्टोन माइन, पाकुर के प्रबन्धतंत्र की, मालपहाड़ी मजूरकोला स्टोन माइन्स में श्री श्याम कुनाई, मशीन मजदूर की सेवाएं, 27 जनवरी, 1975 से समाप्त करने की कार्रवाई न्यायोचित है? यदि नहीं, तो उक्त कर्मकार, किस धनुतोष का हकदार है?

> [सं॰ एल-29011/93/75/बी-3 बी] [एस॰ एच॰ एस॰ ग्रन्थर, ग्रनुभाग ग्रोधकारी] (विशेष)

#### ORDER

New Delhi, the 24th July, 1975

**S.O.** 2950.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the management of Malpahari Majoorkola Stone Minc of Messrs All India Stone Company, Pakur, and their workman in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Central Government Industrial Tribunal, No. 2 Dhanbad, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

#### **SCHEDULE**

Whether the action of the management of Malpahari Majoorkola Stone Mine of Messrs All India Stone Company, Pakur in terminating the services of Shri Shyama Kunai, Machine Mazdoor, in the Malpahari Majoorkola Stone Mine with effect from 27th January, 1975 is justified? If not, to what relief is the said workman entitled?

[No. L-29011/93/75/DIIIB] S. H. S. IYER, Section Officer (Spl.)

#### भावेश

## नई विरुली, 21 जुलाई, 1975

का॰ बा॰ 2951. — केन्द्रीय सरकार की राय है कि इससे उपायक अनुसूची 1 में विनिर्विष्ट मोर्नगोद्यों बन्दरगाह (गोद्या), में स्थिति 12 नौ-भारकों के प्रबन्धतंश्व से सम्बद्ध नियीजकों भीर उनके कर्मकारों के बीच इससे उपायक अनुसूची 2 में विनिर्विष्ट विषयों के बारे में एक भोद्योगिक विवाद विद्यमान है;

ग्रीर केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को स्यायिनिर्णयन के लिए निर्वेशित करना वांश्वनीय समझती है; भतः, भवः, भौधोगिक विवाद मिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की घारा 10 की उपधारा (1) के खण्ड (भ) द्वारा प्रवस्त यक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को उक्त मिनियम की घारा 7क के मधीन गठित केन्द्रीय सरकार भौधोगिक मधिकरण संख्या 2, मस्यई को स्यायनिर्णयन के लिए निर्देशित करती है।

## पनुस्वी-1

- (1) मैससं एजेंसिया कामश्रियल मरिटिमा, वास्को-बा-गामा (गोधा)।
- (2) मैसर्स एजेंसिया भ्रस्ट्रामंदिना प्राइवेट लिमिटेक, वास्को-डा-गामा (गोझा)।
- (3) मैसर्स चौगूल अवसं, मोर्मुगोवा बन्वरगाहर (गोमा)।
- (4) नैसर्स वामोदर मंगलजी एण्ड कम्पनी (प्राइवेट) लिमिटेड), वास्को-डा-गामा (गोधा)।
- (5) मैसमं एंशेसबाकों पेरीरा एण्ड सन्स वास्क्री-बा-गामा (गो।का)।
- (6) मैंसर्स माखादो एप्ड संस, एजेन्टस एप्ड स्टीजिडोर्स प्रा० लि० वास्को-डा-गामा (गोझा)।
- ं (७) मैसर्स गोसालिया शिपिंग प्रा० शि०, वास्को-बा-गामा (गोधा)
- (8) मैसर्स लिमा सिटाम्रों एण्ड कम्पनी, मोर्मुगोवा बन्दरगाह (गोभा) ।
- (9) मैं सर्व मोर्मुगाव नाबेगादोरा लिमिटेड, बास्को-डा-गामा (गोघा)।
- (10) मैसर्स राजाराम बी॰ रेडिज, बास्को-डा-गामा (गोमा) ।
- (11) मैं ससँ बी॰ एम॰ सालगाझोकर एण्ड ब्रदर्स प्रा॰ सि॰, वास्को-बा-गामा (गोमा)।
- (12) मैसर्स वी॰ एस॰ डेम्पो एण्ड कम्पनी प्राइवेट लिमिटेड, मोर्मु-गाव बन्दरगाह (गोगा)।

#### **धनुस्त्री-2**

- (क) क्या धनुसूची-1 में विनिर्विष्ट मोमुंगाव बन्दरगाह के नौभरकों का धपने मुख्य फोरमेनों, फीरमेनों, सहायक फोरमेनों, पर्यवेक्फ्रों, लिपिकों भौर शोबल रक्षकों को विदयां सप्लाई न करना न्यायोचित है? यदि नहीं, तो संबंधित कर्मकार किस धनुतोय के हकदार हैं?
- (ख)) क्या अनुसूची 1 में उल्लिखित मोर्मुगाव बन्दरगाह के नौ नौभरकों की अपने मुख्य फोरमेनों, फोरमेंनो, सहायक फोरमेंनों पर्यवेक्षकों टैलीलिपकों को जब वे विश्राम अविधि के दौरान शिकायत कार्यविधि के लिए पूल कार्यालय में उपस्थित होने के लिए बुलाए जाते हैं, अतिकालिक भत्ता और सवारी खर्च संदत्त न करना न्यायोजित है यदि नहीं, तो सम्बन्धित कर्मकार किस अनुतोष के हकवार हैं?

[सं॰ एल-36011(4) 75-की-4(ए)]

#### **ORDER**

New Delhi, the 21st July, 1975

S.O. 2951.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the management of 12 Stevedores at Mormugoa Harbour (Goa) specified in the Schedule I annexed hereto and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule II hereto annexed;

And whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial

Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Central Government Industrial Tribunal No. 2, Bombay constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

#### THE SCHEDULE I

- Messrs Agencia Commercial Maritima, Vasco-da-Gama (Goa).
- Messrs Agencia Ultramarina Private Limited, Vascoda-Gama (Goa).
- 3. Messrs Chowgule Brothers, Mormugoa Harbour (Goa).
- 4. Messrs Damodar Mangalji and Company (Private) Limited, Vasco-da-Gama (Goa).
- Messrs Elesbao Pereira and Sons, Vasco-da-Gama (Goa).
- Messrs Machado and Sons, Agents and Stevedores Private Limited, Vasco-da-Gama (Goa).
- Messrs Gosalia Shipping Private Limited, Vasco-da-Gama (Goa).
- Messrs Lima Leitao and Company, Mormugoa Harbour (Goa).
- Messrs Mormugoa Navegadora Limited, Vasco-da-Gama (Goa).
- 10. Messrs Rajaram V. Redij, Vasco-da-Gama (Goa).
- Messrs V. M. Salgaocar and Brothers Private Limited, Vasco-da-Gama (Goa).
- Messrs V. S. Dempo and Company Private Limited, Mormugoa Harbour (Goa).

#### SCHEDULE II

- (a) Whether the Stevedores of Mormugoa Harbour specified in Schedule I are justified in not supply uniforms to their Chief Foremen, Foremen, Assistant Foremen, Supervisors, Tally Clerks and Showel Keepers? If not, to what relief are the concerned workmen entitled?
- (b) Whether the Stevedores of Mormugoa Harbour mentioned in Schedule I are justified in not paying overtime allowance and conveyance charges to their Chief Foremen, Foremen, Assistant Foremen, Supervisors and Tally Clerks when they are required to attend the Pool Office for grievance procedure during the period of their rest? If not, to what relief are the concerned workmen entitled?

[No. L-36011(4)/75-D-IV(A)]

# New Delhi, the 19th August, 1975

S.O. 2952.—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby published the following award of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal, Calcutta in the industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Messrs Armen George and Company (Private) Limited, Calcutta and their workmen, which was received by the Central Government on the 14th August, 1975.

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL AT CALCUTTA

PRESENT :-

SHRI E. K. MOIDU . . . PRESIDING OFFICER.
Reference No. 11 of 1975

#### PARTIES:

Employers in relation to the management of Messrs
Armen George and Company (Private) Limited,
Calcutta.

### AND

## THEIR WORKMEN

#### APPEARANCES:

On behalf of Employers:— Shri B. N. Ash. Advocate.
On behalf of Workmen:— Shri H. L. Roy, Advocate.
State: West Bengal

INDUSTRY: Port & Dock

#### AWARD

By Order No. L-32012/19/74-PD/CMT/D-IV (A) dated 25th January, 1975, the Government of India, Ministry of Labour, referred an industrial dispute existing between the employers in relation to the management of Messrs Armen George and Company (Private) Limited, Calcutta, and their workmen, to this Tribunal for adjudication. The reference reads as follows:—

- "Whether the termination of services of Shri Santosh Kumar Mukherjee, 'Zetty Clerk' employed under Messrs Armen George and Company (Private) Limited from 19-7-1974 is justified? If not, to what relief is he entitled?"
- 2. The workman contended that his services had been terminated without any valid reason with effect from 19-7-1974 while he was working as a Zetty clerk under the management and, therefore, he states that he should be reinstated in service.
- 3. The management, on the other hand, contended that the union which espoused the cause of the workman had no representative character and that the workman's dispute had been permanently settled on 9-1-1975 on payment of his arrears of wages, gratuity, etc. in the presence of Shri M. L. Sen Gupta, Referee, West Bengal Shops & Establishment, when the workman's application for wages came up for consideration. So, according to the management, there is no industrial dispute in existence to be adjudicated upon.
- 4. The reference came up for hearing today. The Advocate of the workman filed an application for adjournment. That application has been dismissed by a separate order of today's date. The workman and the union are, therefore, declared ex-parte. The Advocate however did not participate in the proceeding. In the absence of the Union Secretary as well as the workman the employer's Agent was examined as witness. He proved the employer's case against the workman. He produced Ext. M-4, receipts under which a total sum of Rs. 2,728.76 P. was paid to the workman in full settlement or acceptance of the termination of his service with effect from 20th July, 1974. The workman had affixed his signatures on all these receipts. The settlement is also the subjectmatter of Ext. M-5 letter addressed to Sri M. L. Sengupta, Referee. Ext. M-2 is the application and Ext. M-3 is the summons issued to the employers by the Referee, West Bengal Shops & Establishment. It was when the petition came up for hearing that the settlement was arrived at. There is no evidence contrary to the evidence of the employer's agent. His evidence has, therefore, to be accepted. It is to be held on the basis of the evidence that the dispute with the workman had been fully and finally settled on his acceptance of termination of service with effect from 20-7-1974. There is, therefore, no industrial dispute to be adjudicated upon in this reference.
- 5. In the result, the settlement of the industrial dispute with the workman having been established in the case the reference is rejected.

Dated, Calcutta, The 7th August, 1975.

E. K. MOIDU, Presiding Officer.

[No. L. 32012/19/74-P&D/CMT/D.IV (A)]

New Delhi, the 20th August, 1975

S.O. 2953.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal, Bombay in the industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Bombay Port Trust, Bombay and their workmen, which was received by the Central Government on the 19th August, 1975.

# BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL, BOMBAY

Reference No. CGIT-2 of 1973

PARTIES:

Employers in relation to the Bombay Port Trust, Bombay,
AND

Their Workmen

APPEARANCES:

For the Employers—Shri R. K. Shetty, Legal Adviser with Shri R. S. Bhate, Jr. Asstt. Legal Adviser, B.P.T.

For the Workmen-Dr. S. Maitra and Shri V. R. Balgi, General Secretary, B.P.T. General Workers' Union.

PRESENT:

Shri S. K. Shetye, General Secretary, B.P.T. Employees' Union.

STATE: Maharashtra.

INDUSTRY: Major Ports and Docks.

Bombay, dated 15th July, 1975

#### AWARD

The Government of India, Ministry of Labour and Rehabilitation, Department of Labour and Employment have by their order No. L-31011/1/73/P&D dated 24th April, 1973 made in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of subsection (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, referred to this Tribunal for adjudication an industrial dispute existing between the employers in relation to the management of Bombay Port Trust, Bombay and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the following schedule:

#### **SCHEDULE**

- "1. Having regard to the fact that the selection has to be made on the basis of seniority-cum-suitability, whether the manner in which selection was made by the Bombay Port Trust management to the posts of Mobile Crane Supervisor (Operative) was fair and proper?
- 2. Whether the claim that the conversion of posts of Mobile Crane Driver, Grade II into those of Mobile Crane Supervisor (Operative) had curtailed the promotional opportunities available to Mazdoors and, therefore, it was illegal to have effected the conversion without issuing a notice of change under section 9A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, is correct?"
- 2. After the receipt of the reference, notices were issued to the parties for filing their respective statements. The B.P.T. General Workers' Union by its statement of claim has submitted that by a Resolution No. WB-21(7)/69 dated 28-3-70 the Government of India, Ministry of Labour, Employment and Rehabilitation (Department of Labour and Employment) decided that the unanimous and majority recommendations of the Wage Board on matters covered by its terms of reference should be accepted subject inter alia to the following:
  - "Any existing anomalies regarding the pay scales of employees of various Ports and also such other anomalies/difficulties that may arise in the course of the implementation of the new wage structure evolved by the Wage Board in the first instance be discussed informally between the parties and settled at the Port level. The Government will consider the question of setting up suitable Bi-Partite or Tri-Partite machinery for dealing with any issues that remain unresolved."
- 3. Consequent to this decision the Unions had submitted various anomalies and the Bombay Port Trust Employees' Union had raised the question of anomalies regarding the Mobile Crane Driver's scale of pay of Gr. I and Gr. II and claimed that the Wage Board had created an anomaly by prescribing a lower scale of pay for the mobile crane drivers. The demand of the B.P.T. Employees' Union was that the scale of pay for mobile crane drivers Grade II and Grade I should be as follows:

Grade II-Rs. 150-4-170-5-195-EB-6-225-7-281.

Grade I-Rs. 170-5-190-8-270-10-300-EB-10-330-12-366.

4. The B.P.T. General Workers' Union has stated that there are in all 92 mobile crane drivers grade II and 90 mobile crane drivers grade I. It is the case of the mobile crane drivers that the duties and responsibilities and qualifications needed by the drivers grade I and II are same except the fact that grade I drivers are given a training for a month to operate forklifts having a capacity of 3-1/2 tons and above and mobile cranes having 3-1/2 tones to 15 tones capacity. According to this union the training of one month can easily be given to all mobile crane drivers and therefore there was no need for having two distinct categories of Gr. I and II. The Union has stated that the mobile crane drivers are of opinion that the two cadres of grade I and II should be abolished and there can be one cadre mobile crane driver with the scale of pay of Rs. 170-5-190-8-270-10-300-EB-10-330-12-366. This has been claimed by it before the Anomaly Committee also. It is the case of the B.P.T. General Workers' Union that as the above demand had the backing of almost the entire strength of the mobile crane drivers the Port Trust Administration decided to deny the drivers their rightful claim and engineered a settlement between the Port Trust and the B.P.T. Employees union. According to the B.P.T. General Workers' Union the B.P.T. Employees' Union had not entered into the agreement officially or legally. It is further submitted that the settlement was not arrived at under Rule 58 of the Industrial Disputes (Central). Pulse and therefore agree to Industrial Disputes (Central) Rules and therefore cannot be considered as a memorandum of settlement under the Industrial Disputes Act binding on mobile crane drivers. Thereafter the Trustees passed a Resolution No. 671 dated 2-5-1972 by which it was decided to create 11 posts of mobile crane supervisor (operative) in the scale of Rs. 170—290. Then on the 15th July 1972 the Diesel Engineer informed the mobile crane drivers by a notice that persons should apply for the create of Mobile Crane Supervisor in the grade of Re. 170, 190 post of Mobile Cranc Supervisor in the grade of Rs. 170-190. It is further stated that several notices were issued in August and September, 1972 calling upon the mobile crane drivers to appear before the Selection Committee for interview for the post of mobile crane driver, supervisor (operative). It is alleged that the examination of mobile crane drivers and the interview for the post of mobile crane driver supervisor (operative) was not considered to have been conducted justly and fairly, in consequence of which the Secretary, Transport and Dock Workers' Union made a representation to the Chief Mechanical Engineer with a copy to the Personnel Officer, Bombay Port Trust. It is also alleged that after the selections were made the In-charge of the Mobile Crane Section Shri Q. H. Taufiq had held interviews. Some of those who had been selected by the Selection Committee were it is stated disapproved by Shri Taufiq as the persons selected had not the approval of the B.P.T. Employees Union. Therefore after the B.P.T. General Workers' Union demanded the cancellation of the promotions already made and to start the cancellation of the promotions already made and to start discussions with this union to determine whether the posts of mobile crane supervisor (operative) were at all required. The mobile crane drivers thereafter started direct action, and the Port Trust had requested the Regional Labour Commissioner to take the dispute in conciliation. It was recorded by the Port Trust that the B.P.T. General Workers' Union had made a demand that promotions to posts of mobile crane supervisor (operative) should be cancelled. The union has asserted that it is an undeniable fact that it is the mazdoors working with the maintenance and repairing staff who alone are able to enter the channel of driver mechanic, assistant chargeman and chargeman and mazdoors working with the crane drivers are able to aspire for the post of crane driver grade II, Driver Grade I and heavy lift crane driver. Under the TR under reference it was decided that with the creation the T.R. under reference it was decided that with the creation of the posts of mobile crane driver Gr. II will be abolished. The union has further submitted that it was mandatory that before passing the resolution T.R. No. 671 of 2-5-1972 the Chairman, Bombay Port Trust should have notified the proposals on the notice board in the language understood by the majority of the mobile crane staff and called for objections, if any, to the proposals. It is the case of the union that no such action was taken, and the action of the Port Trust in reducing the promotional opportunities of the mazdoors to the extent of the number of mobile crane supervisors (operative) created violating the requirements of section 9(a) of the Industrial Disputes Act. The union has further submitted that the creation of the posts of mobile crane supervisors (operative) is an attempt to deny to the mobile crane drivers their rightful claim before the Anomaly Committee that has been appointed by the Government of India. The union has in conclusion prayed that considering the fact that higher scale of pay for the drivers is being sought before the Anomaly Committee it was not at all necessary to create the posts of mobile crane supervisor (operative). It has sub-

mitted that considering all the facts including the fact that Shri Taufiq held a special interview the selection made for the posts of mobile crane drivers (supervisor) was not fair and proper and should therefore be revoked with effect from the date from which the promotions were given to the individuals; that the abolition of equivalent number of posts of mobile crane driver grade II reduces the promotional opportunities of the mazdoors of the mobile crane section and therefore it was not legal or correct to introduce the change without meeting the requirements of section 9(a) of the Industrial Disputes Act and should, therefore, be revoked from the date from which the posts of mobile crane supervisor (operative) were created. It is finally submitted that as the mobile crane driver Grade II and grade I are opposed to the creation of the posts of mobile crane supervisor (operative) there is need to abolish the said posts from the date on which they were created to ensure industrial peace.

- 5. The Bombay Port Trust in their written statement have submitted that arising out of a demand made by the B.P.T. Employees' union an agreement was arrived at on 29th April, 1972 between the Bombay Port Trust and the Bombay Port Trust Employees Union to convert the 15 Posts of mobile crane driver grade II into those of mobile crane supervisors (operative) and to fill the latter posts from among the heavy lift crane drivers and mobile crane drivers in the mobile crane section on the basis of seniority-cum-suitability the suitability being determined by an appropriate test to be prescribed by the Chief Mechanical Engineer, Bombay Port Trust. It is further stated that by Resolution No. 671 dated 2nd May, 1972 the employers also approved of the proposal to create the said posts of mobile crane supervisor (operative) as agreed with the B.P.T. Employees' Union. The agreement provided for the creation of 15 posts of mobile crane supervisors (operative) in lieu of an equivalent number of posts of mobile crane drivers grade II with a proviso that so long as two shift working was in force only 11 posts were to be upgraded. Applications were invited and tests were taken and eight were selected and appointed to the post of mobile crane supervisor (operative) with effect from 9-10-1972. This was objected to by the B.P.T. General Workers' Union which has led to the present reference.
- 6. It is submitted that the scales of pay of mobile crane drivers grade I and grade II have been fixed after careful examination of the duties and responsibilities attached to the posts and if the union is seeking to have them revised on grounds of anomaly it is at liberty to do so before the Committee constituted for the purpose. It is averred that the agreement with the B.P.T. Employees' Union is legal as that union represented the mobile crane drivers. Applications were called for the posts of mobile crane supervisor operative and 32 candidates showed willingness to appear for interview and after the interview only 8 candidates were found suitable against the 11 vacancies of mobile crane supervisor (operative). The Diesel Engineer, Mobile Crane Section, also stated that of the 7 mobile crane drivers grade II who had applied only 4 were found suitable. It was felt that the poor response to appearing for the selection might have been due to the fact that the drivers for promotion as supervisors were not eligible for piece-rate carnings. It was considered that if the mobile crane drivers Grade II were promoted as supervisors they would not be able to discharge their responsibility efficiently as they had no experience or opportunity of operating the mobile cranes, which is available to the drivers, grade I and drivers, heavy lift and therefore they will not be able to efficiently supervise and exercise control over the crane drivers, grade I and heavy lift crane drivers or to take decisions where they have to deal with situations involving break-downs/accidents to mobile cranes.
- 7. Regarding the allegations made about Shri Taufiq it is stated that Shri Taufiq had certain doubts to clear in respect of the selections that were to be made for the post of mobile crane supervisors (operative) and it was for this reason that Shri Taufiq did not take part in the conclusions arrived at by the committee. The Port Trust has denied the allegation that the second interview was held at the instance of the Secretary, B.P.T. Employees' Union with a view to ensure that only the persons approved by the union are selected for the posts of mobile crane supervisors (operative). It is stated that all the mazdoors of he section have a common seniority and can aspire for promotion to any of the higher posts available in the mobile crane section provided they have requisite minimum qualification and pass the prescribed test. It is the case of the employers that with the creation of posts of mobile crane supervisors (operative) and the surrender

of an equivalent number of posts of mobile crane driver IGrade II, the total number of promotional posts has remained unaltered and since all the mazdoors have a common seniority, the claim by the union that their promotional opportunities have been curtailed is not borne out by the facts and in fact contrary to facts. It is the case of the employers that the simultanous creation of 11 posts of mobile crane supervisor (operative) and abolition of mobile crane driver Grade II in the Mobile Crane Section they introduced no change in the conditions of service attracting the provisions of section 9A read with the fourth Schedule of the In-dustrial Disputes Act, 1947. It is further contended that creation of additional promotional opportunities does not creation of additional promotional opportunities does not amount to change and without prejudice it is submitted that a notice is required to be given only if the employers make any adverse change. It is further submitted that even assuming that a notice of change was necessary the letter of the B.P.T. No. L/GEE-E-(u) 1543 dated 29th April, 1972 to the B.P.T. Employees' Union representing the workmen was a notice to the workmen themselves. The employers have stated that at the time the agreement was arrived at with the B.P.T. Employees' Union it was their bona fide belief that the workmen of the Mobile Crane Section were represented by the B.P.T. Employees' Union. It is further submitted that the notice No. MCD/1-Notice/1136 dated 15-7-1972 is proof positive of the fact that the employers had brought to the notice of all workmen concerned that the selection the notice of all workmen concerned that the selection to the post of mobile crane supervisor (operative) was within their knowledge. The employers have asserted that in selecting the workmen for the mobile crane supervisors (operative) from amongst mobile crane drivers Grade I and the drivers, Heavy lift the principle of seniority-cum-suitability has been observed. Finally, it is submitted that the action of the employers in creating the posts of mobile crane supervisors (operative) and the simultaneous abolition of an equivalent number of posts of mobile crane drivers grade II was bona fide and was in the larger interests of the entire working class of the mobile crane section of the employers.

- 8. The Bombay Port Trust Employees' Union which claims to represent an overwhelming majority of workmen of the mobile crane section has submitted its statement of claim which is generally in the nture of supporting the statement of the Bombay Port Trust.
- 9. It is submitted that this union did not find anything objectionable or illegal in the selection made and the employers agreed for adjudication merely to remove the misconception from the minds of some of the senior drivers of mobile crane section of the employers. It is the case of this union that the creation of posts of mobile crane supervisors (operative) does not debar any union from asking higher scale of pay and also extension of piece rated scheme to this category which it is at present actually agitating. has supported the statement of the employers that no notice of change was necessary as this was beneficial to the workers and agreed to by the union representing the workmen of the mobile crane section. It is the case of this union that there was nothing wrong in the promotion of 8 mobile crane drivers grade I to the posts of mobile crane supervisors (operative) on the basis of seniority-cum-suitability. According to the union the B.P.T. General Workers' Union was also convinced of this after their discussion with the Chairman of the Bombay Port Trust. It is the contention of this union that selection of 8 candidates for filling the vacancies of mobile crane supervisors (operative) was made by the Chief Mechanical Engineer on the basis of seniority-cum-suitability from amongst mobile crane drivers grade I. This union it is stated had demanded that promotional posts should be created for the mobile crane drivers having regard to the fact that crane drivers in other ports had promotional avenues and the Wage Board for Port and Dock Workers of Major Ports in India had recommended that promotional opportunities of various categories should be reviewed by the respective port authorities. The Bombay Port Trust considered the demand of the union and created 11 posts of mobile crane supervisors (operative).
- 10. The Bombay Port Trust has submitted a written statement in reply to the statement of claim of the B.P.T. Employees' Union in which it has admitted most of the state-

ments made by this union. It is stated that the letter addressed by the Transport and Dock Workers' Union to the Chief Mechanical Engineer, Bombay Port Trust does not object to the creation of posts of mobile crane supervisors (operative) by the Bombay Port Trust and the simultaneous abolition of equal number of mobile crane drivers grade II. According to the employers what the Transport and Dock Workers' Union wanted to know was as to why the mobile crane drivers grade II, were found not suitable to the higher post of mobile crane supervisors (operative).

- 11. The Bombay Port Trust General Workers' Union has examined Shri C. M. Rane who has deposed that he is working in the Port Trust since 22 years. According to him he has worked as grade II driver since 1956 and now he is grade I. He says that his union had demanded the pay scale of Rs. 150/- to Rs. 281/- for grade II driver, and Rs. 170/- to Rs. 366/- for grade I driver and the same pay had been demanded by the B.P.T. Employees' Union before the C. C. Committee and the Central Wage Board for Port and Dock Workers. He has deposed that a demand had been made by the B.P.T. Employees' Union in 1966 creating promotional posts for driver grade I and grade II but actually in 1972 certain posts were created by resolution by the Port Trust, and they did not ask for the scale of Rs. 170-290. He has stated that the workers did not sign any agreement authorizing Shri Vaidya, B.P.T. Employees' Union to enter into an agreement with the Port Trust for creating the post of mobile crane supervisor (operative). He has deposed that when they demanded the scale of Rs. 170-366 for driver Grade I it was not possible for them to demand a scale of Rs. 170-290 for a supervisor. A list of 10 items was exhibited on the notice board for which test was to be taken but did not specify what exactly will be the nature of work for which the test is to be given. Eight persons were promoted to the post of mobile crane supervisor. From the date of promotion no particular work was being taken from the pro-
- 12. WW-2 B. J. Sonawane has deposed that he is working in mobile crane for the last 17 years and he has signed the declaration ex-W-1 and nobody compelled him to do so. Ex-W-3 the notice was displayed on the notice board and Ex-W-1A was not shown to him at any time. He had not asked at any time for the post of mobile crane supervisor in the scale of Rs. 170-290. Out of the 99 first grade drivers 90 are members of the B.P.T. General Workers' Union and out of 186, 181 are the members of the B.P.T. General Workers' Union (second grade drivers). Out of 111 third grade drivers, 105 are members of the B.P.T. Workers' Union. He alongwith five others collected the membership subscription, whose name are noted in the register. He has stated that the supervisors are not performing the duties notified in the notice exhibit W-8. He admits that they had asked for the mobile crane driver grade II they scale of Rs. 150-281 and for the drivers grade I they had demanded the scale of Rs. 170-366, but they never accepted the grade of Rs. 170—290 for the supervisor.
- 13. EW-1 Shri Quazi Hasan Taufiq has filed his affidavit on behalf of the employers and he was examined by the management. He states that there are three grades of drivers in mobile crane section, driver grade I, driver grade II and heavy lift crane driver. Before the present dispute was raised by the B.P.T. General Workers' Union, most of the workers owned allegiance to the B.P.T. Employees' Union. Since a long time there were negotiations for creating higher supervisory posts for these drivers as well as the drivers working in the hydraulic section and accordingly 15 posts of mobile crane supervisors operative for 3 shift working and 11 posts for two shift working were created. He has stated that the mobile crane drivers 1st and 2nd grade are in receipt of piece-rate premium: 15 posts of mobile crane drivers were converted to mobile crane supervisors and 8 of them filled in. The grades of heavy-lift crane drivers and mobile crane supervisors operative were not much different except that the latter was Rs. 20/- higher; so while filling it was thought that they might not get enough response from the first grade and heavy lift driver and in the Trustees Resolution there was no mention that second grade drivers would not be eligible for the post. Hence applications were invited from all the drivers of the mobile crane supervisor operative. According to the witness the post of mobile crane supervisor operative was created for settling the dispute locally and also to give his judgment in case of accidents. He has deposed that since

the mobile crane driver grade II did not have the operating experience of actual operation of a mobile crane it was thought that it would not be proper to promote a second grade driver to mobile crane supervisor operative, although they had passed the tests.

- 14. In this reference two issues arise for adjudication. The first is "Having regard to the fact that the selection has to be made on the basis of seniority-cum-suitability whether the manner in which selection was made by the Bombay Port Trust management to the posts of mobile crane supervisor (operative) was fair and proper?" and I shall deal with this issue presently.
- 15. Various arguments are advanced before me by the representative of the workmen challenging the selection made by the management to the post of mobile crane supervisor (operative). It is submitted that under the I.R. dated 29th April, 1972 the posts of mobile crane supervisors (operative) was to be created and the list of duties of the supervisors (operative) was given in the annexure B Ex-W-2.
- 16. It is argued by the representative of the management that according to Ex-W-3 dated 15-7-1972 applications were invited for the posts of mobile crane supervisors in the grade of Rs. 170-290 among the existing employees of this section working in the capacity of H.L. Crane driver, driver 1st grade and driver 2nd grade. The applications were to be submitted to the Head Time-keeper of the section on or before 24-7-1972 and the details of the duties to be carried out by the mobile crane drivers were furnished in the statement displayed sideby and the employees were invited for interview for the posts of mobile crane supervisor under exhibit W-4 dated 26-8-1972, 29-8-1972, 30-8-1972, 29-1972, 12-9-1972 and 16-9-1972. It appears from Ex-E-1 that eight persons were recommended by the Selection Committee out of the list at page 28 of Ex-E-1. The representative of the workmen argues that the second grade drivers who were also invited and although they had passed the test were not recommended by the Selection Committee as per orders of the superintending Engineer (mechanical) as noted in Ex-E-1. It is contended by the representative of the B.P.T. General Workers' Union that these three persons were unjustly overlooked by the Chief Mechanical Engineer and therefore the selection of the mobile crane drivers should be set at naught and the entire selection was not legal and proper.
- 17. On the other hand the representative of the management argued that under section 23 of the Bombay Port Trust Act, 1879, the power of appointing, promoting, granting leave, to suspending, finding, reducing or dismissing or of disposing of any other question relating to the services of the employees of the Board including the power of dispensing with the services of any such employee otherwise than by reason of such employees whose maximum monthly salary exclusive of allowance is less than one thousand rupees, by the Chairman and in every other case by the Board. The Chairman can delegate to the head of the department all or any of his powers in respect of the employees of that department whose monthly maximum salary exclusive of allowance does not exceed three hundred and fifty rupees. It is contended that under exhibit E-6 dated 18-6-1970 the delegation of powers of appointment was granted to the Chief Mechanical Engineer and the Chief Mechanical Engineer under the powers vested in him has sanctioned the promotion of 8 drivers grade I to the posts of mobile crane supervisors (operative). It is further urged that as the mobile crane drivers grade II did not have the experience of driving heavy cranes and did not possess the operating experience of a mobile crane is an accordingly instructions were given to fill up the vacancies only from and among the mobile crane drivers 1st grade and heavy lift drivers. It is submitted that the selection had to be made on the basis of seniority-cum-suitability and the manner in which the selection was made by the Port Trust management to the posts of mobile crane supervisor (operative) was fair and proper, and it cannot be challenged.
- 18. The question that has therefore to be first answered is whether the manner in which the selection was made by the Bombay Port Trust management to the posts of mobile crane supervisor (operative) was fair and proper and it was made on the basis of seniority-cum-suitability. It is seen from

Ex.-E-1 that eight persons were selected by the Selection Committee consisting of Sarvashri M. G. Nanhas and G. Nagasundaram and they were :---

- 1. Shri Rangai Sahebdin.
- 2. Shri Sk. Abdulla Sk. Usman.
- 3. Shri Arjun Savla Maske,
- 4. Shri M. S. Gawas.
- 5. Shri R. S. Deorai Naidu.
- 6. Shri Fakir Mohamed Ebrahim.
- 7. Shri Mahadeo D. Rane.
- 8. Shri Pardumansingh.

Rangai Sahedbin was appointed on 7-4-1971 and got C in English and B in Vernacular and General in the test and passed. Sk. Abdullah Sk. Usman was appointed on 11-7-1944 passed. Sk. Abdullah Sk. Usman was appointed on 11-7-1944 and got B in English, Vernacular and General and passed. Arjun Salva Maske was appointed on 7-6-1949 and secured B in all and passed. Mahadeo Sakharam Gawas who was appointed on 23-8-1949 and got B in all and passed. Deoraj Naidu who was appointed on 23-8-1949 got B in English and Vernacular and A in General and passed. Fakir Mohamed Ebrahim who was appointed on 1-6-1942 got B in all and had also passed the test. M. D. Rane who was appointed on 1-4-1946 got C in English and B in Vernacular and General and had also passed the test. Parsumansingh who was appointed on 14-12-1953 got B in English and Vernacular and A in General and had passed the test. The other candidates mentioned in Ex-E-1 except three had failed and therefore they were not selected by the Selection Committee. Not a word is said in the evidence of either WW-1 or WW-2 Not a word is said in the evidence of either WW-1 or WW-2 against the manner in which the selection was made. In this evidence WW-1 has stated that he appeared before the Committee for the purpose of appearing for test. He has deposed that the post of supervisor should have been given to drivers on the basis of seniority but somebody spread humours that junior employees were also eligible and there-fore he applied for the post. He admits that the senior mobile crane drivers demanded that the post of mobile crane supervisors should be given to the drivers on the basis of seniority of service. In further cross-examination he has stated that the maximum of the scale of pay of the first grade driver is lower than the maximum of the post of mobile crane supervisor. He cannot say whether he or his colleague would get the post of MTS. If the higher officer his colleague wishes one of his colleagues would get a chance of promotion as MTS operator. He has further asserted that because there is uncertainty of drivers grade I and II getting the post the post of supervisor should not be there. WW-2 testifies that he was tested and promoted as second grade driver. If he was to be promoted test will be taken and he will not be promoted if he fails in the test. If he wanted the post of mobile crane supervisor he would be subjected to the test. He further narrates that if he does not want the supervisory post nobody can force him to take that post. Further he details that the post of supervisor should be given to mobile crane drivers on the basis of seniority only. Since the Port Trust did not select the mobile crane drivers merely on the basis of seniority they raised a dispute through the B.P.T. General Workers' Union. He admits that the mobile crane supervisors are not paid on plece-rate premium and it is true that on their promotion the drivers may lose at times depending upon the plece-rate premium available to the drivers at any given time. Therefore there is absolutely no evidence tendered on behalf of the workmen to indicate that the selection was not done in a proper and legal manner. the selection was not done in a proper and legal manner. The only insistence of WW-1 and WW-2 was that the posts of supervisors should not be created and promotions should be made directly on the basis of seniority alone.

19. EW-1 has deposed that applications were invited from all the drivers of the mobile crane section to fill up the vacancy of the mobile crane supervisor operative. The post of mobile crane supervisor operative was created for settling the dispute locally and also to give a chance. Applications were invited. Tests were held and nothing can be said against the selection of eight persons mentioned in Ex-E-1 and in the absence of any evidence to the contrary it cannot be concluded that their selection was not fair and proper, so far as the eight persons were concerned.

20. But there was absolutely no cogent argument advanced for disregarding the names of three grade II drivers who according to the annexure exhibit E-1 had also passed the test. They are Shii C. S. Rane, Joseph Pascal Vaz and Mohan Singh. C. S. Rane who was appointed on 10-12-1953 had secured B in English and Vernacular and A in general and had passed the test. Pascal Vaz and Mohan Singh had secured B in English Vernacular and General and had also massed B in English, Vernacular and General, and had also passed. But the selection committee appears not to have recommended these names as per the orders of the Superintending Engineer. EW-1 says in his evidence that since mobile crane drivers grade II did not have the experience of actual operation of a mobile crane it was thought that it would not be proper to promote a second grade driver to mobile crane supervisor operative. Accordingly instructions were given to the diesel engine mobile crane section to fill up the vacancies only from and among the mobile crane drivers first grade and heavy lift drivers. Though some second grade drivers passed the test they were not promoted according to the witness for the reasons stated above. Prior notices were served on all concerned before the tests were held and the B.P.T. Employees' Union did not play any role in the matter of selection of the mobile crane drivers.

21. There does appear to be absolutely no logical reason for ignoring the claims of the three grade II drivers referred to above who had passed the test. It cannot be disputed that the Chief Mechanical Engineer was delegated the powers under exhibit E-6 by the Chairman in the matter of promo-tion. But then if the grade II drivers were not found fit for promotion there was hardly any occasion or necessity for inviting the applicants. As a matter of fact exhibit W-1A dated 29th April. 1972 which is a letter written by the Personnel Officer of the Bombay Port Trust to the General Secretary of the B.P.T. General Workers' Union on the subject of promotional opportunities for crane drivers of hydraulic establishments and mobile crane section does not make any distinction between mobile crane drivers grade I and grade II. Not only were applications invited from grade II drivers but they were asked to appear for the test and grade II drivers mentioned above had passed the requisite test. It is stated by EW-1 in his evidence that he sought instruc-tions from the Chief Mecnanical Engineer and Diesel Engineer and accordingly the promotions were effected. He has added that he took oral instructions from the C.M.E. It is really astonishing that in such matters oral instruction should be sought by EW-1 from the Chief Mechanical Engineer. In exhibit E-1 there is a note to the effect that the three grade II drivers referred to above were not recommended as per orders of the Superintending Engineer (Mechanical). But the Superintending Engineer is not examined to prove that he had received any instructions from the Chief Mechanical Engineer. When persistently questioned at the time of arguments to produce any written instructions of the Chief Mechanical Engineer to the Superintending Engineer to the effect that the grade II drivers should not be recommended by the Selection Committee the representative of the manner the Selection Committee the representative of the management expressed his inability to do so and said they were all oral instructions. There is not a whisper in the evidence of the EW-1 that oral instructions were given by the Chief Mechanical Engineer to the Superintending Engineer not to recommend the names of 2nd grade mobile crane drivers to the posts of mobile crane supervisors (operative). Further having delegated the powers to the Selection Committee to selecte candidates the Chief Mechanical Engineer was in no way authorized to issue instructions that garde II drivers should not be recommended when no such distinction is made either in the Trustees Resolution dated 29th April 1972 and in exhibit W-1A. At the time of inviting applications no such reservation was made that only grade I drivers should be considered for appointment as mobile crane supervisors operative. In these circumstances the three grade II drivers C. S. Rane, Joseph Pascal Vaz and Mohan Singh who had passed the test and qualified for the post of mobile crane supervisor operative along with eight others could not have been validly ignored on any ground. There does not appear to be anything against them so far as their seniority and suitability is concerned.

22. The crucial question therefore that poses for consideration is whether in view of this the entire selection for the posts of mobile crane supervisors operative should be set aside. The answer is clearly in the negative. As pointed out supra nothing is said against the manner in which the selection was made. They are selected purely on the basis

of seniority-cum-suitability. No allegation is made by the workmen that their selection was improper. It would therefore be a travesty of justice to set aside the entire selection of the eight drivers and to penalise them. I therefore, hold on issue No. I that having regard to the fact that the selection has to be made on the basis of seniority-cum-suitability the manner in which selection was made by the Bombay Port Trust management to the posts of eight mobile crane supervisors (operative) was fair and proper. However, the withholding of the promotion of the 2nd grade drivers C. S. Rane, Joseph Pascal Vaz and Mohan Singh to the posts of mobile crane supervisor operative after they have been selected was not fair and proper especially as nothing has been shown against them and they will be deemed to have been promoted to the posts of mobile crane supervisor operative from the date the eight others were promoted and to the benefits flowing therefrom.

23. I shall now take up for consideration issue No. 2 which pertains to the question whether the claim that the conversion of posts of mobile crane driver grade II into those of mobile crane supervisor (operative) had curtailed the promotional opportunities available to mazdoors and therefore it was illegal to have effected the conversion without issuing a notice of change under section 9A of the Industrial Disputes Act. 1947, is correct?

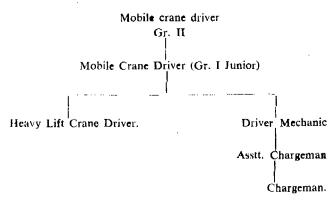
24. I must confess that the adjudication of this issue is perplexing and has caused me great anxiety as it bristles with immense difficulties. It is the claim of the workmen in their statement of claim that there are in the mobile crane section 171 mazdoors working with the crane drivers and six heavy lift crane drivers. The mazdoors working along with the mobile cranes can aspire to avail of these permetional opportunities under the existing channel of promotion. It will be seen from the channel of promotion; in annexure I that the outdoor mazdoors working alongwith the crane drivers can aspire to become mobile crane driver grade II, then mobile crane driver grade I and thereafter heavy lift crane driver. On the other hand the mazdoors working indoor under the driver mechanic or the motor mechanics of mobile crane section can aspire to become driver mechanic, assistant chargeman or chargeman. Though technically the mazdoors of the mobile crane section indoor and outdoor are considered to be one category for all practical purposes it is not so because mazdoors who do not work with the repairing not so because mazdoors who do not work with the repairing staff or maintenance staff as it is shown are not able to pick up knowledge of repairing combustion engines (petrol or diesel) and, therefore they cannot appear for a test which they must pass before they can be appointed either as a motor mechanic or as a driver mechanic. It is further maintained that the conditions of service of all class III. Class IV employees working as artisans, unskilled, semi-skilled or skilled or highly skilled are laid down in the Bombay Port Trust Regulations for their non scheduled staff and Rule 2 provides that before making any amendment to the said rules the Bombay Port Trust shall inform the workman concerned by a notice on the notice board on the proposed amendment and shall consider any objection or suggestion that may be made thereto within 21 days of such notice. It was incumbent on the Port Trust to have notified the proposals on the notice board in the language understood by the majority of the mobile crane staff and called for objections if any to the proposals. Unfortunately no such action was taken. Thus the action of the Port Trust resulted in reducing he promotional opportunities of the mazdoors to the extent of the number of mobile crane supervisors (operative) created violating the requirements of section 9(a) of the Industrial Disputes Act.

25. On the other hand it is pointed out by the management that they had at the time of the dispute 159 mazdoors who work either along with artisans or along with drivers operating mobile cranes and or wherever unskilled assistance is required to be provided in the section. All the mazdoors of the section have a common seniority and can aspire for promotion to any of the higher posts available in the mobile crane section provided they have requisite minimum qualifications and pass the prescribed test. The channel of promotion at present in force as far as driver mechanics and drivers are concerned is shown in the copy of the notice of change issued by the Port Trust under their letter dated 20th September, 1960. It is stated that the mazdoors can aspire for any of the higher posts in the mobile crane section provided they qualify and pass the requisite test. According

to the longstanding practice obtained in the mobile crane section a mazdoor after recruitment is placed in the day shift for a few months to familiarise him with the working of the entire section, thereafter he is put on shift duties either along with mobile crane drivers Grade I and Heavy lift Crane Drivers or to assist the artisans working in the shifts for attending to breakdowns of the mobile vehicles. The senior mazdoors are posted permanently in the day shift along with the artisans for major repair work in the garage. Whenever a vacancy of mazdoor in the permanent day shift arises a senior mazdoor from the shift duties is transferred to the day shift and the newly recruited mazdoor after his familiarisation period in the day is posted to shift duties. It is mentioned that the Bombay Port Trust General Workers' Union has been agitating against these transfers and accordingly the transfer which was due to be effected in the month of June 1973 has been held in abeyance as the union desired to discuss this matter with the Chairman. After a detailed discussion by the Chairman with the union it was decided that the union's objection to the transfers is not tenable and the transfers should be restarted and it is stated that written orders were awaited to put into effect the transfers of mazdoors which were suspended from June 1973. It is further submitted that as the mazdoors posted on shift duties have opportunities of working with crane drivers on operational duties and also with artisans on repairs/maintenance work they can acquire the requisite training and if they make the necessary efforts to improve their skill they can qualify for promotion either as drivers or as artisans; that mazdoors have been promoted as artisans and drivers and in fact the number of mazdoors who have passed the test of mobile crane driver Grade II from the garage staff is more than those from the operational staff. Further, with the creation of posts of mobile crane supervisors (operative) and the number of posts of mobile crane driver, Grade II, the total number of promotional posts has remained unaltered and since all the mazdoors have a common seniority the claim by the union that their promotional opportunities have been curtailed is not borne out by facts. The management has submitted that it is not correct to state that the mazdoors working with the maintenance and repairing staff alone are able to enter into the channel of driver mechanic, assistant chargeman and chargeman and that mazdoors working with the crane drivers are able to aspire for the post of crane drivers. It is again asserted that all mazdoors have a common seniority and can aspire for promotion either as artisans or as drivers or to fill other posts like muccadam, greasers, nowgance and electric platform truck drivers, which obtain in the section. It is the submission of the manugement that by the simultaneous creation of 11 posts of mobile crane supervisors (operative) and abolition of equal number of posts of mobile crane driver grade II in the mobile crane section they introduced no change in the conditions of service attracting the provisions of section 9A read with the fourth schedule of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947. The 11 posts of mobile crane supervisors (operative) created vide T.R. No. 671 of 2-5-1972 are open to the mazdoors and other workmen of the said section for being promoted subject to their passing the prescribed tests. No change was introduced in the conditions of service of the mazdoors and creation of additional promotional opportunities according to the employers does not amount to change having regard to the meaning of the term "change" used in the context of section 9A of the said Act. It is the submission of the employers that notice under section 9A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, is required to be given only if the employers make any adverse change in the conditions of service of the workmen. As in the present case they have only improved the promotional chances of the mazdoors it does not amount to change in the conditions of service. Even assuming without admitting that a notice of change was necessary the employers have stated that the mazdoors should be deemed to have been given the requisite notice of change when they wrote their letter of 29th April, 1972 to the B.P.T. Employees' Union setting out their proposals for the creation of the posts of making and the creation of the posts of the posts of the creation of the posts of the posts of the creation of the posts of the posts of the creation of the posts of the creation of the posts for the creation of the posts of mobile crane supervisors (operative) and the abolition of an equivalent number of posts of mobile crane drivers grade II. At the material time the B.P.T. Employees' Union was representing the workmen of the mobile crane section and the letter dated 29th April. 1972 to the B.P.T. Employees' Union representing the workmen was a notice to the workmen themselves and therefore they have substantially complied with the provisions of section 9A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.

26. Not a single mazdoor has been examined by the work men to prove as to how the mazdoors have been deprived of their promotional opportunities by the creation of the posts of mobile crane supervisors (operative). WW-1 and WW-2 who were examined have not in their evidence protested against the creation of these posts. They have merely stated that the promotion to these posts should be on the basis of seniority. It is stated by EW-1 in his evidence that the posts of mobile crane drivers 1st and 2nd grade were converted into mobile crane supervisors and 8 of them were filled in and the grades of crane drivers heavy lift and mobile crane supervisors operatives were not much different except that the latter was getting Rs. 20/- higher. It is also in his evidence that for the 15 posts of mobile crane supervisors the B.P.T. will have to spend Rs. 10,000/- per annum; mazdoors after passing prescribed test can be promoted to posts of 2nd grade driver, 2nd grade driver to 1st grade driver and then to the mobile crane supervisor opeartive. Since the total number of posts of mobile crane supervisors operative plus heavy lift crane driver plus 1st grade driver plus 2nd grade driver remains unaltered the promotional oppportunities are in no way affected. Mazdoors have also other promotional opportunities in the section and there had been a substantial increase of higher posts in the mobile crane section and as such there is no possibility of any reduction of promotional opportunities. If the posts of mobile crane supervisors are not continued and are surrendered it will cause retrenchment of mazdoors and there will be no increase in the promotional opportunities. The mazdoors according to EW-1 can be promoted to skilled artisans like, carpenter, tinsmith turner, vulcaniser. driver mechanic etc., so also they can become motor lorry driver as well as mobile crane driver grade II. Mazdoor can also be promoted as nowganee, greaser and also from nowganee to mukadam and platform truck driver. The mazdoors in the mobile crane section have different avenues of promotion in the section itself. Witness has deposed that it is true that a mazdoor unless he possesses heavy vehicle driving licence cannot be considered for the purpose of promotion to the post of mobile crane driver, it is true that besides the driving licence the mazdoor is required to possess particular height and weight and thereafter he is subjected to test. WW-2 who started his life as a mazdoor has stated that he was tested and promoted as a second grade driver in the scale of Rs. 150-225. If he is to be promoted as a first grade driver a test wil have to be taken. Similarly he will not be promoted if he fails in the test and for every promotion he will have to pass a test.

27. It is very strenuously argued by Dr. Maitra representing the B.P.T. General Workers' Union that the abolition of 15 posts of mobile crane drivers grade II and their conversion into Mobile Crane Supervisors (operative) will cause great hardship to the mazdoors for they cannot look forward for immediate promotion. It is contended that if the Port Trust was so magnanumous in creating the posts of mobile crane supervisors (operative) and they wanted to provide promo-tional opportunities to the mazdoors they could have done so by independently creating the posts instead of abolishing the posts of grade II drivers. This argument at first sight may look attractive but leaves me unconvinced. It is not that every mazdoor can aspire to become grade II driver unless he possesses the requisite qualification and passes the test. Undoubtedly by the abolition of the 15 posts of mobile crane drivers grade II the immediate chances for promotion have become obscure. But in the long run they stand to gain. For after all when a person first enters service he does not wish to stagnate and looks for incentives for reaching higher posts in the cadre. The creation of the posts of mobile crane supervisor operative provides an incentive to the mazdoor and removes frustration. If the post of mobile crane supervisor is not created then there will only be post of crane driver at the apex. There will be no further avenue of promotion to him. As pointed out by EW-1 in his evidence the posts of mobile crane supervisors are very necessary in the interest of smooth and efficient working of the mobilcrane section. As aptly pointed out in T.R. No. 671 of 1972 there is at present no proper arrangement for expeditiously dealing with the situations arising from breakdowns, delays in shifting, provision of relief and for supervising greasing and gland tightening and for settling elementary disputes arising from piece-rate working, and it was for this reason that they had decided to create the posts of mobile crane supervisors (operative) There is no substance in the argument of the representative of the B.P.T. General Workers' Union that the fact of the creation of the posts of mobile crane supervisors was not notified. Notice No. MCD/1/Notice/1136. Idented 15-7-1972 was displayed on the notice board inviting applications for the posts of mobile crane supervisors. It is true that according to exhibit W-9 the Port Trust notified its intention to change the conditions of service of the workmen with effect from 15-10-1960. The change proposed to be effected was that the existing channel of promotion of the mobile crane drivers will be bifurcated as follows:—



and no notice was given in this case to the B.P.T. General Workers Union under Section 9A.

28. But the question that arises is whether a notice of change was necessary in this case. In my opinion it was change was necessary in this case. In my opinion it was not because it does not strictly change the conditions of service but merely provides for promotional opportunities although it does abolish certain posts of grade II drivers there by temporarily depriving them of immediate promotion. But even if section 9A is applicable it does not in any manner assist the workmen. It is clear from section 9A that the requirement of a notice to workmen would arise only if requirement of a notice to workmen would arise only if they are likely to be affected prejudicially and a change in the conditions of service contemplated by the section should be understood in that sense. It is not intended to cover a case where the proposal is, for instance, to chance the pay scales or to better the other terms by a unilateral decision of the employer. The object of the section is to prevent a unilateral action on the part of the employer changing the conditions of service to the prejudice of the workmen. Here in the case even if it is presumed to be a change in the condition of service it is not altered to the detriment of the workmen and therefore I am convinced that the omission to give a notice of change under section 9A in regard to the conversion of mobile crane drivers grade II to mobile crane supervisors operative cannot be said to be illegal. It will be apposite at this stage to refer to Ex-U-4 T.R. No. 600 dated 7-5-1974 wherein this very union viz., The Bombay Port Trust General Workers' Union which had represented the operating cadre amongst the B.P.T. Railway staff had demanded the creation of five posts of Assistant Station Master Grade II in the scale of Rs. 250-475, 16 more posts of train clerks in the scale of Rs. 170-366 and to abolish simultaneously 24 posts of number taker in the scale of Rs. 150-281 which is in the lowest category. This proposal was accepted by the Port Trust. Therefore it does not lie in the mouth of the Union to complain about the abolition of the 15 posts of mobile crane drivers grade II and the creation of 15 higher posts of mobile crane supervisors operative. It will be further clear from Ex-U-1 to U-3 that in the past when certain higher posts were created certain intermediate posts were abolished. I therefore hold on issue No. 2 that the conversion of the posts of mobile crape driver grade II into those of mobile crane supervisor (operative) has not curtailed the promotional opportunities available to the mazdoors and it was not illegal to have effected this conversion without issuing a notice of change under section 9A of the Industrial Disputes Act,

- 29. The reference is answered accordingly.
- 30. No order as to costs.

B. RAMLAL KISHEN, Presiding Officer

[No. L 31011/1/73-P&D/D-IV(A)]

New Delhi, the 20th August, 1975

S.O. 2954.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal, Bombay in the industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Bombay Port Trust, Bombay and their workmen which was received by the Central Government on the 18th August, 1975.

# BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL No. 2, BOMBAY

Reference No. CGIT-2/13 of 1974

#### PARTIES:

Employers in relation to the management of Bombay Port Trust,

#### AND

their workmen.

#### APPEARANCES:

For the employers—Shri R. K. Shetty, Legar Adviser. For the workmen—Dr. S. Maitra, General Secretary, B.P.T. General Workers' Union.

STATE: Maharashtra. INDUSTRY: Major Ports & Docks.

Bombay, the 25th July, 1975

#### AWARD

The Government of India, Ministry of Labour, have, by their Order No. L-31011/6/74-P&D dated 18th April 1974, issued in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, referred to this Tribunal for adjudication an industrial dispute existing between the employers in relation to the management of Bombay Port Trust and their workmen in respect of the subject matter specified in the following schedule:—

# SCHEDULE

"Whether the changes notified by the Bombay Port Trust in its Notice of change in Service Conditions dated 13th September, 1973 in the matter of posting of electricians under the Engineer, Marine Oil Terminal, Butcher Islands, for attending to navigational electric lights (including leading lights, buoys and beacons) at and around Butcher Island are justified and should be implemented? If not, how should the postings of the said electricians for the said work should be regulated?"

2. After the receipt of the reference notices were issued to the parties to file their written statements. The B.P.T. General Workers' Union has by its statement of claim stated that prior to 1st January 1969 the work of attending to the beacon lights leading lights and lighted buoys used to be attended to by the employees of the Electrical Establishment, Northern Division and not by the Establishment Engineer, Marine Oil Terminal; that all the work which used to be attended to by the Engineer, Northern Division, Electrical Establishment, was transferred by the employers to the Engineer, Marine Oil Terminal with effect from 1st January 1969 and the work of attending to the aforesaid lights was continued to be entrusted to the juniormost electrician at Butcher Island as was the case when it was under the Engineer, Northern Division, for which purpose the juniormost electricians were retained permanently in the day shift. It is further stated that after some lapse of time the juniormost electricians were placed in the day and night shifts for the purpose of rotating them and one who happened to be in the day shift was asked to attend to the navigational lights, the buoy lights and beacon lights etc. The Union has further submitted that in accordance with the terms of an award of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal, Bombay.

in Ref. No. CGIT-18 of 1968 in an industrial dispute raised by the B.P.T. Employees' Union in respect of the electricians of the Marine Oil Terminal Butcher Island the Chief Mechanical Engineer, Bombay Port Trust started rotating the electricians between Trombay and Butcher Island but the practice of requiring the junior most electricians to attend to the navigational lights, beacon lights, buoy lights whenever such work arose was continued. It is the union's case that both the junior and senior electricians when posted for duty at Butcher Island are required to be paid 8 hours normal wages and 4 hours overtime wages at twice their total emoluments; that it is only when they are transferred in accordance with the award in CGIT-18 of 1968 to Pir Pau and Trombay Manifold that the electricians etc., are placed on duty for fixed eight hours and are able to earn overtime only when such necessity arises and with the sanction of the appropirate authority. Thus it is contended that when an electrician is placed for duty at Pir Pau he suffers monetary loss of 4 hours overtime wages payable at twice the rate of his total emoluments.

- 3. It is asserted by the B. P. T. General Workers' Union that the work of attending to the beacon lights, navigational lights and buoy lights was being carried out traditionally all over the port area by the juniormost electricians of the electrical establishment, Northern Division from the time when such lights were installed. The union has stated that exigency, efficiency or requirements of work had never necessitated the posting of senior electricians to attend the navigational lights etc. In support it is stated that even after the implementation of the award in Ref. No. CGIT-18 of 1968 the old practice was continued which goes to show that so far as the employers are concerned there had never been any need to post or call upon the senior electrician to attend to such work. The B.P.T. General Workers' Union has stated that according to the admission of the employers the notice of change was introduced in response to a demand by the B.P.T. Employees Union which goes to show that there was no requirement of efficiency of extgency. As such according to this union the placement of senior employees would amount to wastage of highly skilled persons to attend to replacement of bulbs, insulating connections etc. Finally the union has submitted that this Tribunal should direct that the juniormost electricians who were successfully carrying out this work for several decades should be directed to attend to the work of the navigational lights, beacon lights or buoy lights as and when such work arises. The union has submitted along with its statement of claim copies of the correspondence which ensude between it and the Chairman of the Port Trust and the failure report of the Conciliation Officer (Central).
- 4. The B.P.T. Employees' Union has by its statement of claim submitted that the principles of equity, justice and fair play fully justify the demand of the union for rotation of the Staff having the same designation, pay scale and qualifications and common seniority and the posting of junior electricians only to attend to the beacon lights, navigational leading lights and buoys at Butcher Island is wrongful. It has submitted that the principle of rotation even beyond shifts and to various places has been accepted by the Administration and it has been upheld in the award in CGIT-18 of 1968 in the case of electricians, wiremen and assistant wiremen. It is further stated that against this award the B.P.T. General Workers' Union filed a Writ Application in the High Court of Bombay which was dismissed and the award was confirmed.
- 5. It is further stated that the administration has in consultation with the unions decided to effect rotation of workmen at their various places of work and in their shifts unless in a particular case the rotation could not be effected for compelling administrative, operational or other equally valid reasons to be recorded in writing by the Head of the Administration. It is stated that this was unanimously approved by the trustees vide T. R. No. 1581 of 1972 and in pursuance of the said T.R. a notice of change dated 2-1-1973 was issued by the Secretary B.P.T. incorporating the intention to effect rotation of the staff. This Union has submitted that the contention of the other union that the senior electricians should not be posted to attend to navigational lights including leading lights buoys and become at and around Butcher Island is not at all justified. In support the B.P.T. Employees Union has placed reliance on a letter dated 26.9-1973 from the Secretary, B.P.T to the General Secretary, B.P.T. General Workers' Union and copies to the Regional Labour Commissioner wherein the Secretary has categorically stated that the reductance on the part of the senior electricians

to agree to attend to this work is not justified. According to this union the General Secretary B.P.I. General Workers' Union has realised the justness and fairness that only the junior most electricians should not be permanently posted for the said work and he had agreed for the rotation in consequence whereof one electrician from the other union and one from this union were sent in turn to attend to navigational lights including leading lights, buoys and beacons at and around Butcher Island for some time but later the other union withdraw from the arrangement without any valid reason. It finally submitted that the B.P.T. General Workers' Union has not raised any valid objections to the notice of change except giving a throat of resorting to direct action and it has prayed that the Tribunal should be pleased to order that the notice of change dated 13-9-1973 be implemented and the postings of the electricians be made as per the procedure detailed therein.

6. The Bombay Port Trust by their written statement has submitted that the demand of the B.P.T. Employees' Union about rotation should be conceded and the demand of the B.P.T. General Workers' Union opposing such rotation and demanding that only the juniormost of the electricians working at the Marine Oil Terminal, Butcher Island should be posted for the said work is unreasonable and should be rejected. It is stated that to concede the demand of the B.P.T. Employees Union for introduction of a regular scheme by rotation of electricians working under the said Engineer at the Marine Oil Terminal, Butcher Island they had issued a notice of change dated 13th September 1973 under section 9A of the Industral Disputes Act, 1947. While the B.P.T. Employees Union welcomed the change the B.P.T. General Worker's Union exposed it with the result that it assumed Workers' Union opposed it with the result that it assumed the character of an interunion rivalry between the two unions and the change could not ultimately be introduced. The matter was thereafter taken up in conciliation by the Regional Commissioner (Central) which ended in failure. According to the employers the short point for decision in this dispute is whether the change contemplated in the annexure to the said notice of change is justified or not. It is stated that the electric navigational lights around marine oil stated that the electric havigational lights around marine oil terminal, Butcher Island totalling 11 numbers were brought under the control of the Engineer, Marine Oil Terminal, Butcher Island with effect from 1-1-1969 under the orders issued by the Chief Mechanical Engineer of the employers; that prior to 1-1-1969 the work of attending to electric navigational lights around Marine Oil Terminal Butcher Island was being grained out by the electrical foregan. Northern was being carried out by the electrical foreman, Northern Division. It is stated that prior to taking over the above work—one electrician 2nd grade—juniormost of the category at Butcher Island—was promoted as electrician 1st grade with effect from 6-11-1968 and posted permanently in the day shift during which period only repairs to the navigational lights are carried out.

Before the promotion the incumbent Shri Edward Fonseca had given an undertaking that he will carry out all the work as assigned to him by the Engineer, Marine Oil Terminal Butas assigned to him by the Engineer, Marine On reminial Ducher Island including the maintenance of the navigational lights throughout the year. It is stated that later on two junior-most electricians 1st grade posted at Butcher Island verbally requested the Engineer, Marine Oil Terminal to rotate them in day and night shifts. While this request was agreed to it was made clear that the juniormost electrician in the day shift would attend to navigational flights, and suitable undertakings were taken from five electricians. It is stated that from this it will be evident that there was a practice of deputing this it will be evident that there was a practice of deputing a juniormost electrician in the day shift at Marine Oil Terminal, Butcher Island, for attending to navigational flights barring exceptional occasions of mutual convenience between the elec-The employers have stated that it was the B.P.T. tricians. General Workers' Union which had raised the dispute in Ref. No. CGIT-18 of 1968 and the award which went against the union was challenged in the Bombay High Court by way of a Special Civil Application which was also disposed of in favour of the employers. It is stated that even after the implementation of the award which required periodical rotation of electricians, wiremen and assistant wiremen between Trombay manifold and the Marine Oil Terminal, Butcher Island the practice of posting the juniormost electrician in the day shift for attending to navigational lights was continued without and complaint from the staff.

7. It is stated that for the first time the B.P.T. Employees' Union raised the present dispute at the discussions held in the office of the Chief Mechanical Engineer on 31-8-1971 regarding non-posting of senior electricians available in the

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day shift to attend to the work of navigational lights. It was the contention of the B.P.T. Employees' Union that all electricians available in the day shift at Marine Oil Terminal Butcher Island, should be deputed for the repairs work of navigational lights in turns. Subsequently discussions were arranged with the B.P.T. General Workers' Union by the Chairman of the Bombay Port Trust to evolve an amicable solution acceptable to both the union. The Chairman made it clear that it would make for a good administration if all electricians available at the Marine Oil Terminal, Butcher Laland in the day shift were sent in regular turns for attending to the work of repairs to the navigational lights. According to the employers the present system of rotation is working satisfactorily and is considered equitable and they have submitted that it should be confirmed by way of an award to avoid any further disputes and inter-union rivalries between the unions.

- 8. It is the submission of the employers that all scheduled and non-scheduled staff of the Chief Mechanical Engineer's Department working at the Marine Oil Terminal, Butcher Island, execept Engineer, M.O.T., Assistant Electrical Foreman, Clerical and Timekeeping Staff work in 12 hours day and night shifts; that when in day shift they are entitled to 4 hours overtime including lunch hour and when in night shift they are entitled to 5 hours overtime; that the electricians when posted at Trombay manifold in accordance with the award in Ref. No. CGIT-18 of 1968 are normally required to work in a shift of 8 hours and are given overtime as per exigencies of work. It is stated that due to exigencies of work, shortage of staff etc., these electricians also get overtime as revealed from the records. In these circumstances the union's statement that they suffer monetary loss of 4 hours overtime payable at twice the rate is not accepted as correct.
- 9. The statement of the B.P.T. General Workers' Union that all over the Port Trust area juniormost electricians of electrical establishment Northern Division have been attending to beacon fights, navigational lights, buoy lights etc., all these years is denied. Except for 11 navigational lights around Butcher Island being looked after by the Electrical Foreman, Electrical Establishment, Northern Division the other navigational lights are gas operated and looked after by lighthouse mechanic attached to Fitting and Machineshop B.P.T. Workshops. Even at that time there was no practice existing with the electrical foreman northern division to depute junior or senior employees and the available staff in the test room attached to the electrical establishment northern division was being deputed for carrying out the work. While the employers have not disputed the fact that even after the implementation of the award in Ref. No. CGIT-18 of 1968 the old practice of posting the juniormost electrician available in the day shift at Marine Oil Terminal, Butcher Island did continue they have stated that it is advisable to rotate all the electricians for attending to the work of navigational lights so that inconvenience and hardships for going to the light in choppy sen is evenly shared by all the employees in the same category. The employers support the plea of the B.P.T. Employees Union for rotation on the ground that it is not only equitable but is in practice and has been found to be working satisfactorily. While it is admitted that the work on the beacon lights is not of a highly skilled nature. it is stated that it is important work which has to be carried out in the midst of the sea and hence experienced senior electricians will be in a position to do the job in a more satisfactory manner. The employers have stated that while the work of say changing a bulb may be quite an easy job, the manner in which it has to be done and the proper co-ordination as well as precautions required to ensure that the work is done systematically, a senior electrician is considered to be more capable. In these circumstances it is submitted that the request of the union to post only juniormost electricians for attending to electric navigational lights should be rejected, as such a demand is discriminatory and would lead to avoidable frictions among the members of the staff in the same category.
- 10. In reply to the statement of claim of the B.P.T. Employees Union the employers have submitted that the statement that the juniormost electrician was being wrongly posted to attend to beacon lights is not accepted. It is their case that the work of attending to electrical navigational lights around Marine Oil Terminal. Butcher Island was looked after right from the commissioning of these lights upto 31-12-1968 by the Flectrical Foreman. Electrical Establishment. Northern Division; that with effect from 1-1-1969 this work was trans-

- ferred to the Engineer, Marine Oil Terminal, Butcher Island, as per orders issued by the Chief Mechanical Engineer's Department of the employers. It is stated that the Engineer M.O.T. desired the services of a Grade I electrician for this purpose and accordingly the juniormost electrician grade II was promoted to the post of electrician grade I and posted in permanent day shift with a clear undertaking that he will carry out all the works assigned to him by the Engineer, M.O.T. including the maintenance of all the electricial navigational lights around Butcher Island and it was due to this that the practice of posting the juniormost electrician for attending to the navigational lights became established. As per the award in Ref. No. CGIT-18 of 1968, electricians, wiremen and assistant wiremen are being rotated between Butcher Island and Trombay Manifold at regular intervals. The employers however state that this award does not lay down any general principle of rotation and cannot be applied to all sections regardless of the facts and circumstances of each. According to the employers after the implementation of this award it was not possible to post any one electrician in the permanent day shift at the M.O.T. Butcher Island as periodical rotation of electricians between Butcher Island and Trombay Manifold was mandatory under the said award. Hence only a workable arrangement could be evolved by deputing the juniormost electrician from amongst those who were available for the day shift at Marine Oil Terminal, Butcher Island. This led to some of the electricians who had originally never carried out this work having been required to be deputed to attend to the navigational lights.
- 11. With regard to the submission of this union about the reference to T.R. No. 1581 of 1972 and the notice of change issued by the employers in pursuance thereof the B.P.T. has denied that the principle underlying the T.R. could be applied to all sections regardless of the feasibility of such rotation. The employers have no objection to depute electricians for attending to navigational lights in rotation so that the workload is shared by all electricians equally. The employers also do not envisage any administrative or operational difficulties in effecting rotation of all electricians for attending to the work of navigational lights. It is stated that during one of the meetings held by the General Manager with the Labour Unions it was agreed by the General Secretary, B.P.T. General Workers' Union to depute one senior electrician available in the day shift at M.O.T. Butcher Island for attending to this work by way of a compromise. This suggestion however could not be implemented and later on it is stated that the B.P.T. General Workers' Union backed out of their commitment. Finally it is stated that it is not true that the junior electricians are deprived of the opportunity to gain wider experience by subjecting them to do only one type of work as after the implementation of the Award in Reference No. CGIT-18 of 1968 all electricians are periodically rotated between Butcher Island and Trombay Manifold and they get equal opportunities to attend to various types of electrical equipments and installations.
- 12. The question that arises for determination in this reference is whether the changes notified by the Bombay Port Trust in its notice of change in service conditions dated 13th September, 1973 in the matter of posting of electricians under the Engineer, Marine Oil Terminal, Butcher Island, for attending to navigational electric lights (including leading lights, buoys and beacons) at and around Butcher Island are justified, and should be implemented.
- 13. It is not open to controversy that the electric navigational lights around Marine Oil Terminal. Butcher Island totalling 11 in number as per annexure 'A' to the written statement of the employers were brought under the control of the Engineer, Marine Oil Terminal, Butcher Island, with effect from 1-1-1969 under the order issued by the Chief Mechanical Engineer. Prior to 1-1-1969 the work of attending to electric navigational lights around Marine Oil Terminal, Butcher Island was being carried out by the electrical foreman, Northern Division. All the work which used to be attended to by the Engineer. Northern Division. Electrical Establishment was transferred by the employers to the Engineer Marine Oil Terminal with effect from 1st January 1969 and the work of attending to the aforesaid lights was continued to be entrusted to the juniormost electrician at Butcher Island as was the case when it was under the Engineer. Northern Division and for this purpose the juniormost electrician were retained permanently in the day shift. After some lapse of time the juniormost electricians were placed in two shifts i.e. one in the day shift and one in the night shift so that they could be rotated between day

and night shift and one who happened to be in the day shift was asked to attend to the navigational lights, buoy lights, the beacon lights etc.

14. It is contended by the representative of the B.P.T. General Workers' Union that the work of attending to the beacon lights, navigational lights and buoy lights was being carried out traditionally all over the port area by the junior-most electricians of the electrical establishment, Northern Division for all these years that the port is functioning or from the time when such lights were installed. Exigencies of work or efficiency of work or requirements of work had never necessitated the posting of senior electricians from the Electrical Establishment of the Engineer, Northern Division, Chief Engineer's Department, to attend to the navigational lights etc. It is asserted that the very fact that even after the implementation of the award in Ref. No. CGIT-18 of 1968 this age old practice was continued goes to show that there had never been any need to post or call upon the senior electrician to attend to such work. The representative of the B.P.T. General Workers' Union invites my attention in support of his contention to the written statement filed by the Bombay Port Trust who have stated in paragraph 5 of their written statement that even after the implementation of the award which required periodical rotation of electricians wiremen and assistant wiremen between Trombay Manifold and Marine Oil Terminal, Butcher Island, the practice of posting the juniormost electrician in the day shift for attending to navigational lights was continued without any complaint from the staff. Further the B.P.T. in paragraph 7 of their written statement have stated that the electrical foreman electrical establishment, northern division was looking after only 11 Nos. electric navigational lights are gas operated and looked after by lighthouse mechanics attached to the fitting and machineshop, B.P.T. Workshops. They further go on to say that it is correct to say that even after the implementation of the award in Ref. No. CGIT-18 of 1968, the old practice of posting the juniormost electrician available in the day shift at M.O.T.

15. On the other hand the B.P.T. Employees' Union supports notice of change dated 13th September 1973 as being equitable.

16. Having given my earnest consideration to the contentions advanced before me by the representative of the B.P.T. General Workers' Union, I am unable to sustain his objections to the notice of change dated 13th September 1973. It is true that it is admitted in the written statement of the Bombay Port Trust that in the past junior electricians were allotted the work of repairs and maintenance of navigational lights which is not a highly skilled work and this practice continued smoothly and without any complaint. But that cannot be a justification for continuing this practice. For the purpose of attending to navigational electric lights (including leading lights, buoys and beacons) at and around Butcher Island the electricians have to face the hazards of the sea and it is not a pleasant job. It will therefore be highly irrational if this unpleasant job is to be undertaken only by junior electricians. The junior and senior electricians are on the same scale of pay and an invidious distinction will be made if this work is only allotted to junior electricians. It may be pointed out here that this principle of rotation was accepted even in the previous award in Ref. No. CGIT-18 of 1968 wherein the notice of change dated 2-1-1973 was to the effect that the employees will be rotated at regular intervals at their various places of work and in their shifts unless in a perticular case the rotation cannot be effected for administrative, operational or other equally valid reasons to be recorded in writing y the Head of the Department. There fore this principle of rotation has already been accepted in the past.

17. I, therefore, hold that the changes notified by the Bombay Port Trust in its notice of change in service conditions dated 13th September 1973 in the matter of posting of electricians under the Engineer, Marine Oil Terminal, Butcher Island, for attending to navigational electric lights (including leading lights, buoys and beacons) at and around Butcher

Island are justified and should be implemented except to the extent of paragraph 3 thereof. Paragraph 3 as it stands at present provides as follows:—

"In the case of absence of the electrician grade I who is required to attend to the said work on a particular day as per the roster, the senior-most electrician present and available at Butcher Island on the said day will be required to carry out the said work provided he has not already been detailed for the said work in the week in question, in which case, the next senior-most electrician present and available on the said day at Butcher Island will carry out the work and so on. A separate register will be maintained by the Engineer, M.O.T. Butcher Island recording therein the date on which such substitution has been done."

When there is no distinction between the junior and senior electricians in the matter of rotation it will not be fair to burden the seniormost electricians present to attend to the said work in the absence of electrician grade I. Any electrician present at Butcher Island on the said day will be required to carry out the said work. Paragraph 3 of the notice of change will therefore be modified as follows:—

"In the case of absence of the electrician grade I who is required to attend to the said work on a particular day as per the roster any electrician present and available at Butcher Island on the said day will be required to carry out the said work provided he has not already been detailed for the said work in the week in question in which case any other electrician present and available on the said day at Butcher Island will carry out the work and so on. A separate register will be maintained by the Engineer M.O.T. Butcher Island recording therein the date on which such substitution has been done."

Except for the modification in paragraph 3 of the notice of change as above the rest of the paragraphs of the notice of change dated 13th September 1973 are sustained.

The reference is answered accordingly.

No order as to costs.

B. RAMLAL KISHEN, Presiding Officer [No. L-31011/6/74-P&D/D-IV(A)]

## New Delhi, the 20th August, 1975

S.O. 2955.—In pursuance of Section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal, Bombay in the industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the management of Messrs Therapeutics Chemical Research Corporation, Margao, Goa and their workmen, which was received by the Central Government on the 18th August, 1975.

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL

TRIBUNAL NO. 2, BOMBAY.

Reference No. CGIT-2/4 of 1974

#### PARTIES:

Employers in relation to the management of Messrs.
Therapeutics Chemical Research Corporation,
Margao (Goa).

## AND their workmen.

#### APPEARANCES:

For the employers.—Shri S. K. Bagoji Rao, Accountant. For the workman.—Shri S. D. Pawooskar.

STATE: Union Territory of INDUSTRY: Major Ports and Goa. Docks.

Bombay, dated the 31st July, 1975

-. . . :

#### **AWARD**

The Government of India, Ministry of Labour have in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (Act 14 of 1947) by their order No. L-36012/9/73-P&D dated 19th February, 1974 referred to this Tribunal for adjudication an industrial dispute existing between the employers in relation to the management of Messrs. Therapeutics Chemical Research Corporation, Margao (Goa) and their workmen in respect of the subject matter specified in the following schedule:

#### **SCHEDULE**

- "Whether the action of the management of Measrs. Therapeutics Chemical Research Corporation, Margao (Goa) in dismissing their workman Shri Shaik Mohidin, Assistant Sampler, from service is justified? If not, to what relief is the workman entitled?"
- 2. After the receipt of the order of reference, notices were issued to the parties for filing statement of claim and written statement. The workman by his statement of claim has submitted that he was employed by the management as an Assistant Sampler in their establishment at Marmagao Harbour with effect from 28th January, 1965 and subsequently confirmed as such. He has stated that the management abruptly and illegally terminated his services by letter dated 23-2-1970 after which he raised an industrial dispute which was referred for adjudication to the Central Government Industrial Tribunal No. 2, Bombay and the reference was marked as CGIT-2/7 of 1971. According to the workman the Tribunal's award in the above dispute held his termination to be illegal and asked the management to reinstate him in service with continuity of service immediately with the arrears of back wages in full. Actually he was reinstated 10 months after the passing of the award and he had to approach the Regional Labour Commissioner (C) time and again to get his arrears of back wages. The workman has further submitted that the management is not in the habit of paying wages regularly to its workmen including himself. It is the case of the workman that his reinstatement to his original post with continuity of service and with full back wages has caused much annoyance to the management and the management was waiting for an opportunity to dismiss the workman from service.
- 3. The short facts of the present dispute as stated by the workman are as follows:
- 4. On 28-3-1973 the Vasco office in charge gave a memo to the workman alleging that he was negligent on duty; it is alleged that the said officer in charge told the workman that he would be issued two more such memos and then his services will be terminated. This perturbed the workman as a result of which he sent a strong reply to the management. On receipt of this reply the management it is alleged threatend the workman of dire consequences if he pursued the question of his back wages. The management then terminated his services with effect from 24-4-1973. It is submitted by the workman that he has not been inforced either in writing or orally of the alleged irregularity in duties spoiling the relation between the management and other staff. It is further submitted that the management has not held a domestic enquiry for investigating the alleged charges in accordance with the rules of natural justice and that they adopted an arbitratory procedure in terminating his services abruptly. The management has not acted in good faith and therefore their action is mala fide. The workman protested against his illegal and arbitratory dismissal from service and raised an industrial dispute before the Assistant Labour Commissioner (C) Vasco da Gama and after the failure of the conciliation and the submission of the report to the Government the dispute was referred for adjudication to this Tribunal. The workman has finally submitted that since his termination of service was illegal, invalid and mala fide he should be reinstated with full wages from the said date i.e. 24-4-1973.
- 5. Although several adjournments were granted to facilitate the management to file their written statement in reply they

- did not do so. The matter was then fixed for hearing at Goa on 8th July, 1975 and it was adjourned to the 10th July at the request of the management to enable them to file their written statement. On the 10th July, 1975 it was reported by the representative of the management that a settlement of the dispute was likely to be reached and therefore wanted time till the end of July, 1975. The Advocate for the workman had no objection to this provided a settlement was reached before the end of the month. The employers did not file their written statement and it was made clear to them that no further opportunity would be given to them to file their written statement. It was also made clear to both parties at the hearing that if the settlement is not submitted before this Tribunal before 28-7-1975 an award would be made in the dispute on the basis of the available record.
- 6. A perusal of the record shows that the workman was employed by the respondents as an assistant sampler and his services were terminated on 23-2-1970. He raised an industrial dispute in connection therewith and it was referred for adjudication to the Central Government Industrial Tribunal No. 2 Bombay. My learned predecessor gave an award in that dispute—Ref. No. CGIT-2/7 of 1971, directing the reinstatement of the workman and to pay him back wages from the date of termination of service till the date of reinstatement i.e. 22-11-1972, which was effected ten months after the passing of the award.
- 7. Subsequent to this, it transpires that a memo was served on the workman on 28-3-1973 in the following terms:—

Sub: s.s. Grand Prife I/Ore and

Ferro Manganese Shipment.

- "You were instructed to carry out the crushing work of I/Ore and F/M ore, but we got surprising result of F/M Barges Shivanand of 14/3, Banga Jyoti of 15/3 Ganga Jyoti of 16/3 and I/Ore sample No. 11 Barges Betal of 17/5 Betal of 18/3 and ANIL 20-3-73 which I feel have come due to your negligence in carrying out the I/ore and F/M ore crushing work.
- So please give me necessary explanation why the surprising result come within four days on receipt of this memo."
- 8. The workman gave his explanation on 1-4-1973 denying the allegations, and on 24th April, 1973 the management sent an order of termination to the workman in the following terms:—
  - "This is to inform you that the explanation given by you for our memo dated 28-3-1973 is unsatisfactory also it is observed that you are not attending the duties properly and causing inconvenience to the Management as well as spoiling the relations between the Management and the other staff. It is observed that you are involved in mischief, spoiling the reputation of the firm, hence the management has decided to dismiss you and you are dismissed with immediate effect."

This notice was received by the workman as is evident from his letter dated 28-4-1973 wherein he has challenged his dismissal and refuted the allegations made in the letter. A copy of this letter was endorsed to the Assistant Labour Commissioner (C) Vasco da Gama and the Regional Labour Commissioner (Central) Bombay wherein he has sought their help in recovering them the management his arrears of back wages and his salary for the months of March and April, 1973 and reinstate him. As the management failed to reinstate the workman and pay him the back wages the workman approached the Assistant Labour Commissioner by his letter dated 7-5-1973. The matter was then taken up in conciliation which ended in failure/report was submitted to the Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Labour, by the Assistant Labour Commissioner (Central) Vasco da Gama on 13th December, 1973. Thereafter the dispute was referred for adjudication to this Tribunal on 19th February, 1974.

- 9. The first point that arises for determination is whether the action of the management in dismissing Shri Shaik Mohidin, Assistant Sampler, from service is justified. As stated supra, the management has not filed any written statement in this reference although several opportunities were given to them to do so. The management has not also intimated to this Tribunal about any settlement arrived at between the Parties as agreed at the hearing in Goa on 10-7-1975. If any settlement was arrived at the parties were to intimate the same to this Tribunal by the 28th July, 1975. To day is the 31st July, 1975 and nothing has been received, nor has any intimation been received that a settlement is being filed. In these circumstances there is no other alternative for me but to make an award on the basis of the material before this Tribunal as intimated to the parties and as agreed by them at the hearing on 10-7-1975.
- 10. The dismissal from service of the workman by the management cannot at all be sustained. No charges were levelled against the workman and he was not given an opportunity to meet the charges. The allegations made in the memo dated 28-3-1973 have nothing in common with the grounds of termination of service stated in the letter of the management dated 24-4-1973. No enquiry was conducted by the management and in the most unceremonious has to the workman was dismissed from service without observing the principles of natural justice. No record has been placed before this Tribunal about any enquiry having been held before the dismissal of the workman. I therefore hold that the action of the management of Messrs. Therapeutics Chemical Research Corporation, Margao (Goa) in dismissing their workman Shri Shaik Mohidin Assistant Samplor from service is not justified.
- 11. The next question for consideration is as to what relief the workman is entitled. As the workman has been dismissed from service without any charge-sheet and without an enquiry having been conducted to give the workman an opportunity to defend himself the proper relief in this case could be the relief of reinstatement. I therefore direct that the management will reinstate the workman is his post of Assistant Sampler with all back wages from the date of his dismissal to the date of his reinstatement within thirty days of the publication of this award in the official gazette. Award is made accordingly.

The workman will be entitled to Rs. 50 as costs.

B. RAMLAL KISHEN, Presiding Officer.

[No. L-36012/9/73-P&D/D-IV(A)] NAND LAL, Section Officer, (Spl.)

## ग्रादेण

नई दिल्ली, 23 जुलाई, 1975

आ० आ० 2956. -केन्द्रीय सरकार की राय है कि इससे उपाबद्ध अनुभूची में विभिद्दिष्ट निषयों के बारे में पूर्व बास्मेरिया कोलियरी, डाककर बांग्जारा जिला अनगढ़ के प्रवत्यनांत्र में सम्बद्ध नियोधकों धौर उसके कर्मकारों के बीज एक धौधोगिक विदाद विद्यमान है;

प्रौर केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को न्यायनिर्णयन के लिए निर्देशित करना बांछनीय समझनी है ;

थाः, स्रय, श्रीयांगिक विवाद श्रीधितियम, 1947 (1917 का 14) की भारा 10 की उप-धारा (1) के खण्ड (घ) द्वारा प्रदत्त शिक्षयों का ग्रेणा करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद की उक्त प्रधिशियम की भारा 7क के स्थीन गठिन केन्द्रीय सरकार श्रीयोगिक श्रीधकरण संक्या 2, धतबाद की त्यायनिर्णयन के लिए निर्देणित करती है।

## प्र<u>नुस</u>ूची

कोलियरी, डाकपर बांसजीरा जिला धनवाद के प्रवन्धतंत्र की, श्रीमती

वाराणी देवी, तेल प्रकास (पालाई) मजदूर को 25 जून, 19 **हैं** से पास से रोकने को कार्रवाई -पाक्षोचित है? अदि नहीं, ता उत्तर कप -कार किस प्रमुतीय का हकदार है?

[संबंधा: एव-2012/129/7 -म्बर श्राप्य-2 धी-3(ए)

#### ORDER

#### New Delhi, the 23rd July, 1975

S.O. 2956.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the management of East Basseriya Colliery, Post Office Bansjora, District Dhanbad, and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Central Government Industrial Tribunal No. 2, Dhanbad, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

#### THE SCHEDULE

Whether the action of the management of East Basseriya Colliery of Messrs Bharat Coking Coal Limited, Post Office Bansjora, District Dhanbad, in stopping Shrimati Badami Devi, Oil Supply Mazdoor, from work from 25th June, 1974 is justified? If not, to what relief is the said workman entitled?

[No. L-2012/129/74/LRH/D-HEA]

#### ग्रादेश

नई दिल्ली, दिनांक 30 गुलाई, 1975

का० प्रा० 2957.—केन्द्रीय सरकार की राय है कि इससे उपा-बढ़ अमुसूची में विनिर्दिष्ट विषयों के बारे में मैंसर्स टाटा ग्रायरन एंड स्टील कम्पनी लिमिटेड की जामाबोबा कोलियरी के टेकेंद्रार मेसर्स शापर इन्ट्राफार कम्पनी ग्राफ इंडिया, लिमिटेड, डाक्चर जामादोबा, जिला धन-बाद के प्रबन्धतन्त्र के मम्बन्ध नियाजकों और उनके धर्मकारों के बीच एक ग्रीग्रोगिक विवाद विद्यामन है;

ग्रीर केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त जिलाद को न्यायनिर्णयन के लिये निर्धेणिय करना बांछनीय समझती है;

श्रतः, अस, श्रौद्धोगिक विवाद श्रिक्षित्तमम्, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 10 की उप-धारा (1) के खंड (घ) द्वारा अदल शिक्ष्यों का प्रयोग करते हुये, केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को उक्त प्रधिनियम की धारा 7 क के प्रधीन गटिश केन्द्रीय सरकार श्रीद्योगिक श्रिष्टिकरण, संख्या 2, धनकाद को न्यायनिर्णयम के लिये निर्देशित करती है।

## ग्र<u>न</u>ुसूची

क्या मैसर्स टाटा भ्रायरन एंड स्टील कम्पनी लिमिटेड की जामादीबा भीनियरी के टेकेदार मैसर्स थापर इन्द्राफार कम्पनी प्राफ इंडिया लिमिटे४, डाकथर जामादीबा, जिला धनबाद के प्रबन्धतन्त्र का, थी घ्रार० एस० भएकार, शाट फायरर को 31 दिसम्बर, 1974 से प्रवस्थात करना त्या-थोचिन है? यदि नहीं, तो कर्मकार किस अनुतीय का हकदार है?

[संख्या एल ०-20012/100/75-डो०-3 ए०]

#### ORDER

## New Delhi, the 30th July, 1975

S.O. 2957.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the management of Messrs Thapar Intrafor Company of India Limited, Contractor, Jamadoba Colliery of Messrs Tata Iron and Steel Company Limited, Post Office Jamadoba, District Dhanbad, and their workman in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And, whereas, the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Central Government Industrial Tribunal No. 2, Dhanbad, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

#### THE SCHEDULE

Whether the management of Messrs Thapar Intrafor Company of India Limited, Contractor. Jamadoba Colliery of Messrs Tata Iron and Steel Company Limited, Post Office Jamadoba, District Dhanbad, is justified in dismissing from service Shri R. S. Sarcar, Shot Firer, with effect from the 31st December, 1974? If not, to what relief is the workman entitled?

[No. L-20012/100/75/D.III A]

#### मादेश

का० आ० 2958.—केन्द्रोय सरकार की राम है कि इससे उपा-वह अनुसूची में विनिर्दिष्ट विषयों के बारे में मैसर्स टाटा आयरन एंड स्टील कम्पनी लिमिटेड की जामादोबा कोलियरी के ठेकेदार मैसर्स धापर इण्ट्राफार कम्पनी आफ इंडिया लिमिटेड, बाकथर जामादोबा, जिला धन-बाद के प्रबन्धसन्त्र से सम्बद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच एक श्रीबोगिक विवाद विक्रमान है;

भौर, केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को न्यायनिर्णयन के लिये निर्वेक्षित करना बांछनीय समझती है:

मतः, श्रम, श्रीक्षोगिक विवाद श्रीवित्यम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 10 की उप-धारा (1) के खंड (घ) द्वारा प्रदस्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुये, केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को उक्त श्रितियम की वारा 7 क के श्रधीन गठित केन्द्रीय सरकार श्रीक्षोगिक श्रिकरण संख्या 2, वनमाद को स्यायनिर्णयन के लिथे निर्देशित करती है।

# **प्रमुखी**

क्या मैससं टाटा धायरन एंड स्टील कम्पनी लिमिटेड की आमादीबा कोलियरी के ढेकेबार-मैससं वापर इन्ट्राफार कम्पनी भ्राफ इंडिया खि॰, डाकधर जामावीबा, जिला धनबाद के प्रबन्धतन्त्र का, श्री कृष्ण दुवे, टिज्पिंग स्टेबन एटेण्डेण्ट की 31 विसम्बर, 1974 से पदस्युत करना न्यायोजिस हैं? यदि नहीं, तो कर्मकार किस अनुवोब का हक्षवार हैं?

> [संख्या एल-20012/101/75-ती० III-ए०] एल० के० नारायणम, अनुभाग धविकारी (विशेष)

# ORDER

S.O. 2958.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employ-69 GI/75—12

ers in relation to the management of Messrs Thapar Intrafor Company of India Limited, Contractor, Jamadoba Colliery of Messrs Tata Iron and Steel Company Limited, Post Office Jamadoba, District Dhanbad, and their workman in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And, whereas, the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Central Government Industrial Tribunal No. 2 Dhanbad, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

#### THE SCHEDULE

Whether the management of Messrs Thapar Intrafor Company of India Limited, Contractor, Jamadoba Colliery of Messrs Tata Iron and Steel Company Limited, Post Office Jamadoba, District Dhanbad, is Justified in dismissing from service Shri Krishna Dubey, Tipping Station Attendant, with effect from the 31st December, 1974? If not, to what relief is the workman entitled?

[No. L-20012/101/75/D. III A]

L. K. NARAYANAN, Section Officer (Spl.)

New Delhi, the 26th August, 1975

S.O. 2959.—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal No. 2, Dhanbad, in the industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the management of South Govindpur Colliery of Messrs Bharat Coking Coal Limited, Post Office Sonardih, District Dhanbad and their workman, which was received by the Central Government on the 21st August, 1975.

# BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL (NO. 2) AT DHANBAD

REFERENCE NO. 40 OF 1975

In the matter of an industrial dispute u/s 10(1)(d) of the Industrial Disputes Act., 1947.

#### PARTIES:

Employers in relation to the management of South Govindpur Colliery of M/s. Bharat Coking Coal Ltd., P.O. Sonardih, Dist. Dhanbad.

# AND

## Their workmen.

# APPEARANCES:

- On behalf of the employers.—Shri J. Singh, Senior Personnel Officer.
- On behalf of the workmen.—Shri S. Dasgupta, Joint General Secretary, Colliery Mazdoor Sangh.

## PRESENT:

Shri K. K. Sarkar, Judge, Presiding Officer

State: Bihar.

Industry : Coal.

# Dhanbad, 16th August, 1975

# AWARD

The Government of India, Ministry of Labour, being of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the management of South Govindpur Colliery of Messrs Bharat Coking Coal Limited, P. O. Sonardih, District Dhanbad and their workmen, by their order No. L-20012/2/75/DIIIA dated 15th April, 1975 referred the same to this Tribunal u/s 10(1)(d) of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 for adjudication on the issue as in the schedule below;

#### THE SCHEDULE

"Whether the management of South Govindpur Colliery of M/s. Bharat Coking Coal Ltd., P.O. Sonardih, Dist. Dhanbad, are justified in dismissing Shri Subhash Chandra Bhatia, Attendance Clerk and Shri Nandji Singh, Bill Clerk, with effect from 14-9-74? If not, to what relief are the said workmen entitled?"

After the receipt of the order of reference from the Government of India written statement was filed by the workmen. The case proceeded along its course and ultimately on 31-7-75 both the parties appeared and filed a joint petition of compromise settling the industrial dispute amicably. The settlement appears to have been duly signed by the Joint General Secretary, Colliery Mazdoor Sangh on behalf of the workmen besides the concerned workmen themselves and by the Sub-Area Manager Govindpur Sub-Area on behalf of the employers. The terms of the settlement appears to be beneficial to the parties and nothing stands in the way of an award being passed thereon as prayed for in the memorandum of settlement.

In the result, I pass an award in respect of the industrial dispute referred to on terms as embodied in the joint petition of compromise (settlement) which do form part of the award as Annexure A.

K. K. SARKAR, Judge, Presiding Officer,

#### ANNEXURE 'A'

# BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL NO. 2 AT DHANBAD

Reference No. 40 of 1975
Employers in relation to South Govindpur Colliery

#### AND

Their workmen represented by Colliery Mazdoor Sangh

Joint Petition of Compromise Settlement

The humble petitioners, on behalf of the parties abovenamed, most respectfully pray:—

1. That the parties concerned in the present dispute have arrived at an amicable settlement of the dispute on the terms stated below:—

## TERMS OF SETTLEMENT

- (a) The management agrees to reinstate Shri Subhash Chandra Bhatla and Shri Nandjee Singh in the post they had been holding before their dismissal, within fifteen days of their reporting for resumption of duty to the Sub Area Manager, Govindpur Sub Area. The management shall however, have the right to post him an any colliery within the Govindpur Sub Area.
- (b) It is agreed by the parties that the workmen named above shall report for duty to the Sub Area Manager, Govindpur Sub Area, within fifteen days from the date of this settlement. failing which they or any of them shall forefeit the right of employment.
- (c) The management agrees that the period of idleness from the date of their dismissal to the date of their or resumption of duty shall be treated as leave without pay and the continuity of their service shall be maintained.
- (d) It is agreed that the workmen concerned shall have no claim on account any back wages for the period of their idleness as specified in para (c) above.
- (e) The management agrees to pay cost of Rs. 100/-(Rupees one hundred only) to the Union on the date of settlement.
- 2. The humble petitioners pray that the Hon'ble Tribunal may graciously be pleased to approve of the terms of settle-

ment stated above and pass an award in terms thereof.

For the Workniën: S. DAS GUPTA, Jt. General Secy.

For the Management:

 Sub Area Manager, Govindpur Sub Area.

Workmen:

- 1. Nandii Singh
- 2. Subhash Ch. Bhatia

[No. L-20012/2/75-DIII A]

Dated 31-7-75 L. K. NARAYANAN, Section Officer, (Spl.)

## झादेश

# नई दिल्ली, 25 जुलाई, 1975

कार आर 2960. — केन्द्रीय सरकार की राय है कि इससे उपावड अनुसूची में विभिद्दिष्ट विषयों के बारे में इंडियन एयर लाइन्स के प्रवन्ध-तन्त्व से सम्बद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच एक श्रीक्षोगिक विषाद विद्यमान है:

भीर, केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को स्थाय निर्णयन के लिये निर्देशित करना वाछनीय समझती है;

श्रतः, श्रव, श्रौद्योगिक विवाद प्रधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 10 की उप-धारा (1) के खंड (ध) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुये, केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को उक्त श्रीधिनियम की धारा 7 क के श्रधीन गठित श्रौद्योगिक श्रीधिकरण, विस्ली को न्यायनिर्णयम के लिये निर्वेशित करती है।

## **धनुसूची**

क्या इंडियन एयर लाइन्स, नई दिल्ली के प्रबन्धतन्त्र का 17 जून, 1974 से श्री मुख्तियार सिंह की सेवाओं को समाप्त करना न्यायोजित है? यदि नहीं, तो कर्मकार किस अनुसोध का हकदार है?

संख्या एल०-11012(2)/75-छी०-2 (बी०)]

## ORDER

New Delhi, the 25th July, 1975

**S.O. 2960.**—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the management of Indian Airlines and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And, whereas, the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, Delhi, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

#### THE SCHEDULE

Whether the management of the Indian Airlines, New Delhi is justified in terminating the services of Shri Mukhtiar Singh with effect from 17-6-1974? If not, to what relief is the workman entitled?

[No. L. 11012(2)/75-D.2(B)]

#### ग्रावेश

# नई दिल्ली, 26 जुलाई, 1975

का० भार० 2961 :--केन्द्रीय सरकार की राय है कि इससे उपा-बद्ध प्रभुष्णी में विनिर्दिष्ट विषय के बारे में भारी जल परियोजना, डाकघर प्रणुशक्ति, बरास्ता कोटा के प्रबन्धतन्त्र से सम्बद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच एक ग्रौद्योगिक विवाद विद्यमान है;

भीर केरद्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को न्यायनिर्णयन के लिये निर्देशित करना बांछनीय समझती है;

श्रतः, सब, भौधोगिकं विवाद श्रिधितयम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 7-क भ्रौर धारा 10 की उप-धारा (1) के खंड (घ) द्वारा प्रदेत प्रक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुये, केन्द्रीय सरकार एक श्रौधोगिक प्रधिकरण गठित करती है जिस के पीठासीन प्रधिकारी श्री उपवेश नारामण माथुर होंगे, जिनका मुख्यालय जयपुर में होगा भौर उक्त विवाद की उक्त प्रधिकरण को न्यायनिर्णयम के लिये निर्देशित करती है।

## ग्रनुसूची

क्या भारी जल परियोजना, शकधर ग्रणुशिवत, बरास्ता कोटा के निर्माण प्रबन्धक की नीचे वर्णित कर्मकारों की 27 जुलाई, 1974 (ग्रप-राह्म) से छंटमी करने की कार्रवाई न्यायोचित थी? यदि नहीं, तो ये कर्मकार किस श्रमुलोच के हकबार हैं ?

- (1) श्री बाजाराम सिंह
- (2) " इसमक लाल
- (3) श्री भंदर लाल
- (4) श्री बजरंग लाल
- (5) श्री तुससी राम
- (6) श्री शरीफ मली
- (7) श्री शमशेर झली

[संख्या एल०-42012(36)/74-एल० म्रार० 3/डी०-2-डी०]

#### ORDER

#### New Delhi, the 26th July, 1975

S.O. 2961.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the management of the Heavy Water Project, Post Office Anushakti, Via-Kota and their workmen in respect of the matter specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And, whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 7A, and clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10, of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby constitutes an Industrial Tribunal of which Shri Updesh Narain Mathur shall be the Presiding Officer, with headquarters at Jaipur and refers the said dispute for adjudication to the said Tribunal.

## **SCHEDULE**

Whether the actio nof the construction manner, Heavy Water Project, Post Office Anushakti, Via-Kota, in retrenching the undermentioned workmen with effect from the 27th July, 1974 (afternoon) was justified? If not, to what relief are these workmen entitled?

- (1) Shri Bajaram Singh.
- (2) Shri Jhamak Lal.
- (3) Shri Bhanwarlal.
- (4) Shri Bajarang Lal.

- (5) Shri Tulsi Ram.
- (6) Shri Sharif Ali.
- (7) Shri Shamsher Ali.

[No. L-42012(36)/74-LR.III/D.IIB]

#### स्रावेश

का० आर० 2962:—केन्द्रीय सरकार की राय है कि इससे उपा-बढ श्रमुस्ची में विनिर्विष्ट विषय के बारे में न्यूविलग्रर प्रयूचल काम्प्लेक्स, मौला भली, हैदराबाद के प्रवन्धतन्त्र से सम्बद्ध नियोजकों और उनके कर्मकारों के बीच एक औद्योगिक विवाद विद्यामान है;

भौर केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को न्यायनिर्णयम के लिये निर्देशित करना बांछमीय समझती है;

मतः, श्रव, श्रीद्योगिक विवाद प्रक्षितियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 7-क और धारा 10 की उप-धारा (1) के खंड (घ) द्वारा प्रवत्त शिक्तयों का प्रयोग करते हुये; केन्द्रीय सरकार एक श्रीद्योगिक अधि-करण गठित करती है जिसके पीठासीन अधिकारी श्री टी० नरसिंह राव होंगे, जिनका मुख्यालय हैदराबाव में होगा श्रीर उक्त विवाद को उक्त अधिकरण को न्यायनिर्णयम के लिये निर्वेशित करती है।

## **प्रमुखो**

क्या न्यूक्लिमर प्यूमल काम्प्लेक्स मौला भ्राली, हैदराबाद के प्रवन्ध-तन्त्र का यह मानना कि श्री भ्रार० पी० काला, हैस्पर 'बी०' ने 5-10-1974 के पूर्वाह्म से अपना नियोजन छोड़ दिया है, भौर उसे नियोजन में लेने से इन्कार करना न्यायोचित है? यदि नहीं, तो उक्त कर्मकार किस भनुतोष का हकदार है ?

[संख्या एल ०-42012 (10) / 75-डी० 2 बी०]

#### **ORDER**

S.O. 2962.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the management of Nuclear Fuel Complex, Moula Ali, Hyderabad and their workman in respect of the matter specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And, whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 7-A, and clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10, of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby constitutes an Industrial Tribunal of which Shri T. Narasing Rao shall be the Presiding Officer, with headquarters at Hyderabad and refers the said dispute for adjudication to the said Tribunal.

#### **SCHEDULE**

Whether the management of Nuclear Fuel Complex, Moula Ali, Hyderabad, is justified in treating Shri R. P. Kala, Helper 'B' to have abandoned his employment with effect from the forenoon of 5-10-1974, and in refusing to take him in employment? If not, to what relief is the said workman entitled?

[No. L-42012(10)/75-D.IIB]

# मावेश

कार बार 2963.--- केन्द्रीय सरकार की राय है कि इससे उपा-बद्ध प्रनुसूची में विनिदिष्ट विषयों के बारे में केन्द्रीय लोक निर्माण विभाग, नई विस्त्री के प्रवत्थलंत से सम्बद्ध निवोजकों चौर छनके कर्वकारों के बीच एक क्षीकोनिक निवाद निवसान है;

धौद केन्द्रीय घरकार जक्त विवाद को न्यायनिर्णयन के लिए निर्वेशित करना बाखनीय समझती है:

श्रतः, श्रव, श्रीकोगिफ विशव श्रीविनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) श्री धारा 10 श्री उप-धारा (1) के खण्ड (व) द्वारा प्रवक्त श्रविनियम का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को उक्त श्रविनियम की धारा 7-क के श्रधीन मठित श्रीकोगिक श्रिकरण, विल्ली को न्याय-निर्णयन के लिए निर्देखित करती है।

#### बनुसूची

"क्या निर्भाण प्रभाग संबंधा 6 केन्द्रीय लोक निर्माण विभाग, नई दिल्ली के भूतपूर्व कर्मचारी भी ज्ञाम लाल की सैवाधों का 15-3-1974 से समाप्त किया जाना न्यायोजित है? यदि नहीं, ती वह किस धनतोच के हकदार हैं?

[संस्था एल-42012(3)/74-एल० प्रार०-3/डी2(बी)] हरबंस अहादर, प्रनुभाग प्रक्षिकारी (विशेष)

#### ORDER

B.O. 2963.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the management of the Central Public Works Department, New Delhi and their workman in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, Delhi, constituted under section 7-A of the said Act.

#### **SCHEDULE**

Whether the termination of services of Shri Sham Lal, ex-employee of the Construction Division No. VI, Central Public Works Department, New Delhi, with effect from 15-3-1974 is justified? If not, to what relief is he entitled?

[No. L-42012(3)/74-LR.HI/D.2(B)] HARBANS BAHADUR, Section Officer (Spl.)

#### मादेश

नई दिल्ली, 26 जुलाई, 1975

का॰ बा॰ 2984. --केन्द्रीय सरकार की राय है कि इससे उपावद अनुसूची में विभिविष्ट विषयों के बारे में ब्रिडलेज बैंक खिमिटेड, कलकत्ता के सम्बद्ध नियोजकों बीर उनके कर्मकारों के बीच एक बीखोनिक विवाद विश्वमान है;

भीर केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को ध्यायनिर्णयन के सिए निर्देशित करना बांछनीय समझती है;

धतः, धव धौधोणिक विवाद घित्रित्यम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की घारा 10 की उपधारा (1) के खण्ड (व) द्वारा प्रदत्त सक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को उक्त घित्रियम की घारा 7-क के घित्रीन गठित घौद्योगिक घित्रकरण, कलकत्ता, को न्याय-निर्णेशन के लिए निर्वेशित करती है।

## **ग्रनुस्**ची

क्या ब्रिडलेख बैंक लिमिटेड, कलकसा के प्रबन्धतस्त्र द्वारा नियोजित निम्निसिखत 13 ब्राइवर उन्हीं मजदुरियों, भत्तों और अन्य सुविधाओं के हकदार हैं जिनका उपभोग उक्त बैंक के घन्य ब्राइवर करते हैं, यदि हां, तो किस तारीख से और किसी विस्तार तक?

- 1. मकसूव ग्रहमद
- 2. मुहम्मद याक्ष
- 3. करीमजल्मह कान
- 4. मुहम्मव सुसैमान
- 5. बारेंस
- 6. मंकर लाल नाह
- 7. मुहम्मव ग्रंसार
- मुहम्मद निजामुद्दीन
- 9. जोसेफ फॉन्सिस
- 10. अन्देशवर कुमार
- 11. भली मुहम्मद
- 12. एस० एम० रहमान
- 13. ह्यात मुहम्मद

[सं० एल० 12011/15/75/इति 2 / ए]

द्यार० कुजिबापदम्, भ्रवर समिव

#### ORDER

New Delhi, the 26th July, 1975

**5.0. 2964.**—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Grindlays Bank Limited, Calcutta and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed:

And Whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by the clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, Calcutta, constituted under section 7-A of the said Act.

#### **SCHEDULE**

Whether the following 13 Drivers employed by the Management of Grindlays Bank Limited, Calcutta are entitled to the same wages, allowances and other facilities enjoyed by the other drivers of the said Bank? If so, from what date and to what extent?

- 1. Maksood Ahmed.
- 2. Md. Yakub.
- 3. Kari Mullah Khan.
- 4. Md. Suleman.
- 5. Lowrance.
- 6. Shankar Lal Shah.
- 7. Md. Ansar.
- 8. Md. Nizamuddin.
- 9. Joseph Francis.
- 10. Chandeshwar Kumar.
- 11. Ali Mohammad.
- 12. S. M. Rahman.
- 13. Havat Mohammad.

[No. L-12011/15/75/DII/A]

R. KUNJITHAPADAM, Under Secy.

## जावेश

# मई विल्ली, 31 जुलाई, 1975

का॰ आ॰ 2965.—केन्द्रीय सरकार की राय है कि इससे उपावद प्रमुख्यी में विनिर्विष्ट विषयों के बारे में मैससे हिन्दूस्तान स्टील लिमिटेड के राजरकेला स्टीम प्लाण्ट के स्थामित्वाधीन, सिंहभूम जिले में बारा-जाम्दा स्थित, इस्पात मैगेनीज माइन, डाकचर राजरकेला, जिला सुन्दरगढ़ के प्रवन्धतंत्र से सम्बद्ध नियोजकों ग्रीर उनके कर्मकार—श्री मो॰ रहीम के बीच एक ग्रीक्षोगिक विवाद विद्धमान है;

भीर केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को त्यायनिर्णयन के लिए निर्देशित करना बांछनीय समझती है:

श्रतः स्रव, स्रीकोशिक विवाद स्रधिनियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की वारा 10 की उप-धारा (1) के खण्ड (व) द्वारा प्रदत्त सक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को उक्त प्रधिनियम की धारा 7-क के सबीन गठित स्रीकोशिक प्रधिकरण (संख्या 2), धनवाद को न्यायनिर्णयन के लिए निर्वेशित करती है।

## **घ**नुसूची

क्या मैससं हिन्दूस्तान स्टील लिमिटेड के राउरकेला स्टील पलाण्ट के स्वामित्वाधीन, सिंहभूम जिले में बाराजाम्वा स्थित, इस्पात मैंगनीज माइन, डाकचर राउरकेला, जिला सुन्दरगढ़, उड़ीसा राज्य, के प्रबन्धसंत्र को 23 प्रक्तूबर, 1974 से श्री मो० रहीम हल्का यान चालक की सेवाएं समाप्त करने की कार्रवाई न्यायोजित थी? यदि नहीं, तो सम्बन्धित कर्मकार किस प्रमुतीव का हकवार है?

[संख्या एल-27012/5/74-एल-घार०-4की 4 (बी)]

# ORDER

#### New Delhi, the 31st July, 1975

S.O. 2965.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the management of Ispat Manganese Mine situated at Barajamda in the District of Singhbhum, owned by Rourkela Steel Plant of Messrs Hindustan Steel Limited, Post Office Rourkela, District Sundergarh and their workman Shri Md. Rahim in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, (No. 2), Dhanbad constituted under section 7-A of the said Act.

## **SCHEDULE**

Whether the action of the management of Ispat Manganese Mine situated at Barajamda in the District of Singhbhum, owned by Rourkela Steel Plant of Messrs Hindustan Steel Limited, Post Office Rourkela, District Sundergarh, Orissa State, was justified in terminating the services of Shri Md. Rahim, Light Vehicle Driver with effect from the 23rd October, 1974?

If not, to what relief is the concerned workman entitled?

[No. L-27012/5/74-LR-IV-D-IV(B)]

#### श्रादेश

# नई दिल्ली, 21 जुलाई, 1975

का० बा० 2966.—केन्द्रीय सरकार की राय है कि इससे उपान् बढ प्रनुसूत्री में जिनिर्दिष्ट विषयों के बारे में मैसर्स रतन लाल ताराचन्द्र की बाटकुरी लौहा अयस्क खानों के रेजिंग ठेकेदार, श्री कमलजीत सिंह श्राहसुवालिया, डाकबर बाबिल, जिला केश्रोझार के निश्रोजकों धौर उनके कर्मकारों के बीच एक श्रीकोगिक विदाद विकासन है;

भीर केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को न्यायनिर्णयन के लिए निर्देशित करना वास्त्रनीय समझती है;

प्रतः, प्रव ग्रौकोगिक विवाद प्रशितियम, 1947 (1947 का 14) की धारा 10 की उप-धारा (1) के बण्ड (व) द्वारा प्रदत्त मिन्तयों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार उक्त विवाद को उक्त प्रशितियम की धारा 7-क के प्रधीन गठित ग्रौकोगिक भश्चिकरण (संख्या 1), धनवाद, को न्यायनिर्णयन के लिए निर्देशित करती है।

## धनुसूची

- 1. क्या लौह धयस्क खनन उक्कोग सम्बन्धी केन्द्रीय मजदूरी बोर्ड की सिफारिशों को ध्यान में रक्कते हुए, मैसर्स रतन साल तारावन्य की घाटकुरी लौह ध्रयस्क खानों के रेजिंग ठेकेदार—श्री कमलजीत सिंह श्राहलुवालिया, डाकथर बाबिल, जिला केग्नोंझार की, उनके द्वारा नियोजित खिनकों को, उठाये गये लौह ध्रयस्क के लिए प्रति बक्स 4' 3-1/2" × 5' 3-1/2" × 13 या 25 वनफुट के लिए 2.75 रुपये ग्रौर 2.50 रुपये की वर से संदाय करने की कार्यवाही, न्यायोजित है ? यदि नहीं, तो सम्बन्धित कर्मकार किस धनुतोब के हक्कदार हैं ?
- 2. क्या लौह अयस्क खनन उद्योग सम्बन्धी केन्द्रीय मजदूरी बोर्ड की सिफारिकों को ध्याम में रखते हुए, मैसर्स रतन साल ताराचन्द की धाटकुरी लौह प्रयस्क खानों के रेजिंग ठेकेदार—श्री कमलजीत सिंह प्राहलुवालिया, उक्तियर बाबिल, जिला केन्नोंकार की, मजदूरी के रूप में श्री धनेश नायक, ब टर कैरियर को 3/- रुपवे प्रति दिन, श्री राठी चिन्पया, मजीन दिल्लर को 3.50 रुपवे प्रति दिन ग्रीर श्री जोगेन, चौकीवार को 3/- रुपवे प्रति दिन ग्रीर श्री जोगेन, चौकीवार को 3/- रुपवे प्रतिदिन ग्रीर श्री गुरुमा, कम्बैसर ड्राइवर को 45 रुपवे प्रति सल्ताह की दर से संदाव भुगतान करने की कार्यवाही न्यायोचित है ? यदि नहीं, तो संबन्धित कर्मकार किस भनुतोष के हकदार है ?

[संख्या एल-26011/19/74-एल० भार०-4/डी-4वी] भूपेन्द्र साथ, मनुभाग ग्रक्षिकारी (विश्वेष)

#### ORDER

## New Delhi, the 21st July, 1975

S.O. 2966.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employer to Shri Kamaljit Singh Ahluwalia, Raising Contractor of Ghatkuri Iron Ore Mines of Messrs Rattanlal Tarachand. Post Office Barbil, District Keonjhar and his workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal (No. 1), Dhanbad, constituted under section 7-A of the said Act.

#### **SCHEDULE**

- Whether the action of Shri Kamaljit Singh Abluwalia, Raising Contractor of Ghatkuri Iron Ore Mines of Messrs Rattanlal Tarachand, Post Officer Barbil, District Keonjhar in paying @Rs. 2.75 and Rs. 2.50 per box 4' 3½' X 5' 3½' X 13 or 25 Cubic feet of Iron Ore raised, to the miners employed by him, keeping in view the recommendations of the Central Wage Board for Iron Ore Mining Industry is justified? If not, to what relief are the concerned workmen entitled?
- 2. Whether the action of Shri Kamaljit Singh Ahluwalia, Raising Contractor of Ghatkuri Iron Ore Mines of Messrs Rattanlal Tarachand, Post Office Barbil, District Keonjhar in paying as wages @Rs. 3.00 per day to Shri Dhanesh Naik, Water Carrier, @Rs. 3.50 per day to Shri Ratho Champia, Machine Driller and Rs. 3.00 per day to Shri Jogen, Chowkidar and @Rs. 45.00 per week to Shri Gurua, Compressor Driver, keeping in view the recommendations of the Central Wage Board for Iron Ore Mining Industry is justified? If not, to what relief are the concerned workmen entitled?

[No. L-26011/19/74-LR-IV/D-IV(B)]

BHUPENDRA NATH, Section Officer (Spl.)

नई दिल्ली, 25 भगस्त, 1975

का॰ मा॰ 2967. ---केन्द्रीय सरकार, चूनापस्थर ग्रीर डोलोमाइट खान भन कल्याम निश्चि प्रधिनियम, 1972 (1972 का 62) की धारा 10 के ग्रनुसरण में, विलीय वर्ष 1974-75 के दौरान उक्त ग्रिधिनियम के श्रवीन विल्पोषित ग्रपने कियाकलापों का वृत्त देते हुए उस वर्ष के लेखा-विवरण के साथ निम्नलिखित रिपोर्ट प्रकाशित करती है:---

#### भाग-1

साबारण:—-बतापत्वर ग्रीर डोलोमाईट साम श्रम कल्याण निधि, भुमा पत्वर ग्रीर डोलोमाईट साम श्रम कन्याण निधि ग्रिधिनियम, 1972 के ग्रधीन गठित की गई थी, जिसमें किसी खान में उत्पादित उतने भूमापत्वर ग्रीर डोलोमाईट पर, जितना ब्नापत्थर ग्रीर डोलोमाईट खानों में नियोजित व्यक्तियों के कल्याण की ग्रभिवृद्धि करने के लिए---

- (1) किसी कारकाने के प्रधिष्ठाता को विकय किया जाता है या प्रत्यक्षा व्ययन किया जाता है; या
- (2) ऐसी चान के स्वामी द्वार सीमेंट, लोहा या इस्पात के निनिर्माण से संबंधित किसी प्रयोजन के लिए उपयोग में लाया जाता है,

यद्यास्थिति, बूनापत्थर या डोलोमाईट पर एक रुपया प्रति मीटरी टन से भ्रमधिक की दर से उत्पाद-शुल्क के उद्ग्रहण भीर संग्रहण की व्य-वस्था की गई हैं। उद्ग्रहण की बास्तविक दर बीस पैसे प्रति मीटरी टन हैं। उपकर के भ्रागम मुख्यतः चुनापत्थर या डोलोमाईट खानों में नियोजित व्यक्तिकों के लोक स्वांस्थ्य भीर स्वच्छता में सुधार, रोगों के निवारण और चिकित्सीय सुविद्याओं की व्यवस्था और सुधार तथा जीवनस्तर का, जिसके भ्रन्तगंत भ्रावास भीर पोषण भ्रादि भी सम्मिलित हैं, सुधार के लिए उपयोग में लाए जाते हैं।

2. प्रशासनिक सुविधा के लिए देश के ऐसे पख्रह राज्यों को, जिसमें बुनापत्थर भौर डोलोमाईट खाने हैं, पांच प्रदेशों में बांट दिया गया है भौर कोयला, धान्नक तथा लौह धायस्क खनकों के लिए उसी प्रकार के कल्माण संगठनों के धान्नीन कल्याण धायुक्तों भीर राज्य सरकारों के कुछ धान्निकारियों की श्रिक्षियम भौर उसके श्रिष्ठीन बनाए गए नियमों के प्रवर्तन के लिए कल्याण भीर उपकर भ्राधुक्तों के रूप में नियुक्त कियाँ गया है। प्रदेशों का म्राबंटम निम्न प्रकार है:

कम प्रदेश का मुख्यालय सं०	सम्मिलित राज्य	वह प्रधिकारी जिसे कार्यन्यस्त किया गया है
1. अंबलपुर	मध्य प्रदेश श्रीर महाराष्ट्र	उप कोयला खान कल्याण ग्रामुक्त, जबलपुर, मध्य- प्रदेश ।
2. भुवनेश्वर	उड़ीसा, पश्चिमी बंगाल, मासाम भौर मेवालय	श्रम भ्रायुक्त, उड़ीसा।
3. करमा		उप प्रभ्रक श्वान कल्याण धायुक्त, करमा, बिहार ।
4. भीलवाड़ा	राजस्थान ग्रौर गुजरात	मञ्जक साम कल्याण मायुक्त, भीलवाड़ा, राजस्थान ।
5. बंगलीर		लौह मयस्क ज्ञान, कल्याण मायुक्त, बंगलौर कर्नाटक ।

विभिन्न प्रदेशों में धिधिनियम के प्रवर्तन के लिए व्यवस्था की जा रही है।

1974-75 के दौरान विभिन्न प्रदेशों में चूनापत्थर ग्रीर डोलोमाईट चनकों के लिए निम्नलिखित कस्याणकारी सुविधाग्रों की ध्यवस्था की गई:

चिकित्सा सुविधाएं :— राजस्थान में तीन धायुर्वेविक श्रीवधालयों के लिए मंजूरी दी गई है जिनमें से एक में कार्य धारम्भ हो चुका है श्रीर भन्य दो में शीध ही कार्य धारम्भ हो जाएगा। गुजरात में बुंगरपुर के लिए एक एलोपेथिक भौषधालय की भी मंजूरी दी गई। मध्य प्रदेश में मैसर्स सतना सीमेंन्ट वर्कस को धपने श्रीवधालय के विस्तार के लिए सहायक धनुदान मंजूर किया गया है। 25,000 रु० का सहायक भनुदान, सतना सीमेंट वर्कस, सतना (मध्य प्रदेश) में चूनापत्थर भीर डोलोमाईट खान कर्मकारों के लिए एक रोगी-वाहन के क्य के लिए, सरकार द्वारा मंजूर किया गया है। चूनापत्थर भीर डोलोमाईट खानों में कार्य करने वाले सतना सीमेंट वर्क्स के कर्मकारों के लिए धीषधालय सेवाएं सुधारने के लिए सहायक धनुदान के रूप में 14,000 रु० की राशि भी सरकार ने मंजूर की है। बिहार के करमा प्रदेश में यक्षमा धस्पताल, भभक खान कल्याण निधि, करमा में यक्षमा रोगियों के लिए श्रम्या धार- आत की गई है।

नूनापत्थर भीर डोलोमाईट खनकों के लिए बातक भीर गम्भीर वुर्घटना स्कीम में, जो वर्ष के दौरान मंजूर की गई थी, नूनापत्थर भीर डोलोमाईट खानों में बातक भीर गम्भीर बुर्घटना से माहत व्यक्तियों को विसीय प्रमुविधाएं देने के लिये व्यवस्था की गई है। इस स्कीम के भन्तर्गत बिहार के करना बदेश में वर्ष 1974-75 के दौरान दी मामलों में संवाब किया गया था।

मौक्षिक भौर मनोरंजन मुविधाएं:——चूनामत्यर भौर डोलोमाईट खानों के कर्मकारों के पुत्रों भौर पुत्रियों को छात्रवृत्तियों देने के लिये स्कीम मंजूर की गई है, जिसमें चूनापत्यर भौर डोलोमाईट खानों में नियमित रूप से नियोजित कर्मकारों के पुत्रों भौर पुत्रिशों को छात्रवृत्तियों देने की व्यवस्था की गई है। उन्हों कस्याण भ्रायुक्तों के भ्रधीन भ्रत्य उसी प्रकार के संगठनों

lore, Karnataka.

वस-वसविध एककों की गडापना से चनापत्थर धीर डोलोमाईट ्खानों के कर्मकारों के निष्ण जलनिय प्रदर्शनों का प्रवन्त किया गया था । प्रत्येक प्रदेश में पथक युनिट क्य करने के लिये प्रबन्ध किए जा रहे हैं। सरकार ने मध्य प्रदेश के जबलपुर प्रदेश में प्रथम चुनापत्थर धीर डोलोमाईट थान कल्याण कर्मकार फुटबाल टुर्नामेंट के लिये 15,000 द० मंजूर किए हैं।

# भावास सविधाएं :

निम्न लागत ग्रावास स्कीम, जो लौह ग्रयस्क खानों में प्रचलित है, इस संगठन को विस्तारित कर दी गई है । मैसर्स सतना सीमेंट वर्ग्स. सतना (मध्य प्रदेश) की ग्रहीत खानों के कर्मकारों के लिये निम्न लागत भागास स्कीम के बाधीन 200 कमानों के निर्माण के लिए सरकार द्वारा मंज्री दे दी गई है।

#### $\mathbf{WII} - 2$

#### षर्ष 1974-75 की लेखा-विवरणी (1974-75 年 1-4-1974 को ग्रथवेष 3,81,510 €0 श्रंतिम श्राम्कलनों श्रनुसार) वर्ष 1974-75 के दौरान प्राप्तियां 25,00,000 €0 वर्ष 1974-75 के औरान क्यय 3,31,000 ₹◦ 31-3-1975 को प्रतिशोध

# नेई दिल्ली, 21 घगस्त, 1975 भाग-3

25,50,510 ই০

वर्ष 1975-76 की प्राप्तियों भीर व्यय के प्राक्कलन प्राक्शलित प्राप्तियां 50,07,000 € ∘ बजट प्राव्कलन 1975-76 प्राक्किलित व्यय 16,45,000 ₹∘

> जिड-16016/2/75-एम०वी०] पी० के० सेन, प्रवर समिव

# New Delhi, the 25 August, 1975

S. O. 2967.—In pursuance of Section 10 of the Limestone and Dolomite Mines Labour Welfare Fund Act 1972 (62 of 1972) the Central Government hereby publishes the following report giving an account of its activities financed under the said Act during the financial year 1974-75 together with a statement of accounts for that year:-

#### PART-I

General:-Limestone and Dolomite Mines Labour Welfare Fund was constituted under the Limestone and Dolomite Mines Labour Welfare Fund Act 1972 which provides for levy and collection of a cess on so much of limestone and dolomite produced in any mine,

- (i) as is sold or otherwise disposed of to the occupier of any factory, or
- (ii) as is used by the owner of such mine for any purpose in connection with the manufacture of cement, iron or steel,

to promote the welfare of the persons employed in limestone and dolomite mines at a rate not exceeding one rupce per metric tonne. The actual rate of levy is, however, twenty paise per metric tonne, the proceeds of the cess are utilised mainly for the improvement of public health and sanitation, prevention of diseases and provision and improvement of medical facilities and improvement of standards of living conditions, including housing and nutrition etc., of a persons employed in the limestone of dolomite mines.

2. For administrative convenience, the fifteen States, liaving limestone and dolomite mines in the country have been grouped Into five regions and some of the existing welfare Commissioners under the sister Welfare Organisations for Coal, Mica and Iron ore Miners and some officers of State Governments have been appointed as Welfare and Cess Commissioners for the enforcemont of the Act and the rules made thereunder. The allocation of the regions is as under:-

S. No.	Head quarters States covered Work entrusted to of the region.			
1. Jabalpur	Madhya Pradesh and Dy. Coal Mines Wo. Maharashtra. fare Commission Jabalpur, Madhy Pradesh.			
2. Bhubanesw	ar . Orissa, West Bengal, Labour Commi Assam and Megh- sioner, Orissa. alaya.			
3. Karma.	Bihar, Uttar Pradesh Dy. Mica Mines Haryana and Welfare Com- Jammu and Kash- missioner, Karm mir. Bihar			
4. Bhilwara.	. Rajasthan and Guja- Mica Mines Wel rat. fare Commissioners Bhilwara, Rajasthar			
5. Bangalore.	. Karnataka, Tamil Iron Ore Mine Nadu and Andhra Welfare Commis Pradesh. sioner, Banga			

The machinery for the enforcement of the Act is being set up in the various regions.

The following welfare facilities have been provided for limestone and dolomite miners in various regions during 1974-

Medical facilities:—In Rajasthan three Ayurvedic Dispensaries have been sanctioned, of which one has since started functioning while the other two will start functioning shortly. An allopathic dispensary for Dungarpur in Gujarat was also sanctioned. In Madhya Pradesh grant-in-aid has been sanctioned to Messr Satna Cement Works for extension of their dispensary. Grant-in-aid amounting to Rupees 25,000/- has sanctioned by the Government for the purchase of an ambulance van for limestone and dolomite mine workers of Satna Cement Works, Satna (Madhya Pradesh). Government has also sanctioned a sum of Rs. 14,000/- as grant-in-aid for improving the dispensary services for workers of Satna Cement Works working in limestone and dolomite mines. In the Karma region of Bihar, beds have been got reserved for the T. B. patients in T.B. Hospital, Mica Mines Welfare Fund, Karma.

Fatal and Serious Accident Scheme for the Limestone and Dolomite miners which was sanctioned during the year provides for the grant of financial benefits to the victims of fatal and serious accident in limestone and dolomite mines. Under this scheme payment was made in two cases during the year 1974-75 in Karma region of Bihar.

Educational and Recreational facilities: -- Scheme for the award of scholarships to the sons and daughters of workers in limestone and dolomite mines has been sanctioned which provides for the grant of scholarships to the sons and daughters of regular workers employed in the limestone and dolomite Mines.

Cinema shows to the workers in limestone and dolomite mines were arranged with the help of Mobile Cinema Units of the other sister Organisations under the same welfare Commissioners. Arrangements are being made to purchase separate units in each region. Government has sanctioned Rs. 15,000/for the first limestone and Dolomite Mines Welfare workers Football Tournament in Jabalpur region in Madhya Pradesh.

Housing Facilities:—The low Cost Housing Scheme which is in Iron Ore Mines has been extended to this Organisation. Sanction for the construction of 200 houses under the low Cost Housing Scheme for workers of captive mines of messrs Satna Cement Works Satna (Madhya Pradesh) has been accorded by the Government.

#### PART-II

Statement of Accounts for the year 1974-75.

Rs.

Opening balance as on 1-4-74 3,81,510 (As per Final Receipts during the year 1974-75 25,00,000 Estimates Expenditure during the year

1974-75 3,31,000 1974-75) Closing balance as on 31-3-1975 25,50,510

#### PART-III

Estimates of Receipts and Expenditure for the year 75-76

Estimated Receipts
Estimated Expenditure

50,07,000 (Budget Estimates 16,45,000 1975-76)

[NO Z-16016/2/75-M. V.] P. K. SEN, Under Secy.

# नई दिल्ली, 21 श्रगस्त, 1975

का॰ बा॰ 2968.—केन्द्रीय सरकार, कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा 87 द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तिमों का प्रयोग करते हुए ग्रौर भारत सरकार के श्रम मंत्रालय की प्रिध्नूचना संख्या का॰ ग्रा॰ 2620 तारीख 21 तितम्बर, 1974 के धनुकम में इंग्डियन ग्रायल कार्योरेजन, लिमिटेड (मार्केटिंग डीबीजन, ग्रमीपुर-कानपुर-9 को उक्त ग्रिक्षिनियम के प्रवर्तन से, 4 ग्रग्रैल 1925 से 3 ग्रग्रैल, 1976 तक, जिसमें यह दिन भी सम्मिलित है, एक वर्ष की ग्रीर श्रविध के लिए छूट वेता है।

- 2. पूर्वोक्त छट निम्नलिखित शतीं के प्रध्यक्षीन है, प्रश्रीतृ:-
- (1) उक्त कारणाने का नियोजक, उस प्रवधि की बाबत जिसके दौरान यह कारणाना उक्त प्रक्षिनियम के प्रवर्तन के प्रजीन था, (जिसे इसमें इसके पण्जात उक्त प्रवधि कहा गया है), ऐसी विवरणियां ऐसे प्रक्प में भीर ऐसी विशिष्टियों सहित देगा जो कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा भिंदिनयम (विविध) विनियम, 1950 के प्रजीन उक्त प्रवधि के संबंध में उसके दारा दी जानी थी।
- (2) निगम द्वारा, उक्त प्रविनियम की धारा 45 की उपधारा (1) के प्रधीन नियुक्त किया गया कोई निरीक्षक, या इस निनित्त प्राधिकृत निगम को कोई ग्रन्य प्रविभारी-
  - (i) उक्त प्रविध की बाबत धारा 44 की उपधारा (1) के क्रधीन वी गई किसी बिकरणी में अर्त्सिक्ट विधिष्टियों को सत्यापित करने था
  - (ii) यह प्रधिनिशिषत करने कि क्या उक्त प्रविध की बाबत, कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा (विविध) विनियम, 1950 द्वारा यथा-पेक्रित राजस्टर भौर श्रीभलेख रखे गए थे, या
  - (iii) यह प्रभिनिश्चित करने कि क्या कर्मचारी, निवीजक द्वारा दिए गए उन फायवों को नक्षपी और वस्सु के रूप में पाने का हकदार बना रहता है जिसको घ्यान में रखते हुए इस प्रधि-सुचना के श्रेष्ठीन छट वी जा रही है; या
  - (iv) यह प्रशिनिष्यित करने कि इस प्रविध के दीराल, जब उक्त कारणाने के संबंध में ऐसे उपबन्ध प्रवृत्त के, प्रधिनियम के उपबन्धों में से किसी का प्रमुवालन किया गया था, के प्रयो-जनार्थ—

- (क) प्रधान या भ्रव्यसहित नियोजक से यह भ्रपेका करकें कि वह उसे ऐसी सूचना दे जो वह भ्रावश्यक समग्रे; या
- (च) ऐसे प्रधान वा प्रव्यवहित नियोजक के प्रधिभोगाधीन किसी कारखाने, स्थापन, कार्यालय या भ्रन्य परिसरों में किसी युक्तियुक्त समय पर प्रवेश करने और ऐसे व्यक्ति से जो उसका भारसाक्षन कर रहा हो, ऐसी प्रपेक्षा करने कि ऐसे लेखे, बहियां और भ्रन्य दस्तावेजें, जो व्यक्तियों के नियोजन भीर सजतुरी के संवाब से संबंधित हों, ऐसे निरीक्षक या भ्रन्य पदधारी की प्रस्तुत करेंगे, भीर उनकी परीक्षा करने के लिए उसे भ्रनुशत करे या उसे ऐसी जानकारी दे जो वह भ्रावश्यक समझे; या
- (ग) प्रधान या प्रव्यविहत नियोजक उसके प्रभिक्त वा सेवक, या ऐसे कारबाने, स्थापन कार्यालय या भ्रन्य परिसरों में पाए गए किसी क्यक्ति की या किसी ऐसे व्यक्ति की, जिसके बारे में उक्त निरीक्षण या भ्रन्य प्रवधारी के पास यह विश्वास करने का युक्तियुक्त कारण है कि वह कर्मचारी है, परीक्षा करने; वा
- (ष) ऐसे कारकाने, स्थापन कार्यालय या भन्य परिसर में रखे गए किसी रिजस्टर, लेखावही या भन्य वस्तावेज की प्रतियां तैयार करने या उससे उद्हरण लेने के लिये सकक्त होगा।

[सं० एस० 38017/8/74 एच० 1]

#### व्यास्यातमक ज्ञापन

इस मामले में छूट को पूर्विक्षी प्रभाव देना भावश्यक हो गया है क्योंकि कारखाने को छूट प्रवान करने के लिए महानिदेशक, कर्नेजारी राज्य बीमा निगम की सिफारिक जिलस्य से, प्राप्त हुई थी । तचापि, यह प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि वे परिस्थितियां, जिनमें कारखाने को मूल रूप में खूट प्रवान की नई थी, अभी तक भी जारी है ग्रौर कारखाना छूट के लिए पात है ।

## New Delhi, the 21st August, 1975

- 8.0. 2968.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 87 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) and in continuation of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. S.O. 2620 dated the 21st September, 1974, the Central Government hereby exempts the Indian Oil Corporation Limited (Marketing Division), Arampore Kanpur-9 from the operation of the sald Act for a further period of one year with effect from the 4th April, 1975, upto and inclusive of the 3rd April, 1976.
- 2. The above exemption is subject to the following conditions, namely:—
- (1) The employer of the said factory shall submit in respect of the period during which that factory was subject to the operation of the said Act (hereinafter referred to as the said period), such returns in such form and containing such particulars as were due from it in respect of the said period under the Employees' State Insurance (General) Regulations, 1950;
- (2) Any inspector appointed by the Corporation under sub-section (1) of section 45 of the said Act, or other Official of the Corporation authorised in this behalf shall, for the purposes of
  - (i) verifying the particulars contained in any return submitted under sub-section (1) of section 44 for the said period; or

- (ii) ascertaining whether registers and records were maintained as required by the Employees' State Insurance (General) Regulations, 1950 for the said period; or
- (iii) ascertaining whether the employees continue to be entitled to benefits provided by the employer in cash and kind being benefits in consideration of which exemption is being granted under this notification; or
- (iv) ascertaining whether any of the provisions of the Act had been complied with during the period when such provisions were in force in relation to the said factory be empowered to:—
- (a) require the principal or immediate employer to furnish to him such information as he may consider necessary; or
- (b) enter any factory, establishment, office or other premises occupied by such principal or immediate employer at any reasonable time and require any person found incharge there of to produce to such Inspector or other official and allow him to examine such accounts, books and other documents relating to the employment of persons and payment of wages or to furnish to him such information as he may consider necessary; or
- (c) examine the principal or immediate employer, his agent or Servant, or any person found in such factory, establishment, office or other premises, or any person whom the said Inspector or other official has reasonable cause to believe to have been an employee; or
- (d) copies of or take extracts from, any register, account book or other document maintained in such factory establishment, office or other premises.

[No. S. 38017(8)/74-HI]

#### **EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM**

It has become necessary to give retrospective effect to the exemption in this case, as the recommendation of the Director General, Employees' State Insurance Corporation for the grant of exemption to the factory was received late. However, it is certified that the conditions under which the factory was initially granted exemption. still persist and the factory is eligible for exemption.

का॰ या॰ 2969.—केन्द्रीय सरकार, कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा प्रधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) को धारा 88 द्वारा प्रवत्त शिक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए धौर भारत सरकार के श्रम मंत्रालय की श्रिधसूचना संख्या का॰ धा॰ 1130 तारीख 25 मार्च, 1975 के धनुक्रम में भारत सरकार के उद्योग धौर नागरिक पूर्ति मंत्रालय, विस्तारण केन्द्र कोयम्बदूर के नियमिस स्थापना कार्मिकों को उक्त प्रधिनियम के प्रवर्तन से, 7 धगस्त, 1974 से 6 धगस्त, 1976 तक, जिसमें यह दिन भी सम्मिलित है, एक वर्ष की धौर श्रविध के लिये छुट देती है।

- 2. पूर्वोक्त छूट निम्नलिखित शतों के प्रध्यधीन है, प्रशीत :---
- (1) पूर्वाक्त कारखाना, जिसमें कर्मचारी नियोजित किए गए हैं एक रजिस्टर रखेगा जिसमें छूट प्राप्त कर्मचारियों का नाम ग्रीर पदाविधान विशित किए जाएंगे।
- (2) इस छूट के होते हुए भी, कर्मचारी उक्त प्रधिनियम के प्रधीन ऐसे फायदे प्राप्त करते रहेंगे, जिससे उस प्रधिस्चना द्वारा वी गई छूट के प्रवर्तन की तारीख से पूर्व संवत्त प्रभिवायों के प्राधार पर पाने के हकवार होते।

- (3) छूट प्राप्त भविध के लिये भिभवाय यवि पहले ही संवत्त कर दिया गया हो वापस नहीं किया जायगा ।
  - (4) उक्त कारखाने का नियोजक, उस भविध की बावत जिसके दौराम यह कारखाना उक्त भिधिनियम के प्रवर्तन के भिधीन था (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात उक्त भविध कहा गया), ऐसी विवरणियां ऐसे प्ररूप में भौर ऐसी विशिष्टियों सिंहत देगा जो कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा (विविध) विनियम, 1950 के भ्रधोन उक्त भविध के संबंध में उसकी भौर से दौजानी थी।
  - (5) नियम द्वारा, उक्त प्रधिनियम की धारा 45 की उपधारा (1) के प्रधीन नियुक्त किया गया कोई निरीक्षक, या निगम का कोई प्रन्य पदधारी जो इस निमित्त प्राधिकृत किया गया हो~
    - (i) उक्त भविध की बाबत द्यारा 44 की उपधारा (1) के अधीन दी गई किसी विवरणी में अन्तर्विष्ट विशिष्टियों को सत्यापित करने; या
    - (ii) यह अभिनिष्णित करने कि क्या उक्त अवधि की बाबत, कर्मवारी राज्य कीमा (विविध) विनियम, 1950 द्वारा यथापेक्षित रिजस्टर और अभिनेख रखे गए थे, या
    - (iii) यह भ्रभिनिश्चित करने कि क्या कर्मचारी, नियोजक द्वारा किए गए उन फायवों को नकदी श्रीर वस्तु के रूप में पाने का हकदार बना रहता है जिसको ध्यान में रखते हुए इस भिधसूचना के भ्रधीन छूट दी जा रही है या
    - (iv) यह ग्राभिनिष्यित करने कि क्या उस ग्रविध के दौराम, जब उक्त कारखाने के संबंध में ऐसे उपबन्ध प्रवृत्त थे, ग्राधिनियम के उपबन्धों में से किसी का ग्रनुपालन किया गया था, के प्रयोजनार्थ—
      - (क) प्रधान या प्रव्यवहित नियोजक से यह प्रपेक्षा करने कि वह उसे ऐसी सूचना वे जो वह ग्रावश्यक समक्षे था
      - (ख) ऐसे प्रधान या म्रव्यवहित नियोजक के मिध-भोगाधीन किसी कारखाने, स्थापन, कार्यालय या ग्रन्य परिसरों में किसी युक्तियुक्त समय पर प्रवेश करने भीर ऐसे व्यक्ति से जो उसका भारसाधन कर रहा हो, ऐसी ग्रपेक्षा करने कि वह लेखे बहियां ग्रीर ग्रन्य दस्तावेजों, जो व्यक्तियों के नि-ग्रोजन ग्रीर मजदूरी के संदाय से संबंधित हों, ऐसे निरीक्षक या ग्रन्य पदधारी को प्रस्तुत करे, ग्रीर जनकी परीक्षा करने देया उसे ऐसी जानकारी दे जो वह आवश्यक समझे; या
      - (ग) प्रधान या प्रव्यवहित नियोजन उसके प्रभिकर्ता या सेवक, या ऐसे कारखाने, स्थापन, कार्यालय या प्रथ्य परिसरों में पाए गए किसी व्यक्ति को जिसके बारे में उक्त निरीक्षक या प्रन्य पदधारी के पास यह विश्वास करने का युक्तियुक्त कारण है कि वह कर्मचारी है, परीक्षा करने; या
      - (घ) ऐसे कारखाने, स्थापना कार्यालय या अन्य परिसर
        में रखे गए किसी रिजस्टर लेखाबही या अन्य
        वस्तावेज की प्रतियां तैयार करने या उससे
        उद्धरण लेने के सिये सशक्त होगा ।

[सं॰ एस॰ 38014/12/74-ए**प-**T]

#### भ्य रक्ष्यात्मक ज्ञापन

इस मामले में छूट को पूर्विपेक्षी प्रभाव देना प्रावक्ष्यक हो गया है
क्योंकि इस कारखाने को छूट की स्वीकृति के कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा निगम
के महा निदेशक की सिफारिश विलम्ब से प्राप्त हुई थी । तथापि यह
प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि वे परिस्थितियां प्रभी तक भी जारी हैं जिनमें
कारखाने की मूल रूप में छूट प्रदान की गई थी धौर कारखाना छूट दिए
जाने के लिए पान्न है ।

- S.O. 2969.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 88 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) and in continuation of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. S O. 1130 dated the 25th March, 1975, the Central Government hereby exempts the regular establishment personnel of the Government of India, Extension Centre, Coimbatore belonging to the Ministry of Industry and Civil Supplies from the operation of the said Act for a further period of one year with effect from the 7th August, 1974, upto and inclusive of the 6th August, 1976.
- 2. The above exemption is subject to the following conditions, namely:—
  - (1) The aforesaid factory wherein the employees are employed shall maintain a register showing the names and designations of the exempted employees;
  - (2) Notwithstanding this exemption, the employees shall continue to receive such benefits under the said Act to which they might have become entitled to on the basis of the contribution paid prior to the date from which exemption granted by this notification operates;
  - (3) The contributions for the exempted period, if already paid, shall not be refunded;
  - (4) The employer of the said factory shall submit in respect of the period during which that factory was subject to the operation of the said Act (hereinafter referred to as the said period), such returns in such form and containing such particulars as were due from it in respect of the said period under the Employees' State Insurance (General) Regulations, 1950
  - (5) Any inspector appointed by the Corporation under sub-section (1) of section 45 of the said Act, or other Official of the Corporation authorised in this behalf shall, for the purposes of—
  - (i) verifying the particulars contained in any return submitted under sub-section (1) of section 44 for the said period; or
  - (ii) ascertaining whether registers and records were maintained as required by the Employees' State Insurance (General) Regulations, 1950 for the said period; or
  - (iii) ascertaining whether the employees continue to be entitled to benefits provided by the employers in cash and kind being benefits in consideration of which exemption is being granted under this notification;
  - (iv) ascertaining whether any of the provision of the Act had been complied with during the period when such provisions were in force in relation to the said factory, be empowered to:—
    - (a) require the principal or immediate employer to furnish to him such information as he may consider necessary; or
    - (b) enter any factory, establishment, office or other premises occupied by such principal or immediate employer at any reasonable time and require any person found incharge thereof to produce to such Inspector or other official and allow him to examine such accounts, books and other documents relating to the employment of persons and payment of wages or to furnish to him such information as he may consider necessary; or

- (c) examine the principal or immediate employer, his agent or servant, or any person found in such factory, establishment, office or other premises, or any person whom the said Inspector or other official has reasonable cause to believe to have been an employee; or
- (d) make copies of or take extracts from, any register, account book or other document maintained in such factory, establishment, office or other premises.

[No. S-38014/12/74-HI]

#### EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

It has become necessary to give retrospective effect to the exemption in this case, as the recommendation of the Director General, Employees State Insurance Corporation for the grant of exemption to the factory was received late. However, it is certified that the conditions under which the factory was initially granted exemption still persist and the factory is eligible for exemption.

# मई विल्ली, तारीख 26 ग्रगस्त, 1975

कां आं 2970: किन्दीय सरकार का यह समाधान हो गया है कि भारत सरकार मुद्रणालय कीराट्टी, तिचूर जिला (केरल राज्य) के कर्मचारियों की भ्रग्य प्रकार से वैसी ही प्रसुविधाएं प्राप्त हैं, जिनकी कर्मचारी राज्य वीमा अधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) के ध्रधीन व्यवस्था की गई है।

भतः, प्रव, केन्द्रीय सरकार, कर्मवारी राज्य बीमा भिधितयम. 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा 90 द्वारा प्रदत्त गर्कियों का प्रयोग करते हुए और भारत सरकार के श्रम मंत्रालय की भ्रधिसूचना संख्या का॰ भा॰ 3465, तारीख 11 दिसम्बर, 1974 के भ्रमुत्रम में भौर कर्मवारी राज्य बीमा निगम से परामर्ग करने के पण्चात्, ऊपर वर्णित कारखाने को उक्त भ्रधिनियम के प्रवर्तन से 6 जुलाई, 1975 से 5 जुलाई, 1976 तक, जिसमें यह दिन भी सम्मिलित है, एक वर्ष की भौर भ्रविध के लिए छूट देती है।

- 2. पूर्वोक्त छूट निम्नलिखित शतौ पर है, ग्रर्थात् ---
- (1) उक्त कारखाने का नियोजक, उस ध्रवधि की बाबस जिसके बौरान यह कारखाना उक्त अधिनियम के प्रवर्तन के अधीन था, (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात् उक्त अवधि कहा गया है), ऐसी विवरणियां ऐसे प्ररूप में और ऐसी विशिष्टियों सहित देगा जो उसे कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा (साधारण) विनियम, 1950 के अधीन उक्त अवधि के संबंध में देनी थीं।
- (2) निगम द्वारा, उक्त प्रधिनियम की धारा 45 की उपधारा (1) के प्रधीन नियुक्त किया गया कोई निरीक्षक, या निगम का कोई अन्य पदधारी जो इस निमिक्त प्राधिकृत किया गया हो—
  - (i) उक्त भविध की बाबस धारा 44 की उपधारा (1) के भिधीन दी गई किसी विवरणों में दी गई विशिष्टियों को सत्थापित करने के प्रयोजनार्थ: या
  - (ii) यह भ्राभिनिश्चित करने के प्रयोजनार्थक क्या उक्त भ्रविधि की बाबत, कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा (साधारण) विनियम, 1950 द्वारा यणापेक्षित, रिजस्टर भीर भ्राभिलेख रखें गए थे: या
  - (iii) यह प्रभिनिश्चित करने के प्रयोजनायें कि क्या कर्मचारी नियोजक द्वारा नकवी ग्रीर वस्तु के रूप में विए जाने वाले उन फायदों को पाने के ग्रव भी हकदार हैं जिनके प्रति-फलस्वरूप इस ग्रीधसूचना के ग्रधीन छूट दी जा रही है: या

- (iv) यह प्रभिनिष्यित करने कि क्या उस प्रविध के चौरान जब उक्त कारखाने के संबंध में प्रधिनियम के कोई उप-धन्ध प्रवृत्त थे, ऐसे उपबन्धों का प्रनुपालन किया गया था, निस्निक्षित के लिये सशक्त होगा, प्रथात्:—
  - (क) प्रधान या प्रव्यवहित नियोजक से यह घ्रपेक्षा करना कि वह उसे वे सूचनाएं दे जो उपरोक्त निरीक्षक या प्रत्य घ्रधिकारी द्वारा धावश्यक समझी जाएं; या
  - (ख) ऐसे प्रधान या अव्ययहित नियोजक के प्रधिभोगा-धीन किसी कारखाने, स्थापन, कार्यालय या अन्य परिसरों में किसी युक्तियुक्त समय पर प्रवेश करना और उसके भारसाधक व्यक्ति से यह अपेक्षा करना कि वह ऐसे निरीक्षक या अन्य पदधारी के समक्ष लेखा बहियां और अन्य दस्तावेजें, जो व्यक्तियों के नियोजन भीर मजदूरी के संवाय से संबंधित हों, प्रस्तुत करें, और उसे उनकी परीक्षा करने दें या उनहें जैसी वे आवष्यक समझें वैसी जानकारी दें: या
  - (ग) प्रधान या अव्यविहत नियोजक उसके अभिकल्ला या सेवक या किसी ऐसे व्यक्ति की जो ऐसे कारखाने, स्थापन, कार्यालय या अन्य परिसरों में पाया जाए या जिसके बारे में उक्त निरीक्षक या अन्य पद-धारी के पास यह विग्वास करने का युक्तियुक्त कारण है कि वह व्यक्ति कर्मेचारी है, परीक्षा करना; या
  - (घ) ऐसे कारखाने, स्थापन, कार्यालय या प्रत्य परिसर में रखे गए किसी रजिस्टर, लेखाबही या प्रत्य बस्ताबेज की नकल तैयार करना या उसमें से कोई उद्धरण उतारना।

[सं० एस० 38017/7/74-एच० ग्राई०]

# व्याख्यात्मक ज्ञापन

इस मामले में छूट को पूर्विपिक्षी प्रभाव देना झावश्यक हो गया है। क्योंकि कारखाने को छूट प्रवान करने के लिए महा-निवेशक, कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा निगम की सिफारिश देर से प्राप्त हुई थी। तथापि, यह प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि जिन परिस्थितियों में कारखाने को मूल रूप में छूट प्रवान की गई थी, भ्रभी तक भी जारी हैं भीर कारखाना छूट के लिए पात है।

### New Delhi, the 26th August, 1975

S.O. 2970.—Whereas the Central Government is satisfied that the employees of the Government of India Press, Karatty; Trichur District (Kerala State) are otherwise in respect of benefits substantially similar to the benefits provided under the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948).

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 90 of the said Act and in continuation of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. S.O. 3465 dated the 11th December, 1974, the Central Government after consultation with the Employees' State Insurance Corporation, hereby exempts the above mentioned factory from the operation of the said Act for a further period of one year with effect from the 6th July, 1975, upto and inclusion of the 5th July, 1976.

- 2. The above exemption is subject to the following conditions, namely:—
- (1) The employer of the said factory shall submit in respect of the period during which that factory was subject to the operation of the said Act (hereinafter referred to as the said period), such returns in such form and containing such particulars as were due from it in respect of the said period under the Employees' State Insurance (General) Regulations, 1950.
- (2) Any inspector appointed by the Corporation under sub-section (1) of section 45 of the said Act, or other Official of the Corporation authorised in this behalf shall, for the purposes of—
  - (i) verifying the particulars contained in any return submitted under sub-section (1) of section 44 for the said period; or
  - (ii) ascertaining whether registers and records were maintained as required by the Employees' State Insurance (General) Regulations, 1950 for the said period; or
  - (iii) ascertaining whether the employees continue to be entitled to benefits provided by the employer in cash and kind being benefits in consideration of which exemption is being granted under this notification; or
  - (iv) ascertaining whether any of the provisions of the Act had been complied with during the period when such provisions were in force in relation to the said factory, be empowered to —
    - (a) require the principal or immediate employer to furnish to him such information as he may consider necessary; or
    - (b) enter any factory, establishment, office or other premises occupied by such principal or immediate employer at any reasonable time and require any person found incharge thereof to produce to such Inspector or other official and allow him to examine such accounts, books and other documents relating to the employment of persons and payment of wagse or to furnish to him such information as he may consider necessary; or
    - (c) examine the principal or immediate employer, his agent or servant, or any person found in such factory, establishment, office or other premises, or any person whom the said Inspector or other official has reasonable cause to believe to have been an employee; or
    - (d) make copies of or take extracts from, any register, account book or other document maintained in such factory, establishment, office or other premises

[No. S-38017/7/74-HI]

#### EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM

It has become necessary to give retrospective effect to the exemption in this case, as the recommendation of the Director General, Employees State Insurance Corporation for the grant of exemption to the factory wos received late. However, it is certifled that the conditions under which the factory was initially granted exemption still persist and the factory is cligible for exemption.

कां आ शां 2971. - कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा श्रिधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा 88 द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केन्द्रीय सरकार, कृषि भौर सिचाई मंत्रालय के श्रधीन एकीकृत मीन उद्योग परि-योजना, एर्माकृलम के हिम एवं-हिमीकरण संयंत्र, कर्मणाला श्रौर स्लिपवे, इलेक्ट्रिनिक श्रनुभाग, संसाधन श्रधुभाग श्रौर निजर श्रनुभाग में के नियमित कर्मचारियों के इस श्रिधिसूचना के राजपत्र में प्रकाशन की तारीख से एक वर्ष की श्रविध के लिये उक्त श्रिधिनयम के श्रवृक्तन से छूट वेती है।

- 2. उपरोक्त छट निम्नलिखित शतौ पर है, अर्थात्:--
- (1) पूर्वोक्त कारखाना, जहां कर्मचारी नियोजित हैं, एक रिजस्टर रखेगा, जिसमें छूट प्राप्त कर्मचारियों के नाम ग्रीर पदाभिधान दिखाए जाएंगे।
- (2) इस छूट के होते हुए भी, कर्मचारी उक्त प्रधिनियम के प्रधीन ऐसी प्रसूविधाएं प्राप्त करते रहेंगे, जिनके कि वे इस प्रधिसूचना में दी गई छूट के प्रवृक्त होने की तारीख से पूर्व संवक्त प्रभिवायों के प्राधार पर हकवार हो गए हों।
- (3) छूट प्राप्त ग्रवधि के लिए, यदि कोई भ्रभिवाय पहले ही किए जा चुके हों तो वे वापिस नहीं किए जाएंगे ।
- (4) उक्त कारखाने के नियोजक को, उस अवधि की बाबत जिसके वौरान वह कारखाना उक्त प्रधिनियम के प्रकृतन के प्रधीन था, (जिसे इसमें इसके पश्चात् उक्त भवधि कहा गया है), ऐसी विषरिणयां और ऐसे प्रकृप में भौर ऐसी विषिष्टियों सिहत भेजनी होंगी जो उसके द्वारा कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा (साधारण) विनियम, 1950 के भधीन उक्त भवधि की बाबत भपेक्षित हों।
- (5) निगम द्वारा, उक्त प्रिधिनियम की धारा 45 की उपधारा (1) के प्रधीन, नियुक्त किया गया कोई निरीक्षक, या निगम का इस निमत्त प्राधिकृत कोई ग्रन्य प्रधिकारी, निम्नलिखित प्रयोजनों के लिये प्रथीत्:--
  - (i) उक्त भवधि की बाबत, धारा 44 की उपधारा (1) के भिधीन दी गई किसी विवरणी में दी गई विवरणियों की संस्थापित करने के लिए; या
  - (ii) यह प्रभिनिधियत करने के लिए कि कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा (साधारण) विनियम 1950 द्वारा प्रपेक्षित रिजस्टर श्रीर प्रभिलेख उक्त प्रविध के लिये रखे गए थे या नहीं; या
  - (iii) यह प्रधितिष्टित करने के लिये कि कर्मचारी नियोजक द्वारा नकद में ग्रीर वस्तुरूप में बी जाने वाली उन प्रसु-विधान्त्रों के ग्रव भी हकवार हैं या नहीं; जिनके प्रतिफल स्वरूप इस ग्रश्चिसूचना के श्रधीन छूट दी जा रही है; या
  - (iv) यह प्रभिनिश्चित करने के लिए कि क्या उस भवधि के दौरान, जब उक्त कारखाने के सम्बन्ध में भ्रधिनियम के कोई उपबन्ध प्रवृक्त थे, ऐसे उपबन्धों का भनुपालन किया गया था, निम्मलिखित के लिये संग्रक्त होगा--
    - (क) प्रधान या भ्रासभ नियोजक से यह भ्रपेक्षा करना कि यह उसे वह जानकारी दे जो उपरोक्त निरीक्षक या भ्रन्य श्रधिकारी द्वारा भ्रावश्यक समझी जाए; या
    - (ख) ऐसे प्रधान या भ्रासक नियोजक प्रधिभोगाधीन किसी कारखाने, स्थापना कार्यालय या भ्रन्य परिसर में उचित समय पर प्रवेश करना भ्रीर उसके भारसाधक व्यक्ति से यह भ्रपेक्षा करना कि वह ऐसे निरीक्षक या भ्रन्य प्रधिकारी के समक्ष, व्यक्तियों के नियोजन भीर मजदूरी के संदाय से सम्बन्धित लेखा बहियां या भ्रन्य वस्ताबेज पेश करे भीर उसे उनकी परीक्षा करने दे या उन्हें वे भ्रावश्यक जानकारी को से भ्रावश्यक समझे; या

- (ग) प्रधान या फासक्ष नियोजक, उसके अभिकर्ता या सेवक या किसी ध्यक्ति की जो ऐसे कारखाने क्स्यापना, कार्यालय या अन्य परिसर में पाया जाए या किसी ऐसे व्यक्ति की जिस के बारे में उक्त निरीक्षक या अन्य प्रधिकारी को यह विश्वास करने का उचित कारण हो कि वह व्यक्ति कर्मचारी है, परीक्षा करना; या
- (घ) ऐसे कारखाने, स्थापन, कार्यालय या मन्य परिसर में रखे गए किसी रिजस्टर लेखा-बही या मन्य दस्ताबेज की नकल तैयार करना या उसमें से स्टोई मंग उहारना ।

[सं॰ एस॰-38014(16)/74-एच॰माई॰]

- 8.0. 2971.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 88 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948), the Central Government hereby exempts the regular employees in Ice-cum-Freezing Plant, Workshops and shipway, Electronic section, proceeding section and Gear section of the Integrated Fisheries project, Ernakulam under the Ministry of Agriculture and Irrigation from the operation of the said Act for a period of one year from the date of publication of this notification in the Official Gazette.
- 2. The above exemption is subject to the following conditions, namely:—
  - The aforesaid factory wherein the employees are employed shall maintain a register showing the names and designations of the exempted employees;
  - (2) Notwithstanding this exemption, the employees shall continue to receive such benefits under the said Act to which they might have become entitled to on the basis of the contributions paid prior the date from which exemption granted by this notification operates;
  - (3) The contributions for the exempted period, if already paid, shall not be refunded;
  - (4) The employer of the said factory shall submit in respect of the period during which that factory was subject to the operation of the said Act (hereinafter referred to as the said period), such returns in such form and containing such particulars as were due from it in respect of the said period under the Employees' State Insurance (General) Regulations, 1950.
  - (5) Any inspector appointed by the Corporation under sub-section (1) of section 45 of the said Act, or other Official of the Corporation authorised in this behalf shall, for the purposes of—
    - (i) verifying the particulars contained in any return submitted under sub-section (1) of section 44 for the said period; or
    - (ii) ascertaining whether registers and records were maintained as required by the Employees' State Insurance (General) Regulations, 1950 for the said period; or
    - (iii) ascertaining whether the employees continue to be entitled to benefits provided by the employer in cash and kind being benefits in consideration of which exemption is being granted under this notification; or
    - (iv) ascertaining whether any of the provisions of the Act had been complied with during the period when such provisions were in force in relation to the said factory be empowered to—
    - (a) require the principal or immediate employer to furnish to him such information as he may consider necessary; or

- (b) enter any factory, establishment, office or other premises occupied by such principal or immediate employer at any reasonable time and require any person found incharge thereof to produce to such Inspector or other official and allow him to examine such accounts, books and other documents relating to the employment of persons and payment of wages or to furnish to him such information as he may consider necessary; or
- (c) examine the principal or immediate employer, his agent or servant, or any person found in such facory, establishment, office or other premises, or any person whom the said Inspector or other official has reasonable cause to believe to have been an employee; or
- (d) make copies of or take extracts from, any register, account book or other document maintained such factory; establishment, office or other premises.

[No. S-38014(16)/74—HI]

का॰ भा॰ 2972.— कर्मचारी राज्य बीमा भ्रधिनियम, 1948 (1948 का 34) की धारा 4 का भ्रनुसरण करते हुए केन्द्रीय सरकार भारत सरकार के भूतपूर्व श्रम भ्रीर पुनर्वास मंत्रालय (श्रम भ्रीर रोजगार विभाग) की भ्रधिसूचना सं॰ का॰ भा॰ 2763, तारीख 27 मई, 1971 में निम्न-लिखित संशोधन करती है, भ्रथीत्:—-

उक्त प्रधिसूचना में "धारा 4 के खण्ड (च) के प्रधीन केन्द्रीय सरकार द्वारा तत् प्रयोजनार्थ केन्द्रीय सरकार द्वारा मान्यता प्राप्त कर्मचारी संघों से परामणे करके, नामनिर्दिष्ट" शीर्षक के प्रन्तर्गत मद 26 के सामने "प्रतिरिक्त महा सचिव" शब्दों के स्थान पर "महा सचिव" शब्द रखे जाएंगे।

[सं० पी० यू० 16012/7/75-एच० माई०] जे० सी० सक्सेना, मनर सचिन

S.O. 2972.—In pursuance of section 4 of the Employees State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948), the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment in the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Labour, and Rehabilitation (Department of Labour and Employment) No. S.O. 2763, dated the 27th May, 1971, namely :—

In the said notification, under the heading "(Nominated by the Central Government under clause (f) of section 4 in consultation with organisations of employers recognised by the Central Government for the purpose)," in the entry against item 26, for the words "Additional Secretary General", the words "Secretary General" shall be substituted.

[F. No. U-16012(7) /75—HI]J. C. SAXENA Under Secy.

# New Delhi, the 28th August, 1975

S.O. 2973.—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Central Government Industrial Tribunal Dhanbad in the Industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the State Bank of India and their workmen, which was received by the Central Government on the 21st August, 1975.

BEFORE THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL (NO. 2) AT DHANBAD

# Reference No. 2 of 1972

In the matter of an industrial dispute u/s 10(1)(d) of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.

# PARTIES:

Employers in relation to the management of State Bank of India, Hazaribagh.

#### AND

Their workmen

Reference: Government of India, Ministry of Labour, No. L-12012/37/72-LR III dated the 29th June,

## APPEARANCES:

On behalf of the employers.—Shri D. K. Sinha, Branch Manager, State Bank of India, Patna.

On behalf of the workmen.—Shri G. K. Verma, Secretary, State Bank of India Employees Union, Patna.

STATE: Bihar

INDUSTRY: Banking

Dhanbad, the 14th August, 1975

#### AWARD

In this Order of reference which was sent by the Government of India, Ministry of Labour to this Tribunal for adjudication of the industrial disputes, two issues were framed as below:

- Whether the action of the management of the State Bank of India, Hazaribagh in terminating the services of Shri Rajendra Prasad, Cashier w.e.f. 6th September, 1969 is justified,
- 2. If not to what relief is he entitled.
- 2. The case of the union in short is that the concerned workmen Shri Rajendra Prasad was appointed as a Cashier in the State Bank of India, Hazaribagh branch on 23-9-1966. It is alleged that the services of Shri Rajendra Prasad was terminated by order dated 6th September, 1969 on the ground that he could not compete at the examination held prior to 2nd March, 1969, It is further contended that the termination of services of the concerned workman was unjustified being both illegal and malafide. The case of the Bank in short is that the concerned workman was appointed as a Cashier at the Hazaribagh branch on 23-9-1966 on a purely temporary basis. It is alleged that the concerned workmen appeared in the Clerk-typist test held in 1967 and in 1968 but he could not compete in such tests. Another written test was held on 2nd March, 1969 for recruitment of Clerk-typist and as the concerned workman did not appear in that test his services were terminated w.e.f. 6th September, 1969.
- 3. The admitted position is that Shri Rajendra Prasad an Honours graduate was appointed as a cashier in the Hazaribagh branch of the State Bank of India on 23-9-1966 and his services were terminated by an order dated 6-9-1969. The concerned workman was no doubt appointed as temporary cashier but from the statements of temporary appointment as filed by the Bank (Ext. M. 13) it appears that he was working in permanent vacancy which was to be filled up. The initial appointment letter of Shri Rajendra Prasad is marked Ext. M4 from which it appears that he was appointed as a temporary money tester at Hazaribagh branch for a period of 7 days from 23-9-1966 to 30-9-1966. Admittedly the term of appointment of the concerned workman was extended from time to time and from Ext. M. 3 which is another letter it appears that his term was extended upto 16-3-1968. The other letters extending the term of the appointment of the concerned workman have not been filed but the admitted fact remains that since the date of his initial appointment till the date of termination of his services, the term of appointment of the concerned workman was extended one after another and he put in a continuous services of 35 months in the Bank before his services were terminated. So it is a case where the services of a cashier who had served for about 35 months continuously were terminated. Why this is so? The management has given their own reasons leading to the termination of the services of the concerned workman. First it is submitted that a written and typing test was held at Dhanbad centre being unit No. 14 on 29-1-1967 under the regional recruitment scheme for filling up permanent vacancies for the post of clerk typist. The concerned workmen appeared at the above test and also appeared at the interview subsequently held. The Dhanbad Agent sent the papers relating to the written and typing test along with the assessment of interview to the local Head Office at Calcutta for their final approval. In course of scrutiny of the answer books

of the candidates at the local Head Office of the State Bank of India at Calcutta, several striking and odd similarities were detected in answers given by Shri Rajendra Prasad and by another candidate viz., P. K. Das indicating that unfair means were adopted by the said candidate or unfair assistance as was received by them from a common sources and accordingly none of the candidates were considered suitable for selection for permanent appointment. Let us first apply our mind to this allegation of the Bank. The learned representative of the State Bank of India who urged the case before me draws my attention to the papers said to be the answer papers of Rajenra Prasad. The first answer is a letter written by Shri Rajendra Prasad as a candidate to the Health Officer of the Municipal Corporation. The second answer of the candidate is an essay of superstition. It is submitted from the side of the Bank that the answer paper regarding a letter to the Health Officer is quite unsatisfactory but the answer on the essay "superstition" is in very good English in all respects. My attention is also drawn to the remark said to have given by the scrutinising authority in the local Head Office, Calcutta which is to the effect that the essay is not original one and "appears to have adopted unfair means". This was the opinion the scrutinising authority of the answer papers at Calcutta of the scrutinising authority of the answer papers at Calcuna and I have nothing to say at this stage on the remarks given by the Calcutta local Head Office about the answer papers of Shri Rajendra Prasad. Admittedly there is nothing positive to show at this stage that Shri Rajendra Prasad adopted unfair means in the test. I presume that when a recruitment test was held by the Agent of the Dhanbad branch for Clerk-typist appointment the Bank must have had their due invigilation in the examination hall so that no unfair means could be adopted by any candidate who appeared means could be adopted by any candidate who appeared at the test, If that were so, chances of obtaining unfair means at the examination centre are rather remote. Then again it appears that Shri Rajendra Prasad was an Honours Graduate and being so it may be unreasonable to think that it was beyond his competence to write an essay which he had written in the test. Then the answer paper of Shri P. K. Das who was also a candidate in the examination have also been produced before me. The English essay as written by Shri P. K. Das in the test is on Rolling stone gathers no moss. Accordingly the answer paper of Shri Rajendra Prasad and P. K. Das cannot be said to be same. Then my attention is drawn to some answer to general knowledge question of the above two candidates and it does not appear to me that their answers to the general knowledge questions are same. There may be some similarities in the answer are same. There may be some similarities in the answer papers of the above candidates but if the both candidates give the correct answers the answers are necessarily to be same. Be that as it may, as I have already stated I do not like to interfere with the assessment made by the Calcutta local Head Office of the Bank on the merits of the two candidates who appeared at the test among others for recruitment of clerk-typist post. The case of the Bank is that Shri Rajendra Prasad appeared at the second test held on 14th July, 1968, for recruitment of clerk-typist at which he fared very badly and as a result he was not called for interview. The concerned workman has denied having appeared in the second test held on the 14th July, 1968. The Bank produced papers in connection with the first test held in 1967. But they have not produced anything before me in respect of the alleged second test said to have been held on 14-7-1968 and there is no reason for non-production of the same. So the Bank has failed to prove that the concerned workman appeared in the second test held on 14-7-68 in which he fared very badly. As to the reasons why the services of Shri Rajendra Prasad were terminated, the case of the Bank is that the Hazaribagh branch of the State Bank of India was instructed to terminate the services of those temporary employees who had not been selected on the basis of the result of the written test and typing test held on 14-7-68 unless they had appeared at the written examination for recruitment of clerk-typist held on 2nd March, 1969 and was not subsequently called for an interview. Shrl Rajendra Prasad did not appear in the written test held on March, 1969 and accordingly his services were terminated from 6 September, 1969. The Bank mainly relies on three letters marked Ext. M. 14, M 15 and M 19, in support of their case. I am to examine them one by one. Ext. M 14 is a letter No. 108 of 1966 from the Deputy Secretary and Treasurer to the agents of all Bengal Circle branches. It is admitted that at that time the local Head Office of the State Bank of India was at Calcutta and so the State Bank branches situated either in Bengal or in Bihar came under the agents known as Bengal circle branches. The policy as laid down in the Ext. M 14 is that all existing temporary employees in clerical and cash department who have put in an

aggregate service of 9 months or more should be given an opportunity to appear in the written test and interview and if they secure minimum qualifying marks they will be offered permanent appointment; in case they fail to secure the minimum qualifying marks in the next test in which they are permitted to appear their temporary appointments should be terminated at the expiry of the relative term of appointment. It further stipulates that no persons should be future be continued in temporary employment in any capacity for periods aggregating more than 9 months. It would appear periods aggregating more than 9 months. It would appear from Ext. M 15 para (ii) that the above orders (Ext. M. 14) were issued in March, 1966. The appointment of Shri Rajendra Prasad was in the latter part of September, 1966. So para 1, 2 and 3 of Ext. M 14 being meant for those who were already in services in March, 1966, do not squarely apply in the case of Rajendra Prasad who, as already said, was appointed in September, 1966. Para (iv) of Ext. M. 14, however, applies in the case of Rajendra Prasad. What para (iv) says it says that in future all temporary employees in (iv) says, it says that in future all temporary employees in clerical and cash department who have put in an aggregate services of 3 months or more would be called for a written test and interview for permanent appointment in the Bank. The next circular from the Deputy Secretary and Treasurer to all the branches of Bengal circles is Ext. M 15. This circular is in clarification of the first circular (Ext. M 14) which were not properly understood by some offices. In para 1 of Ext. M 15 it is stated that temporary employees who have put in more than 9 months aggregate services should be absorbed in permanent appointment if they possess a minimum acceptable standard for which they have already been given an opportunity to appear at the written test and those who have secured 30 per cent marks in the written test and 35 per cent marks in aggregate will be deemed to have reached the minimum standard. If the candidates fail to come up to the minimum standard his services were to be terminated on the expiry of the period of his appointment. In para 11 of the Ext. M 14 it has been clearly stated that the above instructions would apply only to temporary employees who have put in an aggregate services porary employees who have put in an aggregate services of 9 months or more at the time of the original instructions i.e. in March, 1966 and not to all temporary employees of the Bank appointed subsequently. In March, 1966 Shri Rajendra Prasad was not in the services of the Bank and so the above instruction do not apply in his case. In para (iv) of Ext. M 15 it is stipulated that all such temporary clerks and cashier who have put in an aggregate service of 3 months or more will be permitted to appear for the written 3 months or more will be permitted to appear for the written test and interview and their appointment will depend on their performance in the written test and interview. Para (iv) of Ext. M 15 corresponds to para 4 of Ext. M 14 which apply to candidate who have been appointed after March, 1966. Ext. M. 19 is another letter dated 21-2-1969 from the Deputy Secretary and Treasurer to all agents of branches in Bengal circle. This circular is in reference to para iv of circular No. 306 of 1966. It is stipulated therein that all temporary clerks and cashier who have put in aggregate service of 3 months or more are sometimes required to work continuously against vacancies and that all such temporary employees who have put in at least 3 months services and who have not been afforded opportunity to appear for written test and interviews for absorption in the permanent cadre may be contained in service until such time as their sultability otherwise for permanent appointment is adjudged on the basis of their performance at a written test and interview. In para 2 of Ext. M 19 it is stipulated that the agents of all branches should afford temporary employees an opportunity to appear for the written test and interview within the stipulated periods of 9 months of temporary services, and such employees may continue beyond 9 months only if there are compelling reasons for the test and interview not being held. Ext. M 19 is therefore in modification of the earlier circulars which are Ext. M 14 and M. 15. The difference between the two appears to be that in Ext. M 14 and M 15 it was stipulated that temporary employees who have been put in 3 months continuous service or more should be allowed to appear at the test before expiry of 9 months of their continuous service and no one should be kept in temporary services beyond 9 months. Whereas Ext. M 19 stipulates that all temporary employees who have put in at least 3 months services and who have not been afforded an opportunity to appear in the written test and interview may be continued in services until such time as their suitability or otherwise for permanent appointment is adjudged on their performance at the written test and interview. In other words unlike the previous two circulars Ext. M 19 does not stipulate that no temporary employee should be allowed to continue after expiry of 9 months of their services.

They can continue even more than 9 months 9 months

other the test for some reason or and interview for them could not be held. The last letter from the regional Manager, State Bank of India, Patna is dated 30-8-1969 to the agent of the State Bank of India, Dhanbad which is marked Ext. M 6. It is on the basis of this letter that Shri Rajendra Prasad appears to have been dismissed with effect from 6th September, 1969. It appears therefore that certain temporary employees were appointed as circk-typist and they were advised to be appointed. The name of Rajendra Prasad does not appear in this list of selected candidates of clerk-typist. In para 8 of this letter it is noted that the services of temporary employees who have not been selected for appointment as clerktypist should immediately be terminated unless they have appeared at the examination in connection with the recruitment of clerk-typist under regional recruitment scheme on 2nd March, 1969 and were called for interview the results of which were to be communicated shortly. The case of the Bank is that Rajendra Prasad failed to complete in the test held in 1967 for recruitment of clerk-typist. Their further case is that Shri Rajendra Prasad appeared in the test of clerk-typist held in 1968 but fared badly to be absorbed as perma-nent clerk-typist. I have already discussed and held that the Bank has failed to adduce satisfactory evidence that the concerned workman appeared in the written test for clerk-typist in 1968. Admittedly, Shri Rajendra Prasad did not appear in the written test held in 2nd March, 1969 for recruitment of clerk-typist. If, however Shri Prasad was a clerk and he failed to appear at the written test for the recruitment of clerktypist held on 2nd March, 1969, then the services of the concerned workman could have been terminated according to the para 8 of Ext. M 6. But the case will be otherwise as it will be presently seen. Shri Rajendra Prasad was a temporary cashier and not a clerk in the sense in which it has been understood by the Bank in its different circulars quoted above. The question remains if a temporary cashier fails to complete in the written test for recruitment of clerk-typist held in 1967 or if he does not appear or if he did not appear in the written test held on 2nd March, 1969 for the recruitment of clerktypist, whether his services as temporary cashier should terminated. We get a picture of the posit position get a picture written from the statement. filed by case. In paragraph side in this 8 or the written statement the workmen have alleged that no examination for the post of cashier was ever held after 23rd September, 1966 and before 6th September, 1969 i.e. during the whole period of his service with the Bank. In para 3 of their rejoinder the workmen alleged that no examination for the post of cashier was ever held while the workman was in service. Then in para 7 of the rejoinder the workmen plead that the concerned workman was never a clerk-typist but he was appointed as a cashier and no test for the post of cashier was ever held during the terms of employment in the Bank. Then again in para 10 of their rejoinder the workmen plead that the examination for the post of clerk-typist has no concern with the post of cashier which we held by the concerned workman. Then I come to the Bank's averment. In para 5 of their written statement the Bank contends that according to the Bank's rules and regulations permanent appointment in the clerical cadre could only be made on the basis of overall performance of candidates at the written and typing tests and interview, and in the cashier cadre on the basis of written test and interview unless the post is that of cashier-cum-clerk-typist which case candidates are also required to appear at a typing test. It is further stated that appointment to the cadre of cashiers are made only on the recommendations of the Head Cashier on his accepting the risk and responsibilities for the acts and intromissions of the candidates selected for appointment for the post of cashiers on the basis of written test and an interview to be taken by a Committee of which the Head Cashier is a member. In para 18 of written statement in the last line the Bank states that the concerned workman could not have been absorbed on permanent basis to the the post of cashier when the recruitment test at which he appeared was that of a clerk-typist. The clear position that arises out of the averments of the parties in their written statements is that there are two sets of examination for absorption of temporary clerks and cashiers in permanent vacancies—one is a written test and another is written test and interview for absorption of temporary cashier in permanent vacancies. It is not that if a person passes the clerk-typist recruitment test he will be absorbed as a cashier and conversely if a man passes a written test for cashier he will be absorbed in the vacancies of a clerk-typist. Though the concerned workman was working as a temporary cashier in a permanent vacancy of cashier chose to appear in the clerk-typist recruitment test in 1967 and according to the Bank as he could not succeed he was not premanently absorbed as a clerk-typist.

The fact remains that the concerned workman was not able to compete in the clerk-typist examination, but his services were not terminated and he went on working as a temporary cashier for more than two years after that. Of course if the concerned workman though working as a temporary cashier took the earliest opportunity of getting him absorbed in any cadre for safety reasons it appears that he was entitled to do so, as though he was a cashier he was allowed to sit in clerktypist test. The simple fact after his failure to compete in the clerk-typist test the concerned workman was allowed to continue as cashier goes to show that until he fails to compete in the cashier test in which he was continuing, he may continue as a cashier. The Bank has failed to show me anything either rules or circulars or any other thing from which it can be held that if a cashier fails to appear at clerk-typist test his services will be terminated. I think that it does not require any rule or circular but it is simple arithmatic that a cashier is to pass cashier's test and clerk will pass the clerk's test. The Bank has also failed to show before me that they had any specific instructions from their Head Office to the effect that as Shri Rajendra Prasad failed to appear in the clerkly-typist test held on 2nd March, 1969 his services should be terminated. The Bank it appears takes their main stand regarding dismissal of the concerned workman on a letter from the Head Office which is marked Ext. M 6. I have gone through the letter of the Head Office which carries me nowhere regarding the dismissal of the concerned workman. This is letter by which all the branches of the Bank were intimated about the names of the candidates who had passed the clerk-typist test and who on the strength of their success were placed in different branches of the Bank, Para 8 of Ext. M6 is significant in the sense that it gives a guide line to the Bank passed the clerk-typist test so far and who had not also appeared in the clerk-typist test held on 2nd March 1969 should be dismissed. I do not understand how the State Bank of India, Hazaribagh could rope in Rajendra Prasad with the directive or guide line as stated in para 8 of Ext. M6. Rajendra directive or guide line as stated in para 8 of Ext. M6. Rajendra Prasad was a temporary cashier in the beginning an he continued to be a temporary cashier till and viz till he was dismissed after putting in 35 months of continous service as cashier of the Bank. By no stretch of imagination I can accept the Bank's contention that the guide line in Ext. M6 which are meant for clerk-typist, could be squarely applied in the case of the concerned workman. Then a question arises what were the chances open to the concerned workman for absorption as a permanent cashier. The simple answer for absorption as a permanent cashier. The simple answer is that chances open to him were to sit and compete in a test held for recruitment of cashier. The higher authorities of the Bank also emphasized in their letter which are Ext. M14, M15 and M. 19 that the clerk should be afforded to sit in clerical examination and the cashier should be given chance to sit in cashlers examination. Even at the cost of reinteration I may refer to some relevant portion of the Exts. referred to above. In para 4 of Ext. M14 the Deputy Secretary and Treasurer of the local Head Office intimated all the agents of all the State Bank of India branches that in future all temporary employees in clerical and cash department who have put in an aggregate service of 3 months or more would be called for the written teste and interview for permanent appointment in the Bank. Then by their last letter before me the Calcutta Head Office of the Bank which is marked as Ext. M19 called upon the Branch Manager that they should afford temporary employees an opportunity to appear for the relative written test and interview within the stipulated period of nine months of temporary service and such employees may continue in service beyond nine months only if there are very compelling reasons for the test and interview not being held. The words relative written test is important in that it means that there is one kind of test for the re-cruitment of clerk-typist and there is another kind of test for the recruitment of cashier and clerks and cashiers should be afforded opportunity to sit in their relative tests. Was Rajendra Prasad afforded unfortunately to appear in written test as per the circulars mentioned above? The case of the workmen and the evidence of the concerned workman who is examined WW.1 is that no written test for recruitment of cashier was ever held by the Bank during whole neriod of his service as a cashier i.e. the period of about 35 months. Nowhere within the four corners of written statement of the employers have they denied the above assertions of the concened workman. The Bank Manager of Hazaribagh Bank Shri D. P. Mukherjee who has been examined before me as MW1 nowhere states in his evidence that a written test was held for the recruitment of cashier within the 35 months of services of the concerned workman or he was afforded opportunity to sit in such examination.

From the evidence on record the only thing which I accept is that neither any written test for the recruitment of cashler was held for any opportunity afforded to the concerned workman to appear in such a test during the whole service period. It is the case of employers that the concerned workman could have easily applied to the Bank to hold a written test and to allow him to appear in the test. I am afraid this too much to expect of an insignificant person like Rajendra Prasad who was a temporary cashier in the Bank. By the circular of the Head Office it was imperative on the branches that they should within a certain period hold the test and communicate the result thereof to the Head Office. After that I do not know how to blame a temporary cashier for not insisting on the Bank to hold a written test for him. I think the less said about, the better. I may incidentally take up a simple point which has been oft-repeated by the Bank in their pleadings and arguments before me that the con-cerned workman was purely temporary cashier and the same has been sought to be strengthened by the fact that his term of appointment was extended from time to time. It appears that initially Rajendra Prasad was purely temporary cashier and was appointed only for 9 days. If however his term of appointment was extended for a few days or for a few months for a particular job of limited nature I could have understood that he was a purely temporary cashier. But as things stand his term of employment was extended from days to weeks. from weeks to months, from months to year, from one year to two years, from two years to about three years when he chucked off. Should I say that Rajendra Prasad was appointed on a purely temporary basis and his term was extended for performance of particular job or a limited nature of job. I think not. Moreover the Bank by their own admitted documents has accepted the position that Shri Rajendra Prasad was not a purely temporary cashier. In the lists of appointment (Ext. M 13) the name of Rajendra Prasad as a temporary cashier has been shown against permanent vacancy of cashier to be filled up. In other words though temporary cashier Shri Rajendra Prasad was working in the permanent vacancy of a Cashler. Shri G. K. Verma, Secretary of the Union referred to me to the relevant subject matter appearing in Sastri Award and which has been pleaded in their written statement. Now it appears from para 13 of their written statement that the definition given to the term "temporary employee" in para 508 (c) of the Award of the All India Industrial Tribunal (Bank Disputes) known as Sastry Award which is as follows:

"Temporary employee means an employee who has been appointed for a limited period for work which is of essentially temporary nature, or who is employed temporarily as additional employee in connection with a temporary increase in work of a permanent nature".

If we go by the Sastry Award as stated in the written statement of the workmen, by no stretch of imagination can Shri Rajendra Prasad be said to be a temporary employee. Shri G. K. Verma submits that the concerned workman by virtue of his long continuous service in the Bank should automatically be confirmed as cashier but enough material has not been placed before me in the court in support of his above contention. Be that as it may, the case of the concerned workman does not suffer for that. The plain thing therefore boils down to this that in keeping with the direction contained in the circular Ext. M. 14, M. 15, and mainly with the circular Ext. M. 19, Shri Rajendra Prasad should have been given an opportunity to sit in the cashier's written test for his absorption as permanent cashier and so long that examination could not be arranged he was required to be continued in his job as a cashier.

4. A point was taken on the side of the Bank that after termination of his services Rajendra Prasad filed a suit in the Court of Additional Munsif, Hazaribagh for declaration that the notice terminating the services of the plaintiff is illegal and unjustified and without jurisdiction that the plaintiff has right to hold the post in which he is working and that the plaintiff's services has not been terminated. It appears that the learned Munsif dismissed the suit on contest with cost. Thereafter it appears that Rajendra Prasad filed an appeal against the judgement and decree of the learned Munsif to the District Judge, Hazaribagh but ultimately he withdrew the appeal on the ground that it was a fit case for Labour Tribunal. The certified copies of the civil suit and withdrawal petition are on record. It is submitted from the side of the employers that the civil court

judgement has set at rest the entire matter and this matter cannot be reagitated again in the industrial court. Now I have to refer here to the civil laws in this respect though I am administering now industrial law. At first, the relationship of master and servant can be based on a contract of service. If there is a breach of contract of service it cannot be enforced by specific performance under the Specific Relief Act or under the Indian Contract Act in the same way as the contract of appointment itself cannot be so enforced by specific performance. An aggrieved party where there has been a breach of contract of service can only approach the civil court for a declaration that the termination of service is unlawful and for damages for breach of contract. The Civil Court connot give him any relief of reinstatement in service. Industrial law, however, gives something more than what an aggrieved employee can get in the civil court. Under the industrial law an industrial court is vested with the powers to reinstate a person in his job when there is improper dismissal or termination of service. This the industrial court can do by virtue of special provision in the Industrial Disputes Act. It will, therefore, be seen that civil court exercises a different kind of jurisdiction and the industrial court exercises a different kind of jurisdiction in respect of matter as stated above. Without prejudice to judgement of the civil court I think that by virtue of special provision in the Industrial Disputes Act, this Tribunal has the powers to adjudicate upon the industrial dispute referred to me with an issue as to what relief the workman is entitled to in case his termination from service is found unjustified. In view of the above I do not find anything wrong in the industrial court adjudicating on this subject.

- 5. Briefly therefore the failure to compete or non-appearance at the clerk-typist examination by Shri Rajendra Prasad does not disqualify him to appear in the cashier recruitment test nor does it make him liable to be dismissed from service as a cashier. His cadre was a cashier's cadre for which a separate examination was to be held and he given an opportunity to sit and compete in that examination. According to the directions of the Head Office Ext. M. 19 even when a temporary employee be he a clerk or cashier has put in for more than 9 months service should be continued in service untill such time as their suitability or otherwise for permanent appointment is adjudged on the basis of their performance at the written test and interview. This is last say in the matter and the State Bank of India, Hazaribagh cannot gloss over it. There is, therefore, no legal authority on the State Bank of India to terminate the services of Shri Rajendra Prasad temporary cashier for 35 months without judging his suitability on the basis of written test and interview which was not held by them.
- 6. The action of the State Bank of India, Hazaribagh branch being found unjustified, the question arises what relief he is entitled to. As the termination of his services was unjustified, surely the concerned workman should be reinstated in his job as temporary cashier. Thereafter the Bank should hold a writen test according to their rules to adjudge the suitability or otherwise of the concerned workman for permanent appointment in the post of cashier. As the termination of service of the concerned workman was unjustified, he will be deemed to be continuing in service as a temporary cashier and he is entitled to full back wages with continuity of service, after adjustment of emoluments which the concerned workman might have received, if any, by employment elsewhere.
- 7. In the result, I find that the action of the management of the State Bank of India, Hazaribagh in terminating the services of Shri Rajendra Prasad. Cashier with effect from the 6th September, 1969 is not justified. He be reinstated in his job as temporary cashier. Thereafter the Bank should hold a written test according to their rules to adjudge the suitability or otherwise of the concerned workman for permanent appointment in the post of cashier. As the termination of service of the concerned workman was unjustified, he will be deemed to be continuing in service as a temporary cashier and is entitled to full back wages, after adjustment of emoluments which the concerned workman might have received, if any, by employment elsewhere, with continuity of service.

This is my award.

K. K. SARKAR, Presiding Officer, [No. L 12012/37/72-LR III] R. KUNJITHAPADAM, Under Secy.

# निर्माण और आवास मंत्रालय

नर्**ड** दिल्ली, दिनांक **25** अगस्त, 1975

का. आ. 2974. -जल (प्रदूषण की रोकथाम तथा नियन्त्रण) अधिनिशम, 1974 (1974 का 6) की धारा 51 की उपधारा (1) के खण्ड (ख) इवारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्द्यारा राष्ट्रीय संचारी रोग संस्थान, 22, अलीपुर रोड, पी. बा. नं. 1492, दिल्ली-6 से सम्बद्ध प्रयोगशाला को केन्द्रीय जल प्रयोगशाला को सींचे गये कार्यो का निष्पादन करने हेत, केन्द्रीय जल प्रयोगशाला के रूप में निश्चित करती हैं।

[सं. क्यू:-15015/6/74-ई. पी. सी.] मीर नसरुस्लाह, संयुक्त सचित्र

# MINISTRY OF WORKS AND HOUSING

New Delhi, the 25th August, 1975

S.O. 2974.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 51 of the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 (6 of 1974), the Central Government hereby specifies the Laboratory attached to the National Institute of Communicable Diseases, 22, Alipore Road, Post Box No. 1492, Delhi-6, as a Central Water Laboratory to carry out the functions entrusted to the Central Water Laboratory under the said Act.

[No. Q-15015/6/74-EPC] MIR NASRULLAH, Jt. Secy.